July 7, 1773. NUMB. 2324.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

This Day is publiſhed, and to be ſold by JOHN DUNLAP, *in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

LETTERS from YORICK to ELIZA.

THESE Letters have been lately diſcovered, and proved (as the Preface will inform the Reader) to be genuine. In Elegance of Style, Softneſs of Expreſſion, and Tenderneſs of Sentiment, they claim an Equality with the firſt Productions of that celebrated Genius.

PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED

BEER and CYDER,

WARRANTED GOOD, To be SOLD by

ISAAC GRAY,

In CHESTNUT-STREET, near STRAWBERRY-ALLEY.

LIKEWISE,

OLD Madeira, Liſbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe Wines, by the Caſk or Gallon; Claret, and Red Port, in Bottles; Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Geneva, London Porter; Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf, Lump, and brown Sugars; Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, Alſpice, Indigo, Madder, Redwood, Corks, pickling Vinegar, &c. An Aſſortment of home made white Flint Glaſs, amongſt which are Apothecaries Furniture, and ſome Caſe Bottles; alſo a few Groce of black Bottles.

Philadelphia, July 7, 1773.

WE, the SUBSCRIBERS, Aſſignees for the Creditors of Meſſieurs ORR, DUNLOPP, and GLENHOLME, late of this City, Merchants, deſire all thoſe that have any Demands againſt them, to furniſh their Accounts, properly authenticated, on or before the firſt Day of September next, when a Settlement of all the Tranſactions under our Care will be made, and a final Dividend ſtruck, on all ſuch Demands as ſhall be ſo furniſhed; and every Perſon neglecting to ſend their Accounts as requeſted will be excluded. *N. B.* We did, in the Year 1769, put an Advertiſement into the LONDON GAZETTE, purporting that we would pay a Dividend the May following, and deſired that all Accounts might be delivered us by that Time, as will more fully appear by ſaid Advertiſement; therefore, it is hoped that all Accounts will be properly furniſhed by the Time now fixed, as ſufficient Notice has been given. RANDLE MITCHELL, BENJAMIN FULLER, JOHN PRINGLE, JAMES CRAIG. ‖8w.

CARLISLE, June 22, 1773.

WHEREAS ſundry Perſons, Non-reſidents, holding Lands in Cumberland County, are in Arrears for Provincial Taxes of Land in ſaid County: We, the Commiſſioners of ſaid County, give this public Notice, that unleſs they pay their reſpective Arrears to JOHN AGNEW, in the Town of Carliſle, who is impowered by us to receive the ſame, before the 20th Day of Auguſt next, they may expect their Lands will be advertiſed, and ſold, according to Law, without Reſpect of Perſons. Alſo, all Perſons who purchaſed Land at the Commiſſioners Sale, and have not ſettled for the ſame, are deſired to pay the Purchaſe-money, and take their Deeds, before ſaid Day, or they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs.

WILLIAM CLARK,
JAMES JOHNSTON,
STEPHEN DUNCAN, } Commiſſioners.

Berks County, ſs. June 26, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be publicly expoſed to ſale or vendue, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon of Saturday, the 17th day of July next, at the houſe of Jacob Shoemaker, Inn-keeper, in Reading, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and eaſternmoſt moiety or half lot of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Penn-ſtreet, in the town of Reading, marked in the general plan thereof No. 414, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of Gabriel Schob; ſeized and taken in execution by GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff.

Reading, June 26, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 19th day of July next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, at Charming Forge, in Heidelberg townſhip, in Berks county, one full equal and undivided moiety or half part, of and in the ſaid forge, and of and in the following tracts of land, to wit, of the Forge Tract, containing 400 acres, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip; of one tract, adjoining the ſaid Forge Tract, containing about 25 acres; of one tract in the ſaid townſhip, containing about 66 acres; of four tracts in Bethel townſhip, near the Blue Mountains, containing about 400 acres; and of five tracts of land in the townſhip laſt mentioned, ſurveyed on applications, containing about 400 acres, be the ſaid ſeveral tracts more or leſs, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of Henry William Stiegel; ſeized and taken in execution by GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 21ſt day of July next, at ten o' clock in the forenoon, at the houſe of Michael Lindewood, Inn-keeper, in Bern townſhip, in Berks county, three certain tracts or parcels of land, ſituate between the ſecond and broad mountains, in Berks county aforeſaid; one tract, No. 3114, containing 270 acres, with the appurtenances; one other tract, No. 3568, containing 300 acres, with the appurtenances; and the other tract, No. 3567, containing 300 acres, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of Maurice Turner; ſeized and taken in execution by

Reading, June 26, 1773. GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff.

Reading, June 26, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 21ſt day of July next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Michael Lindewood, Inn-keeper, in Bern townſhip, in Berks county, a certain tract, piece or parcel of land, ſituate in ſaid townſhip and county, adjoining the lands of Henry Shoemaker, and manor lands, containing 30 acres, or thereabouts, be the ſame more or leſs, with the appurtenances; late the eſtate of John Frederick Jordan, and Catherine his wife; ſeized and taken in execution by GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, in Ridley townſhip, Cheſter county, laſt fall was a year, a ſtray RAM. Likewiſe came to the ſame place, laſt fall, two ſtray SHEEP, one a black yearling ram, the other a ſmall ewe. The owner or owners are deſired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

June 26, 1773. ISAAC HENDRICKSON.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

BOSTON, June 21.

Copy of Letters ſent to Great-Britain, *by his Excellency* Thomas Hutchinſon, *the Hon.* Andrew Oliver, *and ſeveral other Perſons, born and educated among us. Which original Letters have been returned to* America, *and laid before the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Province In which* (notwithſtanding his Excellency's Declaration to the Houſe, that the Tendency and Deſign of them was not to ſubvert the Conſtitution, but rather to preſerve it entire) *the judicious Reader will diſcover the fatal Source of the Confuſion and Bloodſhed in which this Province eſpecially has been involved, and which threatened total Deſtruction to the Liberties of all America.*

SIR, *Boſton, 18th June, 1768.*

AS you allow me the honour of your correſpondence, I may not omit acquainting you with ſo remarkable an event, as the withdraw of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, and moſt of the other officers under them, from the town on board the Romney, with an intent to remove from thence to the caſtle.

In the evening of the 10th a ſloop, belonging to Mr. Hancock, a repreſentative for Boſton, and a wealthy merchant, of great influence over the populace, was ſeized by the Collector and Comptroller, for a very notorious breach of the acts of trade, and, after ſeizure taken into cuſtody by the officer of the Romney man of war, and removed under command of her guns. It is pretended that the removal, and not the ſeizure, incenſed the people. It ſeems not very material which it was.---A mob was immediately raiſed, the officers inſulted, bruiſed and much hurt, and the windows of ſome of their houſes broke; a boat belonging to the Collector burnt in triumph, and many threats uttered againſt the Commiſſioners and their officers, no notice being taken of their extravagance in the time of it, nor any endeavours by any authority except the Governor, the next day, to diſcover and puniſh the offenders; and there being a rumour of a higher mob intended Monday (the 13th) in the evening, the Commiſſioners, *four of them*, thought themſelves altogether unſafe, being deſtitute of protection, and removed with their families to the Romney, and there remain and hold their board, and next week intend to do the ſame, and alſo open the cuſtom-houſe at the caſtle. The Governor preſſed the Council to aſſiſt him with their advice, but they declined and evaded, calling it a bruſh, or ſmall diſturbance, by boys and Negroes, not conſidering *how much it muſt be reſented in England*, that the officers of the Crown ſhould think themſelves obliged to quit the place of their reſidence, and go on board a King's ſhip for ſafety, and all the internal authority of the province take no notice of it------- The town of Boſton have had repeated meetings, and, by their votes, declared the Commiſſioners and their officers a great grievance, and yeſterday inſtructed their repreſentatives to endeavour that enquiry ſhould be made by the Aſſembly, whether any perſon, by writing or in any other way, had encouraged the ſending troops here, there being ſome alarming reports that troops are expected, but have not taken any meaſures to diſcountenance the promoters of the late proceedings; but, on the contrary, appointed one or more of the actors or abettors on a committee appointed to wait on the Governor, and to deſire him to order the man of war out of the harbour.

Ignorant as they be, yet the heads of a Boſton town-meeting influence all public meaſures.

It is not poſſible this anarchy ſhould laſt always. Mr. Hallowell, who will be the bearer of this, tells me he has the honour of being perſonally known to you. I beg leave to refer you to him for a more full account. I am, with great eſteem, Sir,

Your moſt humble and obedient ſervant,
THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

SIR, *Boſton, Auguſt 1768.*

IT is very neceſſary other information ſhould be had in England, of the preſent ſtate of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, than what common fame will bring to you, or what you will receive from moſt of the letters which go from hence; people in general being prejudiced by many falſe reports and miſrepreſentations concerning them. Seven-eights of the people of the country ſuppoſe the board itſelf to be unconſtitutional, and cannot be undeceived and brought to believe that a board has exiſted in England all this century, and that the board eſtabliſhed here has no new powers given to it. Our incendiaries know it, but they induſtriouſly and very wickedly publiſh the contrary; as much pains has been taken to prejudice the country againſt the perſons of the Commiſſioners, and their characters have been miſrepreſented and cruelly treated, eſpecially ſince their confinement at the caſtle, where they are not ſo likely to hear what is ſaid of them, and are not ſo able to confute it.

It is now pretended they need not to have withdrawn, that Mr. Williams had ſtood his ground without any injury, although the mob beſet his houſe, &c. There never was that ſpirit raiſed againſt the under officers as againſt the Commiſſioners, *I mean four of them.* They had a public affront offered them by the town of Boſton, who refuſed to give the uſe of their Hall for a public dinner, unleſs it was ſtipulated that the Commiſſioners ſhould not be invited. An affront of the ſame nature, at the motion of Mr. Hancock, was offered by a company of cadets. Soon after, a veſſel of Mr. Hancock's being ſeized, the officers were mobbed, and the Commiſſioners were informed they were threatened. I own I was in pain for them. I do not believe if the mob had ſeized them, there was any authority able and willing to have reſcued them. After they had withdrawn, the town ſignified to the Governor by a meſſage, that it was expected or deſired they ſhould not return. It was then the general voice that it would not be ſafe for them to return. After all this, the Sons of Liberty ſay, they deſerted or abdicated.

The other officers of the cuſtoms in general either did not leave the town, or ſoon returned to it. Some of them ſeem to be diſcontented with the Commiſſioners. Great pains have been taken to increaſe the diſcontent. Their office by theſe means is rendered extremely burdenſome. Every thing they do is found fault with, and yet no particular illegality or even irregularity mentioned. There is too much hateur, ſome of their officers ſay, in the treatment they receive. They ſay they treat their officers as the Commiſſioners treat their officers in England, and require no greater deference. After all, it is not the perſons, but the office of the Commiſſioners, which has raiſed this ſpirit, and the diſtinction made between the Commiſſioners is, becauſe it has been given out that four of them were in favour of the new eſtabliſhment, and the *fifth was not.* If Mr. Hallowell arrived ſafe he can inform you many circumſtances relative to this diſtinction, which I very willingly excuſe myſelf from mentioning.

I know of no burden brought upon the fair trader by the new eſtabliſhment. The illicit trader finds the riſque greater than it uſed to be, eſpecially in the port where the board is conſtantly held. Another circumſtance which increaſes the prejudice is this, the new duties happened to take place juſt about the time the Commiſſioners arrived. People have abſurdly connected the duties and board of Commiſſioners, and ſuppoſe we ſhould have had no additional duties, if there had been no board to have the charge of collecting them. With all the aid you can give to the officers of the crown, they will have enough to do to maintain the authority of government, and to carry the laws into execution. If they are diſcountenanced, neglected, or fail of ſupport from you, they muſt ſubmit to every thing the preſent oppoſers of government think fit to require of them.

There is no office under greater diſcouragements than that of the Commiſſioners. Some of my friends recommended me to the Miniſtry. I think myſelf very happy that I am not one. Indeed it would have been incompatible with my poſt as Chief Juſtice, and I muſt have declined it, and I ſhould do it, although no greater ſalary had been affixed to the Chief Juſtice's place, than the ſmall pittance allowed by the province.

From my acquaintance with the Commiſſioners, I have conceived a perſonal eſteem for them, but my chief inducement to make this repreſentation to you is, a regard to the public intereſt, which I am ſure will ſuffer if the oppoſition carry their point againſt them. I am, with very great eſteem, Sir,

Your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

Auguſt 10. Yeſterday at a meeting of the Merchants, it was agreed by all preſent, to give no more orders for goods from England, nor receive any on commiſſion, until the late acts are repealed. And it is ſaid all except ſixteen in the town have ſubſcribed an engagement of that tenor. I hope the ſubſcription will be printed, that I may tranſmit it to you."

DEAR SIR, *Boſton, 4th October, 1768.*

I WAS abſent upon one of our circuits when Mr. Byles arrived. Since my return I have received from him your obliging letter of 31ſt July. I never dared to think what the reſentment of the nation would be upon Hallowell's arrival. It is not ſtrange that meaſures ſhould be immediately taken, to reduce the colonies to their former ſtate of government and order, but that the national funds ſhould be affected by it, is to me a little myſterious and ſurprizing. Principles of government abſurd enough, ſpread through all the colonies; but I cannot think that in any colony, people of any conſideration have ever been ſo mad as to think of a revolt. Many of the common people have been in a frenzy, and talked of dying in defence of their liberties, and have ſpoke and printed what is highly criminal, and too many of rank above the vulgar, and ſome *in public poſts*, have countenanced and encouraged them, until they increaſed ſo much in their numbers, and in their opinion of their importance, as to ſubmit to government no further than they thought proper. The legiſlative powers have been influenced by them, and the executive powers intirely loſt their force. There has been continual danger of mobs and inſurrections, but they would have ſpent all their force within ourſelves; the officers of the crown, and ſome of the few friends, who dared to ſtand by them, poſſibly might have been knocked in the head, and ſome ſuch fatal event would probably have brought the people to their ſenſes. For four or five weeks paſt the diſtemper has been growing, and I confeſs I have not been without ſome apprehenſions for myſelf, but my friends have had more for me, and I have had repeated and frequent notices from them, from different quarters, *one of the laſt I will incloſe to you.* * In this ſtate of things there was no ſecurity but quitting my poſts, which nothing but the laſt extremity would juſtify. As Chief Juſtice, for two years after our firſt diſorders, I kept the Grand Juries tolerably well to their duty. The laſt ſpring there had been ſeveral riots, and a moſt infamous libel had been publiſhed in one of the papers, which I enlarged upon, and the Grand Jury had determined to make preſentments, but the Attorney-General not attending them the firſt day, Otis and his creatures, who were alarmed and frightened, exerted themſelves the next day, and prevailed upon ſo many of the Jury to change their voices, that there was not a ſufficient number left to find a bill. They have been ever ſince more enraged againſt me than ever. At the deſire of the Governor I committed to writing the charge, while it lay in my memory, and as I have no further uſe for it I will incloſe it, as it may give you ſome idea of our judicatories.

Whilſt we were in this ſtate, news came of two regiments being ordered from Halifax, and ſoon after two more from Ireland. The minds of the people were more and more agitated; broad hints were given, that the troops ſhould never land; a barrel of tar was placed upon the Beacon in the night, to be fired to bring in the country when the troops appeared, and all the authority of the government was not ſtrong enough to remove it. The town of Boſton met, and paſſed a number of weak but very criminal votes; and as the Governor declined calling an Aſſembly, they ſent circular letters to all the towns and diſtricts, to ſend a perſon each, that there might be a general conſultation at ſo extraordinary a criſis. They met, and ſpent a week, made themſelves ridiculous, and then diſſolved themſelves, after a meſſage or two to the Governor, which he refuſed to receive, a petition to the King, which I dare ſay *their agent* will never be allowed to preſent, and a reſult which they have publiſhed, ill-natured and impotent

In this confuſion the troops from Halifax arrived. I never was much afraid of the people's taking arms, but I was apprehenſive of violence from the mob, it being their laſt chance before the troops could land. As the proſpect of revenge became more certain, their courage abated in proportion. Two regiments are landed, but a new grievance is now raiſed. The troops are by act of Parliament to be quartered no where elſe but in the barracks, until they are full. There are barracks enough at the caſtle to hold both regiments. It is therefore againſt the act to bring any of them into town. This was ſtarted by the Council, in their anſwer to the Governor, which to make themſelves popular, they in an unprecedented way publiſhed, and have alarmed all the province; for although none but the moſt contracted minds could put ſuch a conſtruction upon the act, yet after this declaration of the Council, nine tenths of the people ſuppoſe it juſt. I wiſh the act had been better expreſſed; but it is abſurd to ſuppoſe the Parliament intended to take from the King the direction of his forces, by confining them to a place where any of the colonies might think fit to build barracks. It is beſides ungrateful, for it is known to many that this proviſion was brought into the bill, after it had been framed without it, from meer favour to the colonies. I hear the commander

* *See the following Letter.*

mander in chief has provided barracks or quarters, but a doubt ſtill remains with ſome of the Council, whether they are to furniſh the articles required, unleſs the men are in the province barracks, and they are to determine upon it to-day.

The government has been ſo long in the hands of the populace, that it muſt come out of them by degrees, at leaſt it will be a work of time to bring the people back to juſt notions of the nature of government.

Mr. Pepperrell, a young gentleman of good character, and grandſon and principal heir to the late Sir William Pepperrell, being bound to London, I ſhall deliver this letter to him, as it will be too bulky for poſtage, and deſire him to wait upon you with it. I am, with very great eſteem, Sir,

Your moſt humble and moſt obedient ſervant,

THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

SIR,

THE great eſteem I have for you in every point of light, perhaps, renders my fears and doubts for the ſafety of your perſon greater than they ought to be; however, if that is an error, it certainly reſults from true friendſhip, naturally jealous. Laſt night I was informed by a gentleman of my acquaintance, who had his information from one intimate with, and knowing to the infernal purpoſes of the Sons of Liberty, as they falſely ſtile themſelves, that he verily believed, from the terrible threats and menaces by thoſe Catalines againſt you, that your life is greatly in danger. This informant I know is under obligations to you, and is a man of veracity. He expreſſed himſelf with concern for you, and the gentleman acquainting me with this horrid circumſtance, aſſured me, he was very uneaſy till you had notice. I ſhould have done myſelf the honour of waiting on you, but am neceſſarily prevented. The duty I owed to you as a friend, and to the public as a member of ſociety, would not ſuffer me to reſt till I had put your honour upon your guard; for though this may be a falſe alarm, nothing would have given me greater pain, if any accident had happened, and I had been ſilent. If poſſible I will ſee you to-morrow, and let you know further into this black affair. And am, with the ſincereſt friendſhip and reſpect,

Your honour's moſt obedient, and moſt humble ſervant,

ROBERT AUCHMUTY.

To the Hon. Thomas Hutchinſon,
Sept. 14, 1768.

DEAR SIR, *Boſton, 10th December,* 1768.

I AM juſt now informed that a number of the Council, perhaps 8 or 10, who live in and near this town, have met together, and agreed upon a long addreſs or petition to Parliament, and that it will be ſent by this ſhip to Mr. Bollan, to be preſented. Mr. Danforth, who is Preſident of the Council, told the Governor, upon enquiry, that it was ſent to him to ſign, and he ſuppoſed the reſt of the Council who had met together would ſign after him in order, but he had ſince found that they had wrote over his name, *by order of Council*, which makes it appear to be an act of Council. This may be a low piece of cunning in him, but be it as it may, it is proper it ſhould be known, that the whole is no more than the doings of a part of the Council only, although even that is not very material, ſince, if they had all been preſent without the Governor's ſummons, the meeting would have been irregular and unconſtitutional, and ought to be diſcountenanced and cenſured. I ſuppoſe there is no inſtance of the Privy Council's meeting and doing buſineſs, without the King's preſence or ſpecial direction, except in committees, upon ſuch buſineſs as by his Majeſty's order has been referred to them by an act of Council, and I have known no inſtance here, without the Governor, until within three or four months paſt.

I thought it very neceſſary the circumſtances of this proceeding ſhould be known, though if there be no neceſſity for it, I think it would be beſt it ſhould not be known that the intelligence comes from me. I am, with very great regard, Sir,

Your moſt humble and moſt obedient ſervant,

THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

DEAR SIR, *Boſton, 20th January,* 1769.

YOU have laid me under very great obligations, by the very clear and full account of proceedings in Parliament, which I received from you by Capt. Scott. You have alſo done much ſervice to the people of the province. For a day or two after the ſhip arrived, the enemies of government gave out, that their friends in Parliament were increaſing, and all things would be ſoon on the old footing; in other words, that all acts impoſing duties would be repealed, the Commiſſioners board diſſolved, the cuſtoms put on the old footing, and *illicit* trade be carried on with little or no hazard. It was very fortunate that I had it in my power to prevent ſuch a falſe repreſentation from ſpreading through the province. I have been very cautious of uſing your name, but I have been very free in publiſhing abroad the ſubſtance of your letter, and declaring that I had my intelligence from the beſt authority, and have, in a great meaſure, defeated the ill deſign in raiſing and attempting to ſpread ſo groundleſs a report. What marks of reſentment the Parliament will ſhow, whether they will be upon the province in general, or particular perſons, is extremely uncertain, but that they will be placed ſomewhere is moſt certain, and I add, becauſe *I think it ought to be ſo*, that thoſe who have been moſt ſteady in preſerving the conſtitution, and oppoſing the licentiouſneſs of ſuch as call themſelves Sons of Liberty, will certainly meet with favour and encouragement.

This is moſt certainly a criſis; I really wiſh that there may not have been the leaſt degree of ſeverity, beyond what is abſolutely neceſſary to maintain, I think I may ſay to you, the *dependance* which a colony ought to have upon the parent ſtate; but if no meaſures ſhall have been taken to ſecure this dependance, or nothing more than ſome declaratory acts or reſolves, *it is all over with us.* The friends of government will be utterly diſheartened, and the friends of anarchy will be afraid of nothing, be it ever ſo extravagant.

The laſt veſſel from London had a quick paſſage. We expect to be in ſuſpence for the three or four next weeks, and then to hear our fate. I never think of the meaſures, neceſſary for the peace and good order of the colonies, without pain. There muſt be an abridgement of what are called Engliſh liberties. I relieve myſelf by conſidering, that in a remove from the ſtate of nature, to the moſt perfect ſtate of government, there muſt be a great reſtraint of natural liberty. I doubt whether it is poſſible to project a ſyſtem of government, in which a colony, 3000 miles diſtant from the parent ſtate, ſhall enjoy all the liberty of the parent ſtate. I am certain I have never yet ſeen the projection. I wiſh the good of the colony when I wiſh to ſee ſome further reſtraint of liberty, rather than the connection with the parent ſtate ſhould be broken; for I am ſure ſuch a breach muſt prove the ruin of the colony. Pardon me this excurſion, it really proceeds from the ſtate of mind into which our perplexed affairs often throws me. I have the honour to be, with very great eſteem, Sir,

Your moſt humble and moſt obedient ſervant,

THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

DEAR SIR, *Boſton, 20th October,* 1769.

I THANK you for your laſt favour of July 18th. I fancy in my laſt to you, about two months ago, I have anſwered the greateſt part of it.

My opinion upon the combination of the merchants, I gave you very fully. How long they will be able to continue them, if Parliament ſhould not interpoſe, is uncertain. In moſt articles they may another year, and you run the riſque of their ſubſtituting, when they are put to their ſhifts, ſomething of their own in the place of what they uſed to have from you, and which they will never return to you for. But it is not poſſible, that proviſion for diſſolving theſe combinations, and ſubjecting all who do not renounce them, to penalties adequate to the offence, ſhould not be made the firſt week the Parliament meets. Certainly all parties will unite in ſo extraordinary a caſe, if they never do in any other. So much has been ſaid upon the repeal of the duties laid by the laſt act, that it will render it very difficult to keep peoples minds quiet, if that ſhould be refuſed them. They deſerve puniſhment, you will ſay, but laying or continuing taxes upon all, cannot be thought equal, ſeeing many will be puniſhed who are not offenders. *Penalties of another kind ſeem better adapted.*

I have been tolerably treated ſince the Governor's departure, no other charge being made againſt me in our ſcandalous news-papers, except my bad principles in matters of government, and this charge has had little effect, and a great many friends promiſe me ſupport.

I muſt beg the favour of you to keep ſecret every thing I write, until we are in a more ſettled ſtate, for the party here, either by their *agent*, or by ſome of their emiſſaries in London, have ſent them every report or rumour of the contents of letters wrote from hence. I hope we ſhall ſee better times, both here and in England. I am with great eſteem, Sir,

Your moſt obedient ſervant,

THOMAS HUTCHINSON."

SIR, *Boſton, 7th May,* 1767.

I AM indebted to you, for the obliging manner in which you received my recommendation of my good friend Mr. Paxton, as well as for the account you are pleaſed to ſend me, of the ſituation of affairs in the Mother Country.

I am very ſorry that the colonies give you ſo much employment, and it is impoſſible to ſay how long it will be before things ſettle into quiet among us. We have ſome here, who have been ſo buſy in fomenting the late diſturbances, that they may now think it needful, for their own ſecurity, to keep up the ſpirit. They have plumed themſelves much upon the victory they have gained, and the ſupport they have ſince met with; nor could any thing better ſhew what they would ſtill be at, than the manner in which, by their own account publiſhed in the news-papers laſt Auguſt, they celebrated the 14th of that month, as the firſt anniverſary commemoration of what they had done at the tree of liberty on that day the year before. Here a number of reſpectable gentlemen, as they inform us, now met, and among other toaſts, drank General Paoli, and the Spark of liberty kindled in Spain. I am now ſpeaking of a few individuals only, the body of the people are well diſpoſed, yet when you come to ſee the journal of the Houſe of Repreſentatives the laſt ſeſſion, I fear you will think that the ſame ſpirit had ſeized our public Councils. I can, however, fairly ſay thus much in behalf of the government, that the laſt houſe was packed, by means of a public proſcription, juſt before the election, of the greateſt part of thoſe who had appeared in the preceding ſeſſion in the ſupport of government; their names were publiſhed in an inflammatory news-paper, and their conſtituents made to believe they were about to ſell them for ſlaves. Writs are now out for a new Aſſembly, but I cannot anſwer for the choice: I hope, however, that the people in general are in a better temper; yet the moderate men have been ſo browbeaten in the houſe, and found themſelves ſo inſignificant there the laſt year, that ſome of them will voluntarily decline coming again. I think this looks too much like a deſpair of the common-wealth, and cannot be juſtified on patriotic principles.

The election of Counſellors was carried the laſt year, as might have been expected from ſuch an houſe. The officers of the Crown, and the Judges of the Superior Court, were excluded. And I hear that it is the deſign of ſome, who expect to be returned members of the Houſe this year, to make ſure work at the enſuing election of Counſellors, by excluding, if they can, the gentlemen of the Council (who by charter remain ſuch till others are choſen in their room) from any ſhare in the choice, tho' they have always had their voice in it hitherto, from the firſt arrival of the charter. If the houſe do this, they will have it in their power to model the Council as they pleaſe, and throw all the powers of government into the hands of the people, unleſs the Governor ſhould again exert his negative, as he did the laſt year.

You have doubtleſs ſeen ſome of the curious meſſages from the late Houſe to the Governor, and can't but have obſerved with how little decency they have attacked both the Governor and the Lieutenant-Governor. They have alſo, in effect, forced the Council to declare themſelves parties in the quarrel they had againſt the latter, in a matter of mere indifference. In their meſſage to the Governor of the 31ſt of January, they have explicitly charged the Lieutenant-Governor (a gentleman to whom they are more indebted than to any one man in the government) with "ambition and luſt of power," merely for paying a compliment to the Governor, agreeable to ancient uſage, by attending him to Court, and being preſent in the Council-Chamber when he made his ſpeech, at the opening of the ſeſſion; at which time they go on to ſay, "none but the General Court and their ſervants, are intended to be preſent," ſtill holding out to the people the ſervants of the Crown as objects of inſignificance, ranking the Secretary with their Door-keeper, as ſervants of the Aſſembly; for the Secretary, with his clerks, and the Door-keeper, are the only perſons preſent with the Aſſembly on theſe occaſions.

The officers of the Crown being thus leſſened in the eyes of the people, takes off their weight and influence, and the balance will of courſe turn in favour of the people, and what makes them ſtill more inſignificant is, their dependance on the people for a neceſſary ſupport: If ſomething were left to the good-will of the people, yet nature ſhould be ſure of a ſupport. The Governor's ſalary has, for about 35 years paſt, been pretty well underſtood to be a Thouſand Pounds a year ſterling. When this ſum was firſt agreed to, it was very well; but an increaſe of wealth ſince, has brought along with it an increaſe of luxury, ſo that what was ſufficient to keep up a proper diſtinction, and ſupport the dignity of a Governor then, may well be ſuppoſed to be inſufficient for the purpoſe now. The Lieutenant-Governor has no appointments as ſuch; the Captaincy of Caſtle-William, which may be worth £ 120 ſterling a year, is looked upon indeed as an appendage to his commiſſion, and the late Lieutenant-Governor enjoyed no other appointment; he lived a retired life upon his own eſtate in the country, and was eaſy. The preſent Lieutenant-Governor, indeed, has other appointments, but the people are quarrelling with him for it, and will not ſuffer him to be eaſy, unleſs he will retire alſo.

The Secretary may have ſomething more than £ 200 a year ſterling, but has for the two laſt years been allowed £ 60 lawful money a year leſs than had been uſual for divers years preceding, though he had convinced the Houſe, by their committee, that without this deduction he would have had no more than £ 250 ſterling per annum, in fees, perquiſites and ſalary altogether, which is not the one half of his annual expence.

The Crown did, by charter, reſerve to itſelf the appointment of a Governor, Lieutenant-Governor and Secretary; the deſign of this was, without doubt, to maintain ſome kind of balance between the powers of the Crown and of the people; but if officers are not, in ſome meaſure, independant of the people (for it is difficult to ſerve two maſters) they will ſometimes have a hard ſtruggle between duty to the Crown, and a regard to ſelf, which muſt be a very diſagreeable ſituation to them, as well as a weakening to the authority of government. The officers of the Crown are very few, and are therefore the more eaſily provided for, without burdening the people: *And ſuch proviſion I look upon as neceſſary to the reſtoration and ſupport of the King's authority.*

But it may be ſaid, how can any new meaſures be taken, without raiſing new diſturbances? The manufacturers in England will riſe again, and defeat the meaſures of government. This game, it is true, has been played once, and ſucceeded, and it has been aſſerted here, that it is in the power of the colonies at any time to raiſe a rebellion in England, by refuſing to ſend for their manufactures. For my own part I do not believe this. The merchants in England, and I do not know but thoſe in London and Briſtol only, might always govern in this matter, and quiet the manufacturer. The merchant's view is always to his own intereſt. As the trade is now managed, the dealer here ſends to the merchant in England for his goods; upon theſe goods the Engliſh merchant puts a profit of 10, or more probably of 15 per cent. when he ſends them to his employer in America. The merchant is ſo jealous of foregoing this profit, that an American trader cannot well purchaſe the goods he wants of the manufacturer; for ſhould the merchant know that the manufacturer had ſupplied an American, he would take off no more of his wares. The merchants therefore having this profit in view, will, by one means or other, ſecure it. They know the goods which the American market demands, and may therefore ſafely take them off from the manufacturer, though they ſhould have no orders for ſhipping them this year, or perhaps the next; and I dare ſay it would not be longer before the Americans would clamour for a ſupply of goods from England, for it is vain to think they can ſupply themſelves. The merchant might then put an advanced price upon his goods, and poſſibly be able to make his own terms; or if it ſhould be thought the goods would not bear an advanced price to indemnify him, it might be worth while for the government to agree with the merchants before-hand, to allow them a premium equivalent to the advance of their ſtock, and *then the game would be over.*

I have wrote with freedom, in confidence of my name's not being uſed on the occaſion. For though I have wrote nothing but what in my conſcience I think an American may upon juſt principles advance, and what a ſervant of the Crown ought, upon all proper occaſions, to ſuggeſt, yet the many prejudices I have to combat with may render it unfit it ſhould be made public.

I communicated to Governor Bernard what you mentioned concerning him, who deſires me to preſent you his compliments, and let you know, that he is obliged to you for the expreſſions of your regard for his injured character. I am with the greateſt reſpect, Sir,

Your moſt obedient and moſt humble ſervant.

ANDREW OLIVER."

I aſk your acceptance of a journal of the laſt ſeſſion, which is put up in a box, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Trade."

(To be continued.)

BOSTON, June 24.

On Monday laſt his Excellency ſent the following MESSAGE to the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

"*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,*

I PERCEIVE, with concern for the Honour and Reputation of the Province, that you have paſſed and cauſed to be publiſhed, a Number of Votes or Reſolves, in which you have, in an unparallelled and moſt injurious manner, determined the intentions and deſigns of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, in certain private Letters, wrote ſeveral years ſince, the originals of which, as alledged, have by ſome means or other come into your poſſeſſion.

"Whilſt I was the ſubject of the debates occaſioned by theſe Letters, I did not think it adviſeable to give you any interruption. Now that you have come to your determination, I muſt remind you, that you are near to the cloſe of the fourth week of the ſeſſion, and that you have done little or none of the uſual buſineſs of the Court.

"To prevent all unneceſſary burthen upon your conſtituents, by too long a ſeſſion, I muſt deſire you to give diſpatch to ſuch matters as lie before you, or are proper to be acted upon by you.

Province Houſe, June 21, 1773. T. HUTCHINSON."

The Houſe appointed a committee to take the above into conſideration.

Tueſday laſt the Governor ſent the following MESSAGE to the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

I DESIRE that as ſoon as may be, you will cauſe to be laid before me, an atteſted Copy of the Votes or Reſolves which have paſſed your Houſe, and have been made public, and to which I referred in my Meſſage of Yeſterday.

Province Houſe, June 22, 1773. T. HUTCHINSON.

Meſſage from the Board to the Governor.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Board had returned your Excellency's letters to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, but have this day again obtained them, with this reſtriction, that we by no means ſuffer them to go out of our hands.

Your meſſage informs us, that if we ſhall lay before you the original letters with your ſignature, you will ſatisfy the Board whether they are genuine or not. Though the Board are not at liberty to lay them before you in the uſual way, yet they have directed their Committee to open the letters in your preſence, that your Excellency may ſatisfy yourſelf with reſpect to the hand writing, and to give you any further ſatisfaction not inconſiſtent with the reſtriction before mentioned.

Your Excellency ſays, we "cannot form a right judgment of all the parts of theſe letters, unleſs we ſhould be furniſhed with the letters to which your's are wrote in anſwer."---As we are deſirous of forming a right judgment in this matter, we ſhall with candour read and conſider any letters your Excellency ſhall pleaſe to lay before us for that purpoſe. June 22, 1773.

His Excellency's Meſſage to the Board.

Gentlemen of the Council,

CERTAIN letters have been laid before me, which appear to be of my ſigning. The diſreſpect ſhewn me by the unuſual and indecent reſtrictions to your Committee, as expreſſed in your meſſage, is unprecedented. It can be no excuſe that you had ſuffered yourſelves to be laid under reſtraint. The propoſal for it ought to have been rejected by you, as carrying with it ſtrong ſuſpicion of that unfairneſs with which the whole proceeding, relative to theſe and other letters, had been carried on from the beginning, I recommend to you to give diſpatch to the buſineſs of the General Court lying before you.

Province-Houſe, June 23, 1773. *T. HUTCHINSON.*

Anſwer of the Houſe to the Governor's Meſſage of the 21ſt Inſtant.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe have maturely conſidered your Meſſage of the 21ſt Inſtant, and fully apprehend that had we not paſſed, and cauſed to be publiſhed, the Votes and Reſolves upon the Letters referred to in your Meſſage, we ſhould have betrayed a total Want of a proper Attention, not only to the Honour and Reputation of the Province, but true intereſt of our Conſtituents, however unparallelled and injurious your Excellency is pleaſed to repreſent them; and can aſſure your Excellency, that this Houſe came poſſeſſed of thoſe Letters in a Manner truly honourable. Had your Excellency duly conſidered, that thoſe Letters contained Matters of a very extraordinary Nature, and that we have already paſſed upon divers Matters of a public as well as a private Nature, you would have judged it needleſs to have reminded us, that we are near the cloſe of the fourth Week of the Seſſion; we are, however, anſwerable to none but our Conſtituents for the Time we ſpend in doing the part of public Buſineſs which they have choſen us to tranſact, and are clearly of Opinion that we are at preſent the ſole Judges of the Time that is neceſſary for us to take, in deliberating and determining upon all Matters that may properly come under our Conſideration.

Yeſterday the Houſe of Repreſentatives, paſſed a humble Petition and Remonſtrance againſt the Conduct of his Excellency Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; Governor, and the Hon. Andrew Oliver, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor, of this Province, praying that his Majeſty would be graciouſly pleaſed to REMOVE them from their Poſts in this Government. Preſent, 91 Members, 80 for, and 11 againſt, the Petition.

In COUNCIL, June 24, 1773.

Meſſage from the Council to the Governor, June 24.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Board have conſidered your Excellency's Meſſage received this Day. They are humbly of Opinion, that the Reſtrictions to their Committee implied no Diſreſpect to your Excellency, nor were they intended as ſuch; and if they were unuſual and unprecedented, it was becauſe the Occaſion upon which that Committee was appointed, was original and unprecedented likewiſe. The Board think it not only a ſufficient Excuſe, but a full Juſtification of them, in laying ſuch Reſtrictions on their Committee, that they could upon no other Terms obtain the Letters to be laid before your Excellency, agreeable to your Propoſal in your Meſſage of the 17th Inſtant; and are at a Loſs to conceive, how ſuch Reſtriction could carry with it the leaſt Suſpicion of Unfairneſs on the Part of the Board, which was very far from their Intention.

The End which the Board had in View in laying theſe Letters before your Excellency, was not ſo much to obtain Satisfaction for themſelves as to their Genuineneſs, as to give your Excellency an Opportunity to lay any Thing you might think proper to lay before the Board, when thoſe Letters ſhould come under their Conſideration.

The Board will give all Attention to your Excellency's Recom-

mendation to them, to give Diſpatch to the Buſineſs of the General Court lying before them.

Report of the Committee on the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor's Letters, with the Reſolves about the Genuineneſs of ſaid Letters, *June* 24, 1773.

THE Committee having made Report to this Board on the ſix Letters of Governor Hutchinſon, dated June 18, Auguſt 4, October 10, December 1768, 20th January and 20th October 1769, and written while he was Lieutenant-Governor of this Province, and on the four Letters of Lieutenant-Governor Oliver, dated 7th May 1767, 11th May 1768, 13th February and 12th Auguſt 1769, and written when he was Secretary of the Province. All which Letters were referred to ſaid Committee the 22d Inſtant.

Unanimouſly *reſolved*, that the ſaid ſix Letters clearly appear to this Board, both from the Letters themſelves, and from the Declaration in the Governor's Meſſage received this Day, to be truly genuine Letters of his Excellency Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; and as ſuch are to be conſidered.

Alſo unanimouſly *reſolved*, that the ſaid four Letters clearly appear to this Board from the Letters themſelves to be truly genuine Letters of the Hon. Andrew Oliver, Eſq; and as ſuch are to be conſidered.

In COUNCIL, *June* 25.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the Writer of the Letter, ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, dated 18th *June*, 1768, in giving an Account of the Seizure on the 10th of the ſame Month, erroneouſly affirmed, that no Endeavours were uſed the next Day by any Authority except the Governor, to diſcover and puniſh the Offenders; and unjuſtly charged the Council with Evaſion, and with declining to aſſiſt the Governor with their Advice, when called upon for that Purpoſe.

Reſolved, That the Writer of the Letter, ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, dated *Auguſt* 1768, in endeavouring to juſtify the Conduct of the Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms, when they unneceſſarily deſerted the Town of *Boſton*, repreſented the Danger they would have expoſed themſelves to by remaining there, the conſequent Neceſſity of their removing from thence, and the Want of further Aid and Support to be given to the Officers of the Crown in general, in ſuch Terms, as did excite to the proſecuting a Meaſure which had been efficaciouſly recommended to Adminiſtration, namely, the ſending of Regiments into the Metropolis, which has been productive of much Confuſion and Bloodſhed.

Reſolved, That the Letter ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, dated the 4th of *October* 1768, contains a very exaggerated Repreſentation of the diſordered State of the Province, and greatly tended to inflame the Reſentment of Adminiſtration ſtill further againſt the Town of Boſton in particular, and the Province in general.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That in the ſame Letter the Writer has unjuſtly cenſured the Council, making divers groundleſs Aſſertions, tending to ſubject them to the Diſpleaſure of his Majeſty, for their Conduct with Reſpect to providing Quarters for the Troops, and ſtrangely charging them with Ingratitude to Parliament, although they ſtrictly followed the Requiſitions of the Mutiny Act, and in all their Proceedings attended not only to the Letter, but to the Spirit and Intention of ſaid Act.

Reſoved, That it appears to this Board, that the Writer of the Letter ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, dated 10th of *December* 1768, by unjuſtly cenſuring a number of the Council for petitioning Parliament for a Repeal of the American Revenue Acts, had it in Contemplation and in *Deſign*, to bring on them the Diſpleaſure of Adminiſtration, and that it had a Tendency to effect an Alteration in the Conſtitution of this Province.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the Repreſentation made in ſaid Letter, being greatly erroneous, and reflecting great Diſhonour on the Petitioners, manifeſtly tended to defeat the Prayer of the Petition, and would have been at any Time unkind and injurious to this People, but was more eſpecially ſo at a Time, when all regular Approach by Petition to Parliament from hence, had been greatly interrupted by Means of Governor Bernard, and other Enemies of the Province.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the Writer of the Letter ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, dated 20th *January*, 1769, who does not appear to have thought that the ſending the Troops hither indicated a ſufficient Degree of Reſentment, did by his ſaid Letter manifeſtly approve, and therein intimated the Propriety of further Marks of Reſentment to be ſhewn by Parliament, either on the Province in general, or on particular Perſons.

Reſolved, That by the ſame Letter it appears that the Writer gave it as his Opinion, that other Meaſures than declaratory Acts and Reſolves were neceſſary to ſecure the Dependance of the Colonies, and that he ſtrongly recommended ſuch Meaſures, and declared, that "there muſt be an Abridgment of what are called Engliſh Liberties."

Reſolved, That it appears to this Board, that the Writer of the Letters, ſigned *Andw. Oliver*, had it in *Deſign* to promote the paſſing of Acts of Parliament, for the Purpoſe of raiſing a Revenue in America, with a View to his own perſonal Emolument, and rendering the Officers of the Crown independant of the People, in direct Violation of the Charter of this Province.

Reſolved, As the Opinion of this Board, That by the Repreſentations contained in the Letter, ſigned *Andw. Oliver*, dated 11th of May, 1768, of the Temper of the People, and the Want of ſome effectual Support to Government, which in ſaid Letter is alledged to have been too weak to ſubdue their turbulent Spirits, the Writer not only had it in his Intention, but probably became inſtrumental to introduce a Military Force into this Province.

Reſolved unanimouſly, That the Writer of the Letter, ſigned *Andw. Oliver*, dated 13th of February, 1769, by repreſenting the Council as wholly under the Influence of the Populace, intended to prepare the Way for the Adoption of his Plan propoſed in the ſame Letter, for ſubverting the Conſtitution, and, in a great Meaſure, deſtroying the Liberties of the People.

Reſolved, That the Exaggerations and Miſrepreſentations contained in the aforeſaid Letters, ſigned *Tho. Hutchinſon*, and *Andw. Oliver*, collectively conſidered, have had an unhappy Tendency, and have probably operated to bring upon this Province, the Diſpleaſure of our gracious Sovereign, to procure the Armaments which have been ſent hither, and are expreſſive of ſuch Diſpleaſure; to prevent a Redreſs of our Grievances, and to alienate the mutual affection, and diſſolve the Union which ought always to ſubſiſt between Great-Britain and her Colonies.

Wherefore, As Duty and Loyalty to the King, Affection to the Mother Country, and Regard for this Province, muſt influence the Friends of them to deſire the Removal of Cauſes productive of ſuch Effects. And whereas the mutual Affection which ought ever to ſubſiſt between a People and their principal Magiſtrates, is in this Province totally deſtroyed by the Conduct of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, as they have entirely loſt the Confidence of this People, and are conſequently become unſuitable Inſtruments for promoting the inſeperable Intereſts of the King, and his faithful Subjects here;

Reſolved, That if his Majeſty, in his great Goodneſs ſhall be pleaſed to remove his Excellency *Thomas Hutchinſon*, Eſq; and the Hon. *Andrew Oliver*, Eſq; from the Offices of Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, it is the humble Opinion of this Board, that it will be promotive of his Majeſty's Service, and the Good of his loyal and affectionate People of this Province.

N. B. There was but one of the foregoing Reſolves that had ſo many as three Diſſentients.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 7.

On the 30th of laſt Month died, beloved and lamented, in the 57th Year of his Age, Doctor CADWALADER EVANS, one of the Phyſicians of the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, after a lingering Illneſs, which he ſuſtained with that Compoſure and Reſignation of Mind, which are a certain Evidence, and a happy Conſequence of having filled the Sphere of Life allotted to him, with Rectitude and Integrity.----Conſidered in his domeſtic as well as public Character, he was adorned with the moſt amiable and uſeful Virtues; which have made a deep and laſting Impreſſion on the Minds of his Friends and Relations.

He was juſtly eſteemed an eminent, candid and ſucceſsful Phyſician; his Knowledge was deep and liberal, his Principles rational, improved by an extenſive Practice, a diligent Obſervation, and a penetrating Judgment.-----In his Conduct towards his Patients he was full of Humanity, without the leaſt Affectation of it; and, hating Covetouſneſs, was ſo diſintereſted in his Practice, that he appeared to have the Health and Happineſs of his Patients only in View.

He was an avowed Enemy to all Deceit and Diſſimulation, naturally open, generous and benevolent; faithful in diſcharging the various Duties of Life, and punctual in complying with his Engagements, whether they reſpected the many public-ſpirited Inſtitutions, of which he was a zealous Promoter, or the more general civil and literary Intereſts of his Country.---In his Sentiments he was liberal, in Argument ſolid, acute and facetious, but above all, in his Friendſhips he was ardent, ſteady and ſincere-----

"*He lov'd his Friends with ſo ſincere a Heart,*
"*So clear of Intereſt, ſo devoid of Art;*
"*With ſuch a generous, ſuch a manly Zeal,*
"*No Tongue can tell it.*"

His Remains were interred in Friends Burying-ground, at North-Wales, amongſt many others of his ancient and worthy Family, attended by a large Number of reſpectable People, both from the City and Country.

On Wedneſday laſt departed this Life, in the Bloom of her Age, Miſs ALICE LEWIS, Daughter of Mr. JOHN LEWIS, of Cheſter County, much regretted and lamented by all her Acquaintance. Her Remains were interred in Friends Burying-ground, at Haverford, two Days after, attended by a great Concourſe of reputable People.

This amiable Virgin may be truly ſaid to have poſſeſſed thoſe religious Virtues that adorn the human Mind: Her Conduct was early directed by Principles of Goodneſs and Prudence, which endeared her to all that knew her; by her meek and gentle Behaviour, influenced by the Principles of filial Duty, ſhe was a great Comfort to her Parents, to whom ſhe ſhewed moſt fervent Affection, Honour and Gratitude. During her Illneſs, ſhe behaved with the Humility and Reſignation of a real Chriſtian.

"*Mature for Heaven, the fatal Mandate came,*
"*With it a Chariot, of ætherial Flame;*
"*In which,* Elijah *like, ſhe paſs'd the Spheres,*
"*Brought Joy to Heaven, but left the World in Tears.*"

We hear that there will be public Commencement for conferring *Degrees* both in the *Arts* and *Phyſic*, in the College of this City, on Tueſday Forenoon, July 20th Inſtant.

Extract of Letter from Annapolis, dated July 2.

"Our Aſſembly is paſſing an Act, to ſell out £40,000 Bank Stock, and lend it to the People in Maryland, to keep up their Credit, which will be of great Service at this Time, as a Stop is put to all Buſineſs, from the Number of Failures in England."

Captain Souder, from Liſbon, on the 27th ult. in Lat. 30: 9, Long. 68, ſpoke the Snow Live Oak, Captain Moore, of this Port, from Virginia for Liverpool, all well.

Arrived from this Port. The Snow Venus, Captain Davis, and Brig Addiſon, Captain Candle, at Liſbon; and the Brig Speedwell, Captain Wilſon, in the Bay of Honduras.

From Cumberland County, in New-Jerſey, we are informed, that on the 22d of laſt Month, a Man was found on the Beach, near Hope Point, on the River Delaware, ſuppoſed to have been drowned from on board ſome Veſſel: He was a middle-ſized Man, and had on a ſtriped Linen Veſt, with Sleeves, the Stripes going round his Body, a Check Shirt, black Silk Handkerchief round his Neck, a Pair of blue Duffil Trowſers, and blue knit Breeches under them, blue ribbed Stockings, and Chryſtal Buttons, ſet in Silver, in his Sleeves, tho' not fellows; he had alſo a large Key in one of his Pockets, with a ſmall Cord tied to it, which were all the Articles found about him when the Inquiſition was taken by the Coroner.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, Inwards Entries.

Schooner Mary, J. Walſh, from Halifax. Schooner Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Sloop Two Brothers, J. Thompſon, N. Providence. Schooner Induſtry, R. Parker, and Sloop Suſanna, W. Wyer, Piſcataqua. Sloop Sidney, J. Sawyer, Sloop Elizabeth, A. Sharp, Sloop Dolphin, J. Vail, Sloop Rachel, J. Goddard, Schooner Molly and Fanny, J. Hunn, and Sloop Patty, G. Simpſon, N. Carolina. Brig Chance, A. Boyde, St. Vincent. Ship Britannia, J. Souder, Liſbon. Snow Dickenſon, J. Johnſton, London. Brig Molly, J. Mullet, St. Kitts. Ship Jenny, J. Campbell, New-Caſtle on Delaware. Sloop Betſey, S. Williams, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Hope, G. May, Georgia. Snow Charlotte, R. Curtis, from Waterford.

Outwards. Ship Hetty, E. Davis, for Vigo. Ship James and Rebecca, W. Willock, and Schooner Hannah, J. Howey, Liverpool. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. E. Brig Sea Nymph, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Sloop Dove, J. Hayward, and Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Molly, W. Waller, Jamaica. Brig Chance, A. Boyde, for St. Vincent.

Cleared. Sloop Ruſſell, N. Martin, Ship Roſanna, P. Cox, and Schooner Priſcilla, W. Wiſe, to Maryland. Sloop Elizabeth and Sarah, R. Bedlow, and Brig Morning Star, W. Price, St. Croix. Schooner Norfolk Packet, H. Dougherty, and Sloop Charlotte, J. Rivers, Virginia. Brig Dove, W. Allen, Barbados. Sloop Friendſhip, J. Warner, Rh. Iſland. Schooner Becky, R. Harris, Georgia. Sloop Sally, B. Carman, Jamaica. Ship Warwick, C. Smith, and Brig Harriot, P. Young, Liſbon. Ship Renown, J. Steel, Dover. Ship America, J. Brice, Londonderry. Sloop Elizabeth, A. Sharp, N. Carolina. Sloop Zephyr, J. Wadham, and Sloop Betſey, T. Ellis, N. Providence. Brig Molly, J. Mullet, to St. Kitts.

TO-MORROW, at One o'Clock,

At FOOTMAN and JEYES's Vendue-ſtore, the upper End of Second-ſtreet,

WILL begin the SALE of a large Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

HOUSHOLD FURNITURE, Wearing Apparel, &c. &c.

ALSO

Twenty Quarter-Caſks of MADEIRA WINE. ¶

A PUBLIC VENDUE, next Friday, by

WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

N. B. GOODS are received for ſaid Vendue, at his Store, in Market-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets.

Pettie's Island, Four Claſs Cash Lottery,

FOR finiſhing Norrington Presbyterian Church, purchaſing a lot of ground, and erecting thereon a German Lutheran Church, in Whitpain townſhip, and other purpoſes mentioned in the ſcheme, will certainly begin drawing on Saturday, the 10th inſtant, on ſaid Iſland, where adventurers and others may have the opportunity of ſeeing it conducted with the greateſt care and impartiality.

There remain a few tickets unſold, thoſe who incline to become adventurers may be informed of whom they are to be had, by applying to Meſſrs. *Robert Porter, Martin Kreider, Detrick Reeſe, Adam Folk, John Fritz, Ludwick Farmer, Alexander Power, David Elliſon, James Burnſide,* and *Andrew Porter*, in Philadelphia. ¶

THE Adventurers in the American Flint Glaſs Manufactory LOTTERY, are deſired to take Notice, that the Time limited for renewing their Tickets in the Second Claſs expires the 12th Inſtant, when all Tickets not renewed will be diſpoſed of to any Perſon applying, in order to facilitate the Drawing of the ſaid Claſs. *July* 3, 1773.

For Charles-Town (South-Carolina)

The BRIGANTINE SEA NYMPH, JOSEPH BLEWER, Master,

A NEW veſſel, conveniently provided with genteel accommodations for paſſengers, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage, apply to Joseph Blewer, at his houſe, in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joſeph Sims's wharff, or to Daniel Robinson, at his ſtore, on ſaid wharff, who has for ſale, Carolina Soal Leather, and new Rice.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 17th of July inſt. at four o'clock in the afternoon, to be ſtruck off preciſely at ſeven o'clock, at the houſe of Edward Barrett, in Front-ſtreet, Southwark, Two certain lots or pieces of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 35 feet, and in depth 85 feet; bounded by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, by the next deſcribed lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of 46ſ. Pennſylvania currency, per annum; having a one ſtory brick tenement (19 feet in breadth, and 40 feet in depth, erected thereon) with a good cellar of 9 feet deep under the whole. The other of them containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 75 feet; bounded by Queen-ſtreet, by a certain three feet alley, by the firſt deſcribed lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, John Morton, and others; late the eſtate of Samuel Armitt; ſeized and taken in execution, by Judah Foulke, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 19th of July inſtant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain piece or parcel of drained cripple, or meadow land, ſituate on Greenwich Iſland, in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 4 acres and 146 perches; bounded by the river Delaware, and by lands of Jonathan Shoemaker, John Drinker, and others. And a certain other tract or piece of land, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 5 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of John Rouſe, John Godfrey, John Sober, and Rebecca Johns; late the eſtate of Edward Flounders; ſeized and taken in execution by Judah Foulke, Sheriff.

Ridley Townſhip, Cheſter County, July 3, 1773.

ABSCONDED from his BAIL, on the firſt day of this inſtant, a certain *Arthur M'Cullough*, about 6 feet high, much pitted with the ſmall-pox, ſtoops in his ſhoulders, knock kneed; had on, when he went away, a light cloth-coloured homeſpun jacket, lappelled, with ſleeves, an under ditto, of a dark colour, without ſleeves, buckſkin breeches, woollen ſtockings, and home made ſhoes. He follows ditching, and has his ſhovel. Whoever takes up the ſaid *Arthur M'Cullough*, and delivers him at Cheſter Goal, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS reward and reaſonable charges, paid by William Boon. ¶

Lower-Merion, Philadelphia County, June 30, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber's paſture, a dark ſorrel roan MARE, 5 years old this ſpring, about 13 hands high, the off hind foot white, a ſmall ſtar in her forehead, and above the hollow of the near eye the hair is rubbed off, ſmooth ſhod before, and the ſide of her breaſt, below the ſhoulder, galled with the collar. Whoever brings ſaid mare to the owner, or gives information where ſhe may be had, ſhall have Thirty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges; and, if ſtolen, for apprehending the thief, on his conviction, Thirty Shillings more, paid by

¶ Valentine Vanholt.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Hempfield townſhip, Lancaſter county, the 28th of June laſt, a certain Barney Kean, about 25 or 26 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, pitted with the ſmall-pox, black haired, dark complexion, if ſpoke to has a down look, has ſomething like a pearl on one of his eyes; had on and took with him, when he went away, a pair of new tow linen trowſers, new ſhoes, braſs buckles, an old country made hempen ſhirt, and an old hat; he is a native Iriſhman, well learned, and a great arguer about religion. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid fellow, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by John Mitchell.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, in Leacock townſhip, Lancaſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Patrick O Kean, a tall ſlender fellow, near 6 feet high, about 20 years of age, brown complexion, long viſage; had on, when he went away, a blanket coat, an old red double breaſted jacket, lined with white flannel, with metal buttons, cloth breeches, patched with another colour, blue ſtockings, coarſe tow ſhirt and trowſers, one other ſhirt of 800 linen, an old felt hat, a pair of ſhoes, newly ſoaled, an old ſpotted handkerchief; he is very talkative. He went off with the above deſcribed Barney Kean, a Couſin of his. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by Matthew M'Clung.

¶ 15ſ. *July* 1, 1773.

Philadelphia, July 1, 1773.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, an Engliſh ſervant girl, named* Christiana Ball, *but calls herſelf* Katey, *for ſhortneſs, about 20 years of age, brown ſkined black eyes, and black hair, lately cut ſhort, a little ſtoop ſhouldered; ſhe has been but a few days in the country; her clothes are very ordinary, a brown cloth petticoat, three coarſe ſhifts, and a ſtriped calicoe ſhort gown; it is ſuppoſed ſhe is gone off with a ſailor, with a crooked mouth, and may paſs for man and wife. Whoever takes her up, and confines her in any goal within 20 miles of this city, ſhall have* Twenty Shillings *reward, or* Three Pounds, *if taken up at any further diſtance, paid by* HENRY NEILL. ¶

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia, on the 1ſt of July inſtant, a bound girl, about 10 years old, this country born, named Mary Macknamara, *red hair, and much freckled, not much clothes on, only a ſhift, petticoat and apron. Whoever will bring her home, ſhall receive Five Shillings reward; and if any perſon can give information who hath taken her away, ſo that they may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have Twenty Shillings, as I have ſome reaſon to think a perſon in a cart, going the Wiſſahickon road, hath taken her away.* Aquila Jones.

N. B. *All perſons are forbid to harbour her at their peril.* ¶

Gloucester County, New-Jerſey, July 2, 1773.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Michael Farrel, *about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high; had on and took with him, a fine white ſhirt, ſpotted flannel jacket, much worn, a pair of brown cloth breeches, with patches on the ſeat, grey yarn ſtockings, a pair of new pumps, with ſquare ſteel buckles; has ſtraight black hair, old felt hat, much worn, is pitted with the ſmall-pox. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have EIGHT DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* Andrew Richman.

N. B. He was bought out of Philadelphia goal this day, and run away as his maſter was taking him home. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour or conceal ſaid ſervant, at their peril. ¶

Maryland, June 21, 1773.

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge Church, a convict ſervant man, named John Collier, born in England, about 5 feet and an half high, well made, of a brown complexion, has a hoarſeneſs in his ſpeech, he wears his own ſhort dark hair; took with him a new caſtor hat, a dark coloured bearſkin outſide jacket, made long, with cuffs, and lined with white flannel, one white linen under ditto, one white ſhirt, one ozenbrigs ditto, white Ruſſia drab breeches, white worſted ſtockings, and a pair of pumps; he has with him a paſs, formerly belonging to one John Fleming, by which name he now goes; it is ſigned by Henry Ridgely, of Anne-Arundel county, and Thomas Price, of Frederick county, Maryland, by Richard M'Colliſter, of York county, William Henry, of Lancaſter county, and William Clingan, of Cheſter county, Eſquires, Pennſylvania. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that the ſubſcriber gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, paid by

¶ Charles Worthington.

N. B. The above ſervant has had one of his legs broke, near the ancle, which ſtands ſomewhat out; it is thought to be the left.

New Hanover, Burlington County, June 30, 1773.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in the night of the 28th instant, an English servant man, named JOHN BOLING, he says he is about 21 years of age, is a thick well set fellow, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, wears his own sandy hair frized, has a down look, and talks Yorkshire; he took with him two check shirts, two pair of leather breeches, 3 pair of woollen stockings, and a pair of ribbed ditto, a lightish coloured broad-cloth coat, jacket, and breeches, an old jacket, patched on the elbow, a brown under jacket, ripped down the side, a nankeen ditto, a pair of new pumps, two pair of buckles, one pair plated, a pair of silver sleeve-buttons, a map handkerchief, a new castor hat, an old ditto, tore on the crown. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that his master may get him again, or brings him to me at the above place, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by MAHLON WRIGHT. ‖4w.

Seventh Month 1, 1773.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Whitemarsh, Philadelphia county, an Irish servant man, named JOHN SMITH, 25 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, is strong built, has a down look, a little pitted with the small-pox, has short black hair, can read and write, and talks upon the brogue; had on, when he went away, a narrow brimmed hat, a brown Irish linen shirt, which he wears open at the collar, an old brown cloth jacket, with sleeves, old striped tow trowsers, patched, and several holes in them, a pair of good shoes, with small rimmed brass buckles, not fellows. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by THOMAS LANCASTER. §

Goshen township, Chester County, July 5, 1773.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 4th instant, an indented servant girl, named ELIZABETH CLARK, born in England, and speaks in the North of England dialect, of a middle size, black hair, dark eyes, and brown complexion; had on, when she went away, a striped linen short gown, a yellow stuff petticoat, blue yarn stockings, high heeled leather shoes, tied with strings; she also took with her a pattern of a gown, of yellow stuff, the same of her petticoat. She has a sister living in New-York, and it is likely she may make that way. Whoever takes up and secures said servant, so that her master may get her again, shall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by EDWARD HICKS. ¶

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscribers, living in Baltimore county, about 12 miles from Baltimore-town, in Maryland, three English convict servant men, viz. JAMES HICKMAN, about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, straight and well made, with short dark brown hair, round face, dark eyes, a little cross, fresh complexion, and some freckles; he speaks in the west country dialect. THOMAS AGER, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, straight and well made, dark brown hair, tied, long face, bluish eyes, long chin, pale complexion, pert and proud; he is a good scholar, and no doubt has changed his name, and forged passes: He ran away some time ago, and can give some account of Virginia, and the lower parts of Maryland. WILLIAM ABBOTT, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, well set, round shouldered, with short brown hair, full face, white eyes, very weak; served part of his time with Henry Hollingsworth, at the Head of Elk, ran away, and made into the back lands, was put into Bedford goal, can give an account of Shamokin, on Susquehanna, Shearman's and Path Vallies, and other parts of the back country. They took with them, felt hats, several coarse shirts, and trowsers, one old hunting shirt, died yellow, two coarse brown cloth jackets, one white kersey ditto, with sleeves, one red cloth ditto, bound at the pocket holes, one ditto, country fulled, and lappelled, with metal buttons, and without sleeves, two pair of strong country made shoes, well nailed, one pair of ditto, without nails, and several other things. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them, so as their masters may get them again, shall have *Seven Pounds Ten Shillings*, if 50 miles from home *Ten Pounds*, and if 100 miles, the above reward, or in proportion for each, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by ALEXANDER WELLS, CHARLES HOWARD, THOMAS OWINGS. *June 21, 1773.* ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living in St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County, an Irish servant man, but calls himself an Englishman, named WILLIAM BUTLER, but probably may change it, a Taylor by trade, a stout well set fellow, wears his own short black hair; had on, when he went away, a check shirt, ozenbrigs trowsers, calf-skin shoes, with brass buckles; he stole and took with him a nankeen coat, and breeches not made up, red serge vest, with silver frosted buttons, a pair of buckskin gloves, a furred hat, and a Guinea and an half in gold; he is very remarkable in his face, a sour down look, big mouth, and some black spots under one of his eyes, occasioned by gun-powder. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by WILLIAM MOODY. June 25. §

RUN away, the 16th of April last, from the subscriber, near Christiana Bridge, in New-Castle County, on Delaware, a Negroe man, named JAMES, 25 years old, about 5 feet 6 inches high, a small fellow, is very black, and a little marked with the small-pox; he is wide between his two fore teeth, is this country born, and can play on the fiddle; had on, when he went away, a coarse whitish coloured cloth jacket and breeches, a flaxen under jacket, a half-worn hat, coarse blue stockings, all his apparel is half-worn. Whoever takes up and secures said Negroe, so as his master may have him again, shall receive THREE POUNDS reward, paid by

July 2, 1773. § ROBERT M'ANTIER.

THIRTY DOLLARS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the subscriber, living in St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County, on the 8th of June last, a dark bay HORSE, 4 years old, 14 hands high, a natural trotter, with a small star on his forehead, and a snip on his nose, a light thin mane, a long switch tail, newly shod before, hand gallops very slow, carries his head lofty. Whoever will apprehend the horse and thief, shall have the above reward, or SIX DOLLARS for the horse only, with reasonable charges, paid by SAMUEL SMITH. ‖7f6.

Reading, Berks County, June 28, 1773.

WAS committed to the goal of Berks county, in Pennsylvania, on the 3d instant, a person, who calls himself JOHN LINSEY, on suspicion of being a runaway servant; he says he was formerly a servant to Doctor Plunket, of Northumberland, who sold him to Captain Johnston, of the Royal Irish Regiment, as a Soldier, from which Regiment he deserted; talks English well, and says he was born in Pennsylvania, is about 20 years of age, fair faced, wears his own hair, of a light brown, is about 5 feet 7 inches high; has on a green jacket, made in the form or shape of a coat, with large metal buttons, a coarse homespun shirt and trowsers. The owner of said servant is hereby requested to come, within a month after date, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away; otherwise he will be sold for the same.

¶ JOHN WITMAN, junior, Goaler.

Franconia township, Philadelphia county, June 28, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, but supposed to be stolen, from the subscriber's pasture, in the night of the 27th inst. a grey MARE, about 10 or 11 years old this spring, about 14 hands high, strong made, paces and trots, was shod before, when rode away, has a little white on her forehead, and a small snip on her nose, and a knot on her right ear, as thick as a hickory nut. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, so as he may be brought to justice, and the owner gets his mare again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, or FIFTY SHILLINGS for the mare only, and reasonable charges, paid by JACOB HAKMAN. §

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WAS stolen, last Monday night, from the subscriber, living in Christiana Hundred, near Wilmington, a MARE, of a dark bay colour, six years old, about 14 hands high, has no brand nor ear-mark, nor any white about her, her hind hoofs turn in very remarkably, trots and paces, and is in very good order. Whoever takes up said mare and thief, and secures them, so that the subscriber may get his mare again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward; or for the mare only FORTY SHILLINGS, and reasonable charges, paid by ROBERT PEIRCE. *July 1, 1773.* ¶

CAME to the plantation of Jonathan Pugh, in Coventry township, Chester county, on the 11th day of June last, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, branded on the near buttock E. B. and three white feet. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

¶ JONATHAN PUGH.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, the 21st of June last, a black MARE, about 13½ hands high, branded on the near shoulder M. H. has some saddle marks on her back, with a bob tail, paces, trots, and gallops. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away.

Bedminster, Bucks county. JOHN SHAW. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Londonderry township, Chester county, a short time ago, a young bay trotting HORSE, about 14 hands high, black mane and tail, trimmed under the bridle, shod before. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

June 26, 1773. MONTGOMERY KENNEDY. ¶

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Lower-Dublin township, Philadelphia county, about the 14th of June last, a dark sorrel MARE, with a white mane and white long tail that never was docked; she is to appearance between 3 and 4 years old, and 13 or 14 hands high, trots, and has no brand. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. DAVID SNYDER. §

WILMINGTON LOTTERY.

THE Managers of this LOTTERY return their Thanks to the *generous Public*, for the great Encouragement they have of late received in the Sale of their Tickets; and as they are now rolling up the Numbers, they will proceed to draw the first Class, at Wilmington, on Tuesday, the 12th of July, within a Week of the Time at first proposed.----In the first Class of this Lottery, there is one Prize of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS; and in the second Class, there is one Prize of TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, two Prizes of ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS each, and four Prizes of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS each, and but *two* Blanks to *one* Prize. This *Lottery* is to raise *Two Thousand Four Hundred and Eighty-four Pounds* Currency; five Sixths of which, according to an Article signed the 28th of December last, are to be applied towards the laudable Purposes of accommodating the *Members of the Church of England*, in the *North Part* and *Northern Liberties* of the City of Philadelphia, with Places of Worship, which are now greatly wanted, from the vast Encrease of Buildings and Inhabitants in those Parts. The remaining Sixth is for certain pious Uses within the County of New-Castle, where the few *Tickets yet unsold* may be had, by applying to the Managers, viz. *Richard M'William*, Esq; Messieurs *Jonas Stidham*, *George Evans*, and *Joseph Stidham*.-----Such Persons as have not an Opportunity of applying to the said Managers, may have their Orders forwarded, by applying to any of the following Gentlemen in Philadelphia, *viz.* Rev. Dr. *Richard Peters*, Rev. Dr. *William Smith*, Rev. Mr. *Jacob Duché*, Messieurs *Michael Hillegas*, *William Moore*, *Matthew Clarkson*, *Peter Knight*, *James Worral*, *William Coats*. jun. *Levi Budd*, *John Brown*, *Emanuel Eyre*, *William Masters*, *Thomas Yorke*, and *Thomas Budd*.

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, on Friday, the 16th day of July next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, at the house of James Nevill, at the Sign of the Rain-bow, near Mr. John Philips's Rope-walk, the following messuages, lots or pieces of ground, and groundrents, viz.

A CERTAIN LOT or PIECE of GROUND, situate on the west side of New Market-street, between Front and Second-streets, and Vine and Callow-hill-streets, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in front, on New Market-street aforesaid, 20 feet, and in length or depth 120 feet; subject to a groundrent of 4l. sterl. per annum; on which are erected a convenient and genteelly finished three-story brick messuage or tenement, two-story nursery, and kitchen, with cellars under the whole, and a vault under part of the yard.

Two lots or pieces of ground, situate on the west side of the Second-street continued into the Northern Liberties aforesaid, between the said James Nevill's and the Second-street new stone bridge, containing in front each 20 feet, and in length or depth about 60 feet.

Fifteen other lots or pieces of ground, situate on the east side of the old Germantown road, leading to Front-street, in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, adjoining the tan-yard lately occupied by Mr. Thomas Preston, either on groundrent or fee simple.

Two groundrents, or yearly rent charges, one of 7l. 10s. and the other of 3l. lawful money of Pennsylvania, issuing out of six lots or pieces of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, in the tenure of Frederick Phile, and George Syng, or his Assigns.

And on Saturday, the 17th day of July next, at the house of John Cunningham, near the Center, at four o'clock in the afternoon, will be sold,

A certain lot or piece of ground, situate on the south side of High or Market-street, near the Center square aforesaid, and eastward of the said Cunningham's lot and messuage, containing in front, on Market-street aforesaid, 26 feet, and in length or depth 306 feet.

Any person or persons, who may incline to purchase the whole of the above premises, or any part thereof, before the day of sale, may be informed of the terms, other particulars, and shewn the premises, by applying to the subscriber, at his house in New Market-street; to Mr. Evan Peters, in Vine-street, between Second and Third-streets; or the said James Nevill, who are furnished with draughts of the premises.

June 25, 1773. THOMAS FELTON. ‖7f6.

Head of Bohemia, June 9, 1773.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the pasture of Henry Jones, of Middletown, on Monday night, the 7th instant, a dark grey MARE, 8 years old, 15 hands high, a natural trotter, branded on the near buttock B, trimmed under the bridle. If stolen, whoever takes up the said mare and thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the mare only, and all reasonable charges, paid by ANDREW GORDON. ¶

IMPORTED in the last vessels from BRISTOL, and to be SOLD cheap for cash, by

WILLIAM SHEPPARD,

In Front-street, opposite Messrs. Cunningham and Nesbitt's store,

AN assortment of CUTLERY, consisting of ivory, capt stag, capt buck and split bone case knives and forks; oyster-knives, cutteaus and various sorts of penknives, large and small scissars, common razors, cast steel and polished ditto, Taylors shears, &c.

Likewise Sadlers Ironmongery; various sorts of stirrup irons, bridle bitts, bridle and girth buckles, steel head and throat ditto, tuft nails and staples, curry combs, whips, woollen and twist webb, fringes and saddle lace; a good assortment of worsted and silk and worsted stuffs; velverets, thicksets, white and dyed jeans, pillow and pocket fustians, shoe and London quality bindings, Scotch gartering, &c. black and steel buckles, Pinchbeck, platina, Bath metal, and block tin ditto, black and drab colour horn buttons, white and yellow metal ditto, white and yellow links, wove basket buttons and twist to match, ivory and horn combs, temple frame spectacles, steel and painted tobacco boxes, painted snuff boxes, finger rings, jews-harps, paper ink pots, and brass ditto, with penknives, awl blades and shoe tacks, womens and mens thimbles, Carpenters rules, &c. &c. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber's plantation, near New-Castle, some time in December last, a Negroe man slave, named RAGON, 30 years of age, about six feet high, a strong hearty fellow, was brought up by Thomas Ogle, deceased; had on when he went away, a coarse dark grey jacket, spotted flannel under waistcoat, buckskin breeches, &c. It is supposed that he keeps near Ogletown, or at William Carson's, about 12 miles below New-Castle, where Bird lately kept tavern. Whoever takes up the said Negroe slave, and secures him in the Goal of this County, or brings him to his said master, so that he may have him again, shall have the above reward; or if any one will inform against the person that harbours or entertains him, shall have Five Pounds, paid by RICHARD M'WILLIAM. ¶

JUNE 29, 1773.

NOW in the goal of the county of Philadelphia, several runaway servants, viz. JAMES COLEMAN, belonging to Robert Barr, in Milford hundred, Cæcil county, Maryland. THOMAS MORGAN, belonging to Benjamin M'Vaven, Cæcil county, Maryland. HUGH M'MAHAN, belonging to William Beakes, Cæcil county, Maryland. WILLIAM EDWARDS, on suspicion of being a runaway servant. JOHN GOOD, belonging to John Guttrey, Cæcil county, Maryland. Their masters are desired to come, pay the charges, and take them away, or they will be sold in three weeks from this date, to pay their fees. §

Philadelphia, June 30, 1773.

WHEREAS CHARLES READ, Esq; for the recovery of his health, as well as for securing and recovering some large sums of money due to him in the West-Indies, has lately embarked thither, and, being desirous of preventing any uneasiness among such as he may owe money to, has appointed us, the subscribers, trustees, to make sale of such parts of his estate, as may be necessary for the discharge of his debts, which we purpose proceeding to do as soon as possible. We therefore desire all persons who have any demands against him to bring in their accounts, properly proved, that they may be settled; and all who are indebted to him, by mortgage, bond, note or book-debt, are desired immediately to discharge their respective debts to the subscribers, who are authorized to receive the same.

DANIEL ELLIS, at Burlington,
‖6w. CHARLES READ, junior, Ætna Furnace,
THOMAS FISHER, Philadelphia.

To be SOLD, at the London Coffee-house, on Wednesday, the Seventh of July next,

ONE LOT of GROUND, in Campington, between Second and Third-streets, containing in front, on Brown's-street, 40 feet, and on a 40 feet alley 80 feet, on which is erected a wooden tenement, which letts for 8l. per annum. The situation of this lot renders it capable of great improvement.

Three other LOTS, fronting on Third-street, 20 feet front each, by 80 feet deep; on which are erected two two-story brick messuages, neatly finished, containing about 15 feet front, and 13 feet deep each, with good cellars under them; now in the teaure of Philip Millegan, and John Montgomery; the whole letts at 13l. per annum. The situation of these lots is high and agreeable. The above described, with one lot fronting on Brown's-street, which is lett for 3l. per annum for ever, are subject to 6l. 5s. currency, per annum groundrent, with liberty to buy off at 20 years purchase; the title is indisputable.

Also a LOT of GROUND, on the east side of Second-street, near Market-street, 12 feet front, by 60 feet deep, on which is erected a commodious three-story brick house, 12 feet by 36 deep; on the back part of this lot is erected a two-story brick building, the lower part of which is a good kitchen, and the upper part so contrived as would accommodate a small family, in which case the lower part of the front house might be converted into a store or shop; under the yard is an excellent vault; the cellars are dry and good; the whole premises are in good repair; subject to a groundrent of 20s. currency, per ann. late the estate of James Loughead, of this city, shop-keeper, he having assigned over all his estate, for the use of his creditors, to John Maxwell Nesbitt, Richard Willing, Tench Tilghman, James Hartley, and Joseph Swift.

All those who are indebted to said LOUGHEAD, are desired to pay the same to JAMES HARTLEY, one of the Assignees; and those who have any demands against said estate, are desired to bring in their accounts to said J. HARTLEY, or RICHARD WILLING, before the seventh of July next; those who neglect so to do, will be excluded from the first dividend.

Philadelphia, June 17, 1773.

THE subscriber, having removed into the Jerseys, will sell at public VENDUE, on Thursday, the 15th of July next, at five o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, A two story HOUSE, and LOT of GROUND, situate in Southwark, on the east side of Second-street, about 45 feet below South-street. The lot is 20 feet on Second-street, and 65 feet deep, the house is 17 feet front, and 30 feet deep, two stories high, has six good rooms, well finished, and three fire-places, with the addition of a good vault, well arched, the yard and three-feet alley are paved, the lower part of the house has been used for a smith's shop, but with a small expence can be made into two good rooms, or a large shop for dry-goods, grocery, a joiner, or carpenter, &c. as it is near the New-market, will suit any public business. Subject to a small groundrent of Six Pounds, currency, per annum. It will now readily rent for Twenty-five Pounds a year. For further particulars, apply to MATTHEW POTTER, at the corner of Front and Lombard-streets, or to MATTHEW POTTER, junior, at Cohansey-bridge. ¶

Philadelphia, June 14, 1773.

For KINGSTON, in JAMAICA,

The Ship AMERICAN,
FRANCIS GILBERT,
MASTER,

A FINE Vessel, built of Live Oak and Red Cedar, and well accommodated for Passengers, expected to be ready in four or five Days to receive her Cargoe, and to sail in twenty Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to STOCKER and WHARTON, or said Master. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

POSTSCRIPT to the PENNSYLVANIA *GAZETTE*. No. 2324.

LIST of the NUMBERS that came up PRIZES in the FOURTH CLASS of the PETTIE's ISLAND CASH LOTTERY, for the Benefit of ST. PAUL's CHURCH.

*** *Those Numbers that have no Sums oppoſite to them, are Prizes of* THIRTY SHILLINGS,

No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£	No.	£
1		273		492		735		962		1184		1418		1630		2843		2051		2276		2486		2714		2950		3168	2	3405		2628		3822	
3		76	2	93		38		63		85		19		31		45		55		79		87	5	16		52		69		6		30		24	
6		77	5	95		39		66		87		27		32		46		58	2	81		89		19		54		70		12		31		25	
14		79		96		43		67		89	1	28		39		50		59		83		91		27		55		72		13		32		27	
17		80	25	99		44		68		91	2	29		40		53		61		84		92		28		56		78		16		33		28	
20		82		500		47		70		93		30	3	41		55		62		85		93		31		58		79		17		36		30	
21		83		2		48		71	3	94		34		42		56		63		91		94		34	2	61		81		19		37	2	33	
22		84		4		51		76	2	96		35		44		58	2	64		92		97		35		62		82		21		38		36	
26		85		5		54		77		97	3	36		45		59		65		93		98	3	37		64		86		23		42		37	
28		87		6		56		79		98		37		47		60		67		95		99		39	5	65		88		26		44		39	
34	2	88		7		57		83		1200		40		48		62		69		99		2500		40		68		89		27		45		40	
35		90		8		59		84		3		43		49		63		71		2300		1		42		72		90	3	30		48		41	
36		91		10		60		86		11		44		50		65	5	75		5		3		47		75		91		31		50		42	
40		92		18		61		88		12	800	49		52		66		76		6		11		48		76		92	2	32		53		43	
46		93		20	3	64		91		13		50		54		69	3	77	3	7		14		50		77		94		34		56	5	45	
48		95		25		66		92		14		51		55		73		80		9		15		51		80		95		38		57		46	
49	3	96		28		69		93		17		54		59		74		81		14		16		52		83		96		40		62		47	
52		99		31		70		94		21		55		60	3	76		84		15		17		53		85		97		41		64		48	
56		3001		34		72		95		23		56	5	61		77		85		16		18		58		89		3202		44		65	2	51	
57		3		39		75		96		24		59		62		78		86		17	2	19		59		90		3	2	45		66		53	
58		4		40		76		97		26		62		65		79		87		20		20		62		92		5		47		67		54	5
60		5		44		77	5	98		28	5	63		66		80		88		21		24	5	67		98		9		48		68		56	
63		7		45		78		99		30		65		67	2	81		89		22		29		69		3001		11		49		69		58	
64		8		47		79		1000		32		66		68		82		95		23		30		70		2		13	2	50		70		59	
66		9		48		82		1		34		70		73		83		96		24		31		71		4	2	20		54		74		60	
68		10		50	2	84		3		36		72		78	2	84	2	97		25		32		72		11		21	3	55	3	75	2	61	
70		11		51		89		5		39		73		80	2	88		98		27		35		75		12		23		57		76		62	
71	2	19		53		91		10		40		74		81		91		99	3	28		36		78		14		27		58		77		66	
72		21		57		94		11		41		75		82		92		2108	3	29		39		79	2	16		30		59		78		67	
74		22		62		95		12		42	2	76	3	83		93		10		33		40		81		19		31	2	64		79		69	
75		24		70		96		13		43		77		87		94		11	2	34		50		82		20	5	32		65		82		70	
79		26		72		97		15		47		78		94		95		12		35		51		83	2	21		33		66		83		72	
82		30	5	73		800		17		50	5	79		95	3	96		13		37		54	5	90		23	5	34	2	67		84		73	2
84		32		74		6		20		52		80		96		99		17		38		55		92		25		36		70		85		74	2
86		33		75		7		21		53		82		97		1900		18		39		58		93		27		38		71		86		76	
89		34		77		9		23		55		83		99		1		21		41		59		95		30		49		74		87		78	
90		35		80		10		25		56		84		1700	2	2		24		42		60		96		31		50		78		89		79	
93		37		81		12		26		59	2	85		2		3		27	2	44		63		99		35		52		80		90		84	
96		38		83		13		28		62		87	2	3		4		29		45		65		2800		36		53		82		91		85	
202		43		85		14		30		64		89		4		5		30		48		67	2	5	2	38		54		83		92		86	
5		44		86		17		33		66		90	5	6		7		31		49		70		6		40		56		86		93		87	
9		46		87		22		35		68		92		10		8		34		51	5	73		9		41		59		87		94		89	
10		48		88		23		40		70		93		11		9		35		54		76		11		42		67		93		96		91	
13		49		89		26		43		71		96		12		10		36		56		77		14		43		69		95		97		93	
14		51		91		29		45		75		97		15		16		37		58		80		17		47		70	2	97		99		94	
15		52		94		33		49		77		98	3	16		17		38		60	2	87		20		48	2	71		3500		3701		97	
18		53		96		35		50	3	81		1503		18		21	2	40		61	2	88		25		50	2	72	3	1		2		99	
19		55		97		39		51		82		5		19		26		44		62		90	5	26		51	2	73		5		3		3902	2
20		57		98		42		52	2	83		7	2	20		27		49		64		91		27		57		75		6		4		3	
21		58		600		43		56		90	2	9		22		29		52		66		94		28		60		76		14		5		4	
25	3	61		1		47		57		91		12		23		30		54		67		95		29		61	5	77		15		8		6	
31		62	3	6		50		58		92		13		26		31		55		69		96	2	30		63		78		19		9		9	
34		65		8		51		60		93		17		27		33		57		70		98		31	2	64		79		21		10		10	
35		67		10		52		61	2	97		18		30		34		58		71		99		35	3	65		80		23		11	2	12	
36		70		11	5	57		64		1300		19		33		35	5	60		72		2604		36		67		81		24		17	3	16	
40		74		12		58		71	300	2		21		34		37		61		74		5		40		72		84		25		18		17	
42		76		13		60		72		4	2	23		35		41		65		75		6		41		73		85		26		20		19	
43		78		14		61		74		5		26		37		43		66		81	2	8		42		74		88		27		21		21	
45		81		15		62		80		8		27		39		44		69		82		10		43		75		89		28		22		23	
48		82		17		64		82		10		28		44		48		72		84		11		45		76		90		30		24		27	
51		84		18		65		83		13		32		50		50	2	80		86		13		49		77		91		31		25		29	
55		85		21		70		85		15		33		53		52		82		88		17		52		78		92		35		29		30	
56		92	2	22		76		91		17		35		54		56		84		89		19		53		79		94		36		31	5	33	
58		93		23		77		96		19		36		58		57		86		95		21		59		80	2	96		38		32		36	
60		96		24		78		98		20		37		59		59		87		96		24		60		81		99		39		33		37	
61		97		27		81		99		22		40		60		60		90		97		26		62	5	82		3300		40		35		38	
64		400		29		82		1100		23		42		61		61		92		98		27		67		86		2		44		36		39	
69		4		33		83		1		24		43		68	50	64		95	25	2400		28	2	70	2	87		3	3	47		37		41	
70		6		36		84		2		26		45	2	69		65		97		2		29		71	2	88		6		49		39		42	
75		8		40		86		5		31		46	3	70		68		2200		4		30		72		92		7		51		40		43	
78	5	13		41		88		6		32		47		71		69		1		7		31		74		93	2	9		52		41		50	
79		16	5	46		89		8		33		52		72		76		2	3	9		33		78	5	94		11		53		42		52	
80		18		47		90		9		34		53		75		77		3		10		36		79		99		13		58		43		53	
81		19		49	5	92		10		35		55		77		80		4		12		38		81		3100		14		63	3	44		54	
82		20		50		94		12		39		57		79		81		5		13	3	42		82		1		16		64	3	46		55	5
84		23		52	5	95		13		43		62		82		82		9		14		43		85		2		19		65		48	3	57	
87		25		57		9001		15		45	2	65		83		83		11	2	17		46		86	2	3		20		66		49	2	61	
89		27		59		2	2	16		46		67		85		86		14		18		49		87		8		23	5	68	3	51		65	
96		32		60		4		20	5	47	3	70		87		87		17		21		50	3	90	2	10		24	5	69		53		66	
97		33		61		5		21	2	48		74		88		88		18		23		52		92		11		26		70		55	2	70	
201		35		62		9		22		50		75		90		92		19		24	5	53		94		12		30		71		57		71	
2		40		68		11		23		52		77	5	91		93	3	20		25		56		97		23	5	31		72		61	5	72	
3		41		70		12		24		53		78		93	3	94		24	5	27		58		2900	2	24		34		76		62		74	
5		42		72		13		25		54		79		96		96	3	26		28		59		1	3	15		35		81		66	5	75	
6		43		73		14		27		56		80	2	98		98		27		29		62		2		16		39		82		67		76	
7		44	3	75		16		32		59		81		99		99		28		30		63		4		18	2	40		83		71	5	77	
14		47	3	80		17	3	33		62		82		1804		2002		32		32		64		8		19		43		84		73		78	
15		49	2	81		18		35	3	64		87		5		3		33		35		66		10		21		48	2	85		74		79	
18		54		83		20		37		68		88		6		5		36	2	36		68		11		22		53		88		75		80	
20		55		85		22		38	5	70		91		7		8		37		38	2	69		12		26		55		90		76		81	
24		56		87		23		39		74		93		8	5	9		38	5	44		71		16		28		57		93		77		82	
25		57		89		24		40		76		95		9		12		40	2	46		74		18		32		59	2	94		78		84	
28		58		90		27	2	41		86	3	96		11		13		43		47		76		19		33		60		95		81		86	
32		62	2	92		29		42		88		97		12		15		45		49		77	2	20		38		62	5	98		85		88	
33	3	63	3	95		30		43		89		1601		13	2	19	5	46		53		78		22	2	39		65		99		87		91	
35		65		97	2	31		44		90		3		14		22	3	49		54		81		24		41		67		3600		88		93	
36		66		98		33		45		93		8		16		23		51		56		82		26		42		70		1		90		94	
38		68		99		36		46	2	95		9		20		24		52		57		83	2	28	2	44		72		3		92	100	95	3
40		69		704		37		48		97	5	10	2	21		25		53		58		84		29		46		74		6		97		97	
42	2	70		5		40		50		99		11		23		26	2	55		59		85		30		47		75		9	2	98		99	
46		72		6		42		57		1400		12	2	25		30		56		61		87		31		50		77		10		99		4000	
49		73		8		43		58		1		13		26		32		57		65		89		32		52		80		11		3800			
51	3	75		11		45		59	5	3		14		27		35		58	2	66		91	2	33		55	2	86		14		1			
54	2	76		13		47		65		5		15		28		36		60		68		92		37		56		87		15		6			
55		77		14		48	2	66		6		16		30		41		62		71		93		38		57		89		16		9			
60		78		18		49		69		7		17		31		42		63		73		94		39		60		93		17	2	10			
61		79		19		50		70		9		18		33		44		66		74		96		40		61		97		20		11			
62		85		20		53		74		10		19		34	2	45		69		76		99		41		62		99	5	21		13	2		
63		86		28		54		75		14		21		35		47		72		77		2702		42		63		3400		22		15			
66		87		30		55		77		15		22		38		48	5	73	5	80		5		46		64		1		23		16			
69		88		33		56		80		16		25		40		49	3	74		81		8		47		66		2		25		20			
71		90	2	34		61		82	5	17		27		41		50		75		85	3	12		49		67		4		26		21			

I certify the above to be a juſt and true Liſt of Prizes, drawn in the Fourth Claſs of the Pettie's Iſland Caſh Lottery, for the Benefit of St. Paul's Church.

STEPHEN BAYARD, *Check Clerk.*

For a Prize of 800 *l.* receive	£ 680 0 0	For a Prize of 50 *l.* receive	£ 42 10 0	For a Prize of 3 *l.* receive	£ 2 11 0
300	255 0 0	25	21 5 0	2	1 14 0
100	85 0 0	5	4 5 0	30*s.*	1 5 6

Whereas the Money raiſed by the Claſs Lottery is found inſufficient, after buying off the Groundrent, to finiſh the Church in that decent and neceſſary Manner propoſed; it was concluded (by the Advice of many Friends, and the great Demand for Tickets) to ſolicit the Indulgence of the benevolent Public, in Behalf of an extraordinary Scheme, by Way of *Supplement*, to raiſe the further Sum of *Nine Hundred Pounds*; which will enable to compleat the propoſed Plan, of erecting a CUPOLA, and getting a BELL, which at preſent is much wanted, the Honourable ASSEMBLY of the Province having been pleaſed to let the State-Houſe Bell be rung until now, when the Condition of the Tower will not admit of it any longer.-----From the Number of Tickets engaged; the Benevolence of the Public, which we are gratefully ſenſible of, in enabling us to proceed with ſuch remarkable Diſpatch; and the very advantageous Scheme for the Adventurers, having two capital Prizes of £ 500 each, beſides a great many other valuable Prizes; not two Blanks to a Prize, and the Tickets only *Twenty Shillings* each, it is not doubted the Drawing will begin on *Monday*, the 23d of *Auguſt*. The Adventurers in the Claſs Lottery, who have had Tickets on Credit, are requeſted to ſettle and pay as ſoon as poſſible.

WILLIAM ADCOCK

Is REMOVED to the South East Corner of Market and Second-ſtreets, nearly oppoſite the upper End of the Jerſey Market,

WHERE he has a very large and general Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon, which he will ſell very low for Caſh, either Wholeſale or Retail.

N. B. Said ADCOCK has a convenient STORE to LETT, next Door to where he lives.

Philadelphia, Sixth-Month 7, 1773.

To be LETT, for a TERM of YEARS,

and entered on immediately,

A GOOD MERCHANT-MILL, ſituated on Brandywine Creek, below the Bridge, within half a mile of Wilmington, on a never-failing ſtream, and on the tide water, where ſhallops may come, and load and unload without difficulty. The mill is in good repair, having two pair of burr ſtones, rolling ſcreens, and other utenſils neceſſary for carrying on the manufacture of ſuperfine flour in the beſt manner. For terms, apply to JOSEPH TATNALL, near the premiſes, or to the ſubſcriber, in Water-ſtreet. JOHN MORTON.

WE do hereby certify, that a certain Negroe man, named BOB, formerly the property of Machiminea Porter, of the county of Somerſet and province of Maryland, but now the property of Miller and Heſlop, of the county of Spotſylvania, and colony of Virginia, Merchants, is a SLAVE; that he was born ſuch, that his mother and all her children are ſuch, and that any thing to the contrary of their being any thing elſe than actual ſlaves, during their natural lives, they know not. Given under our hands, this 14th day of October, 1772.

William Vennables, William Horſey, John Mitchell, Caleb Balding, Zach. Maddux, Peter Cullaway, William Figgs, John Hamilton, William Vaughan. (Copy)

RUN away, early laſt December, from Mount-Pleaſant, Spotſylvania county, Virginia, the abovementioned NEGROE. I will give *Ten Pounds* reward, Virginia currency, to have him ſecured in any goal on this continent, on notice given in this GAZETTE; *Twenty Pounds*, if brought to Fredericksburg. When he went off he produced a forged paſs, ſigned with the name of William Smith, Gentleman, one of his Majeſty's juſtices of the peace for the county of Spotſylvania, called himſelf and paſſed as a free man, by the name of ROBERT ALEXANDER; but the above certificate will ſhow him to be a ſlave, as it is ſigned by ſeveral people who were formerly his owners. The dreſs he went off in was a drab Bath coat, a brown broadcloth waiſtcoat, buck breeches, yarn ſtockings, ſhoes and braſs buckles; but as he is a cunning artful villain, he may have changed his dreſs: He ſtole ſundry fine linen ſhirts, the property of Mr. William Heſlop, marked W. H. He is above ſix feet high, ſlim made, a very likely fellow, and is handy at all ſorts of plantation work, is by trade a ſawyer, having been bred to it from his infancy, and attended ſeveral ſaw-mills on the Eaſtern-ſhore (of which place he is a native) he likewiſe underſtands the houſe-carpenter's buſineſs. I expect he has puſhed to the northward, indeed he was followed as far as Annapolis, from whence I imagined he croſſed the Bay; if taken up in Maryland or Pennſylvania, and delivered to Mr. DAVID KERR, near Annapolis, Mr. JAMES JAFFRAY, in Baltimore, or Mr. WILLIAM TURNBULL, Merchant, Philadelphia, the above reward will be paid.

Virginia, May 25, 1773. JOHN MILLER.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forewarned not to carry him off at their peril. *T.b.c.t.f.*

Prince-George's County, Maryland, April 28, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

All together, or in parcels, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers, to the higheſt bidder, on the firſt day of September next enſuing,

BETWEEN ſeven and eight hundred acres of very valuable LAND, on which is a good dwelling-houſe, in good repair, and every other out-houſe and improvement neceſſary for a gentleman or farmer. On this land is a large quantity of ſwamp, ſome of which is already cleared, and all of it may very eaſily be converted into fine meadow; it is an exceedingly pleaſant ſituation, and well adapted either for a tobacco plantation, or a farm; it lies within 12 miles of Bladenſburg, eight of Piſcataway, and four of Alexandria, on Patowmack, in Virginia, where there is now a conſiderable trade carried on in wheat and flour, as well as in tobacco, and where, from the ſituation of the place and other circumſtances, there probably will ſoon be as extenſive a trade, as any where to the ſouthward of Philadelphia. One third of the purchaſe money to be paid down on the day of ſale; and, for the reſt, credit will be given, if required, on giving bond and ſecurity, with intereſt, till paid.

¶ 8 *w.* JOHN ADDISON.

TO BE DISPOSED OF

THE time of a Dutch SERVANT GIRL, who has about 3 years and 9 months to ſerve; ſhe is about 19 years old, and fit for town or country buſineſs; ſhe is ſold for no fault, only want of employment. Enquire of the Printers. ¶

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near Colonel Creſap's, in Maryland, on the 6th of April laſt, a ſervant man, named WILLIAM COADY, aged 27 years, 5 feet 5 inches high, thick ſet, tender eyed, a down look when ſpoke to, round ſhouldered, and the one much higher than the other; he pretends to be a butcher by trade, but knows nothing of it, ſpeaks much on the Iriſh dialect, is very fond of drink and ſmoaking; it is ſuppoſed he will make for Philadelphia or Baltimore. Whoever will ſecure him in any goal, ſo that I get him again, ſhall receive Ten Dollars reward, and if brought home to me, near Winchester, ſhall receive Twenty Dollars reward, paid by me ANGUS M'DONALD. ‖ 12ſ6. *May 26.*

Juſt imported, and to be ſold, by

FRANCIS CASPER HASSENCLEVER,

At his STORE, in Second-ſtreet, midway of Arch and Race-ſtreets, PHILADELPHIA,

A very large and general Aſſortment of ſuperfine, fine, middling and coarſe, warranted

BOULTING-CLOTHS;

WHERE Store-keepers, and Millers in the country, may be ſupplied at as low a rate as ever any have been ſold in this city: He engages, if the CLOTHS ſhould not turn out according to expectation, to exchange them, or return the money. He has alſo for ſale, fine Holland and Sileſia linen, cotton ſtripes, and Flanders bed-ticks, ozenbrigs, tapes, Turkiſh yarn, German ſcythes, of ten different ſorts, ſtraw-knives, whet-ſtones, Dutch tea-kettles, madder, Pruſſian blue, beſt Holland geneva, Teneriffe wine, and a few dozens of old hock. As ſaid *Haſſenclever* intends to go to Europe next fall, he is determined to ſell the above goods lower than any body, for caſh, or ſhort credit. ¶ 3*m.*

CHRISTIAN WIRTZ,

IN Queen-ſtreet, in the Borough of Lancaſter, acquaints his kind cuſtomers in particular, and the public in general, that he has juſt laid in a large and well choſen aſſortment of freſh GOODS, ſuitable to the ſpring and ſummer ſeaſon; and as he has purchaſed them on as good terms as his neighbours, he is determined, without multiplying words, to ſell on as low terms as any perſon can or will in Lancaſter, which he flatters himſelf will be found ſo on trial. ‖ 3 *m.*

STRAYED away, about ſix weeks ago, a black COW, with white under her belly, her udder white, and her hind legs as high as the joint, her fore feet white at three joints from the hoof, with a kind of red ſtroke on her back, and a W on her horn, the lower part of her tail white. Whoever takes up ſaid cow, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, in Market-ſtreet, at the corner of Fourth-ſtreet, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS reward, paid by THOMAS WHITLOCK. § *June 1, 1773.*

WHEREAS the Honourable the Proprietaries of the Province of Pennſylvania, by their Warrant, bearing Date the 15th Day of May, 1754, did grant unto one John Bayers, by the Name and Addition of John Byards, of Cumberland County, Liberty to take up One Hundred Acres of Land, including a Survey, preſumed to be made by James Chambers, without Warrant, on the North Side of Conedogwainet Creek, which Improvement of the ſaid Chambers was before then made over and in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid John Bayers. And whereas the ſaid John Bayers, by Deed Poll, dated the 5th Day of March, 1759, did grant and confirm his Right to the ſame Land, unto one Ezekiel Smith, in Fee, who, with his Wife, by Indenture of Bargain and Sale, dated the 9th Day of April, 1760, did grant the ſame unto one William M'Clellan, in Fee, who obtained the Honourable the Proprietaries Patent for the ſame, bearing Date the 31ſt Day of May, in the Year 1763, wherein the ſaid Tract of Land is deſcribed as followeth, viz. Beginning at a marked Aſh-Tree, ſtanding by Conedogwainet Creek, thence by George Sanderſon's Land, North 4 Degrees Weſt, 152 Perches to a marked Black Oak, thence by George and Alexander Sanderſon's Land, North 86 Degrees Eaſt, 188 Perches to a marked White Oak, thence by John Flemming's Land, South 4 Degrees Eaſt, 219 Perches to a marked Hickory, then North 86 Degrees Eaſt, 40 Perches to a Hickory Grub, and South 4 Degrees Eaſt, 28 Perches to a marked White Oak, ſtanding by Conedogwainet Creek, thence up the ſame on the ſeveral Courſes thereof 294 Perches to the Place of Beginning, containing One Hundred and Ninety-two Acres, and Allowance of Six Acres per Cent. for Roads and Highways; which Tract of Land the ſaid William M'Clellan granted and conveyed to one Caleb Swayze, in Fee, who granted and conveyed the ſame unto John Steel, of Carliſle, in the County of Cumberland aforeſaid. And whereas the Deeds, previous to the aforeſaid Patent from James Chambers to John Bayers, from John Bayers to Ezekiel Smith, and from Ezekiel Smith to William M'Clellan, are by ſome Accident loſt or miſlaid, whereby the Title to the ſaid John Steel is defective, and he refuſes to pay the Purchaſe Money to the ſaid Caleb Swayze, until thoſe Defects are by Law remedied. And thereupon the ſaid Caleb Swayze hath petitioned the Honourable the Repreſentatives of the Freemen of the Province of Pennſylvania, in their preſent Seſſions, for Leave to bring in a Bill to confirm the Title in the ſaid John Steel, and he being directed to give public Notice of his ſaid Application, does hereby inform all Perſons concerned, that if they have any Objection to his having Leave to bring in ſaid Bill, that they appear before the Honourable Aſſembly, at their Sitting in September next, and make their Objections. CALEB SWAYZE. ‖ 3M.

IF JOHN SAVAGE (Son of Henry Savage, late of Saintfield, near Belfaſt) who came to this Country ſome Years ago, and is ſuppoſed to have gone to the Southward, will apply to the Subſcriber, in Philadelphia, or to Dr. WILLIAM SAVAGE, of Dumfries, in Virginia, he may hear of a handſome Eſtate left him in Ireland. GEORGE FULLERTON.

Any Information relative to the above Perſon will be thankfully received. *Philadelphia, June 1, 1773.* ¶

TO THE PUBLIC.

WHEREAS a Ferry is erected for croſſing the Delaware (about a mile below the old one, commonly called Trenton Ferry) ſo remote from the Falls as not to be moleſted by the rapidity of the ſtream, or rocks, and free from the inconvenience of ſhallops laying ſo as to incommode the landing of the ferry-boats. The landing on the Jerſey ſhore, on Mr. Bond's land, is on a ſmooth gravel bottom, at all times of the tide, ſo that there will be no difficulty in landing paſſengers on account of freſhes or ice. On the Pennſylvania ſide, the ſhore is ſmooth, and a commodious wharff built, and the boats lie without being aground. The road leading to the New Ferry is very good, and the difference in the diſtance between it and the Old Ferry, from Philadelphia to New-York, is but little better than half a mile, which the convenience of the Ferry will abundantly compenſate. Gentlemen, &c. travelling towards Croſwicks, Allentown, Shrewſbury, Black-point, &c. will ſave near two miles riding. Good flats for horſes and carriages, and ſmall boats, are provided, and the public may depend on good attendance, by

ELIJAH BOND, and JOHN THORNTON.

Trenton New Ferry, June 8, 1773. 6 *w.*

RATES OF FERRIAGES.

Foot man 3d. Man and horſe 6d. Horſe and chair 1s. 6d. Chair and two horſes 2s. Four wheeled carriage with two horſes 3s. Ditto with four horſes 4s. Ditto with ſix horſes 5s. Cattle per head 6d. Sheep and calves 1½d. per head.

To be LETT, and may be entered on immediately,

A LARGE and commodious TAN-YARD, in the Northern Liberties, near this city; there are on the premiſes a bark-houſe, large enough to contain 200 cords of bark, or thereabouts, and every other building, neceſſary and convenient for a compleat tan-yard, all in good order, alſo a well of good water, with a new pump in it, at the head of the yard. Any perſon inclining to rent the premiſes, may be ſupplied with a parcel of bark (now in the bark-houſe) and all the tools and implements uſed in the tanning and currying buſineſs. It is a well-accuſtomed yard, the buſineſs having been extenſively carried on in it for ſeveral years paſt. For further particulars, enquire of the ſubſcribers. SARAH BETTLE, SAMUEL BETTLE, and JOSEPH HOWELL. *Philadelphia, June 7, 1773.*

Alſo to be ſold or lett, a LOT of GROUND, containing ten acres, in Paſſyunk townſhip, three miles from this city. Enquire of SAMUEL BETTLE.

Cumberland County, in Pennſylvania, May 31, 1773.

LAST week was committed to the goal of ſaid county, a certain JAMES SMITH *(as he calls himſelf) however, be is the identical man that left a ſtolen horſe at John Trindle's, in ſaid county, laſt fall; the horſe was afterwards proved to be the property of Jacob Ryder, of the Manor of Philipſbourgh, in the county of Weſt-Cheſter, and province of New-York; he had with him, when committed, a likely black horſe, about 14½ hands high, ſuppoſed to be ſtolen, as it is reported he is a notorious horſe thief, and has been in ſeveral goals before, and broke out of them all; he is a middle ſized man, fair haired, pitted with the ſmall-pox, about 5 feet 9 inches high, ſays he was born in the Jerſeys. Therefore I requeſt the ſaid Jacob Ryder to come, or ſend for the ſaid priſoner, as ſoon as poſſible.*

Runaway from his bail, laſt March, a certain HENRY KERR, *about 26 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, thin faced, black hair, tied, is much addicted to drinking, ſerved his time in Cheſter county; it is ſuppoſed he has gone there. Any perſon or perſons ſecuring ſaid* KERR *in any goal, ſhall have* THIRTY SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* ROBERT SEMPLE, *Goaler.* ¶

RUN away, on Monday the 5th of April, 1773, from the the Subſcriber, at Birdſborough, a Dutch Servant Man, named CHRISTIAN METZ, a Miller by Trade, is about Forty-ſix Years old, 5 Feet 9 or 10 Inches high, of a fair Complexion, is bald-headed, has a Scar on his left Cheek, is a good Scholar in the German Language: Had on, when he went away, a new Caſtor Hat, a light blue Coat, Leather Breeches, and a ſtriped Flannel Jacket; his other Clothes are not known; he is very fond of ſtrong Liquor. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant (if out of the Province) and brings him home, or ſecures him, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS Reward, and reaſonable Charges, if in the Province, FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by MARK BIRD.

N. B. If taken up in the Jerſeys, or to the Eaſtward of Philadelphia, and delivered to JOHN FEGAN, in Philadelphia, they ſhall receive from him the ſame Reward. *T b c t f.*

THIS is to inform WILLIAM MURRAY, and JOSEPH DANCE, who left ſome Cloth and Worſted with me, the Subſcriber, to be dreſſed, ſome Years ſince, that if they do not come, within three Weeks from the Date hereof, it will be ſold to pay for the Dreſſing, by me JONATHAN MASON, Fuller, in New-Britain townſhip, Bucks county. *June 16, 1773.* ¶

To be RENTED, for a Term of Years,

THE MILLS at the Falls of James River, in the Town of Manchester, which conſiſt of a double Saw-mill and Griſt-mill, with two Pair of Stones, for Country Work, which is worth about 400 Barrels of Corn the Year, a Merchant-mill with four Pair of beſt French Burr Stones, and all Conveniencies neceſſary for carrying on the manufacturing Buſineſs in the beſt Manner; likewiſe a good Dwelling-houſe, with two Rooms on a Floor, and a Cellar and large Fire-place in it; as alſo a large Store-houſe, Cooper's Shop, Stable, Blackſmith's Shop and Tools, and a Lot of two Acres and a Half encloſed about the Works. The Stream affords Water enough for as many more Mills, and the Works are ſo ſituated that they are out of Danger from Freſhes, having never received any Damage but from the unparalleled one in May 1771. Theſe Works, being placed within a few Yards of Navigation, and in the moſt flouriſhing Part of the Country, where any Quantity of Wheat may be purchaſed, the Buſineſs of Manufacturing, as well as the Weſt-India Trade, may be carried on to as great Advantage as any where on the Continent, and a ready Market may be had for any Quantity of Plank, Scantling, &c. The Saw and Griſt-mills are now finiſhed, and the Merchant-mill will be finiſhed by the Firſt of September next. Any Perſon, inclinable to rent the ſaid Works, may know the Terms, by applying to JOHN MAYO.

VIRGINIA, *May 29, 1773.* ¶ 8 *W.*

DESERTED,

On the 21ſt of May, 1773, from the Barracks, at Philadelphia,

JOHN HOODLOSS, Bombardier, of Major DAVID HAY's company, in the firſt battalion of the royal regiment of artillery; he was born near Carliſle, in the county of Cumberland, in England, and brought up to huſbandry, but has latterly aſſumed the character of a profeſſor and teacher of the ſcience of attack and defence, with the ſmall ſword, commonly called *fencing*; he is about 32 years of age, 6 feet high, ſtraight and well made; hath grey eyes, and dark brown hair, with a mixture of grey; he went off in a ſhort nankeen coat, with linen waiſtcoat and breeches, but carried with him his regimental cloathing, conſiſting of a blue coat, lappelled with red, trimmed with yellow worſted lace, and a gold epaulette on the right ſhoulder, the waiſtcoat and breeches of white cloth.---He was at firſt ſuppoſed to have gone towards New-York, but has ſince, it is reported, been ſeen at Wilmington, on Delaware. Whoever apprehends the ſaid deſerter, and will deliver him up, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, and will give notice thereof to Lieut. Col. JAMES, or the Commanding Officer of the royal artillery at New-York, or to Major HAMILTON, of the 18th or royal Iriſh regiment of foot, commanding his Majeſty's troops at Philadelphia, ſhall receive One Guinea reward, over and above the Twenty Shillings ſterling allowed by act of parliament, for apprehending a deſerter. 4 *W.*

ANDREW BECK, junior,

SILK-DYER, and SCOWERER, a few doors above the Bank Meeting-houſe, in Front-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

DYES and cleans all kinds of ſilks and woollens; cleans and ſmokes white ſattins, and white ſilk ſtockings in the neateſt manner; ſcowers, dyes and cleans all ſorts of bedding, blankets, ſilk ſtuffs, damaſk curtains, ſcarlet cloaks ſcowered, preſſed, and cleared to their proper colour; likewiſe cotton and linen yarn dyed blue, or any other colour; cotton dyed red, equal to Turkiſh cotton, ſilk umbrelloes dyed and reſtored to their proper colours, ſo as to look as well as new; mens clothes, laced or plain, cleaned, as in London; he alſo dyes all leather of any colour, for lining chariots, &c. and beaver hats dyed green. Commands from town or country will be obeyed with the ſtricteſt punctuality; and maſters of veſſels having work to do, may depend on its being done in the beſt manner, againſt the time of their ſailing, by their humble ſervant,

† ANDREW BECK, junior.

Weſt-Nantmill, Cheſter County, May 27, 1773.

WAS found, about the middle of April laſt, near the houſe of the ſubſcriber, and now in his cuſtody, a quantity of STEEL; the owner, proving his property, and paying the charge of this advertiſement, may have it again. It was expected the owner would have found where it was, without any expence, otherwiſe it would have been advertiſed ſooner.

¶ WILLIAM GIBBONS.

SAMUEL WHEELER, CUTLER,

At his houſe, in Second-ſtreet, at the ſign of the Scythe and Sickle, about mid-way between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, Philadelphia,

MAKES and has for ſale for the enſuing harveſt, a quantity of ſcythes and ſickles: He likewiſe makes ſcale-beams, ſteelyards, ſteel ſtamps for carpenters and ſmiths, iron or copper brands, and iron work for mills; alſo iron work for the Weſt-Indies, ſuch as axles for carts, &c. bill-hooks, hoes, ſpades, ſhovels, axes, &c. and performs moſt kinds of ſmiths work, that any perſon's buſineſs may require. †

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Plumſted townſhip, Bucks county, on the firſt of this inſtant June, an Engliſh ſervant man, named JOHN CLARK, about 5 feet 4 inches high, of a pale complexion, ſandy hair, liſps when he talks, is lame of his left foot, which is crooked and turns out, by having his leg broke; had on and took with him, an old felt hat, two jackets, one a ſnuff coloured thickſet, with white flannel lining, and no buttons, the other a ſwanſkin, two tow ſhirts, a brown coat, without cuffs, two pair of trowſers, one check home made, the other tow, three handkerchiefs, one black ſilk, one red and white map, and the other check, white thread ſtockings, and good ſhoes. He broke open his maſter's drawers, and took with him Four Dollars. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by me

† MICHAEL SHWARTS.

STOLEN, in the night of the firſt inſtant, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, a bay MARE, four years old laſt ſpring, about 14 hands high, paces and trots, has a brown liſt along her back, from the mane to the tail, a ſhort ſwitch tail, ſhort neck, ſhod before with old ſhoes, no white on her that is known of; likewiſe an old ſaddle, that had no cloth nor houſings, it had a hole in the ſeat. It is ſuppoſed ſhe was ſtolen by a man, who called himſelf WILLIAM REIGH, about 5 feet 8 inches high, and about 30 years of age; had on a lightiſh coloured coat, red jacket, blue breeches, white ſhirt, half-worn hat, worſted ſtockings, pumps, and broad rimmed braſs buckles. Whoever ſecures ſaid mare, and brings her to the ſubſcriber, in Upper Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county, ſhall have *Four Pounds* reward for the mare and thief, or *Forty Shillings* for the mare and reaſonable charges, paid by

June 5, 1773. † SAMUEL HOLSTEIN.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away, the 30th of May laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Newlinton townſhip, Cheſter county, an apprentice lad, named THOMAS TRENTER, about 18 or 19 years old; he is remarkable by having the firſt finger of his right hand burnt off to the firſt joint, and the two next have no nails on them; he is talkative and loves company; had on, when he went away, a flax and tow ſhirt, tow trowſers, a new cloth coat, a fur hat, almoſt new, with no loops in it, a pair of thick ſhoes, almoſt new, with metal buckles; it is very probable he is gone towards Baltimore to his relations. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Forty Shillings reward, or if brought home the above ſum of Three Pounds, with reaſonable charges, paid by ISAAC TRIMBLE.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off at their peril. *June 2, 1773.* ¶

July 14, 1773. NUMB. 2325.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

Meſſieurs HALL and SELLERS.

IT is with Pleaſure I view ſuch Publications in your Paper, as are done with a diſintereſted Intention to ſerve the Public; ſuch I take to be the Piece in the Gazette, No. 2322, under the Signature of *Philadelphus*; and though I am not quite of the ſame Opinion with that Author, in every Particular there advanced, yet as I am ſatisfied there are ſeveral uſeful Hints contained in ſaid Piece, I beg Leave to offer ſome Obſervations on the ſame Subject.

I entirely agree with *Philadelphus*, in Regard to the *Impropriety* as well as the *Illegality* of cumbering and obſtructing the Streets of this City, with any Kind of Buildings whatever; and in this I do not ſo much conſider the preſent Grievances complained of, as the future Conveniency and Healthineſs of this encreaſing Metropolis, which, indiſputably, would be very much affected, by erecting Buildings in the open Paſſages of the Streets, and more eſpecially in *High-ſtreet*, which being the moſt direct and grand Avenue from the Weſtern Part of the Province to the Side of the River Delaware, *the principal Seat of Trade*, it would be a great and intolerable Obſtruction to the large and encreaſing Number of Waggons and Carriages, that ought neceſſarily to have free and uninterrupted Acceſs to the Side of ſaid River. Beſides, we find that in the great Increaſe of Cities and Towns, the holding Markets in the public Streets has generally become ſo great an Inconveniency, as to be deemed a Nuſance, and judged ſufficient Cauſe for removing the ſame: This is not only the Caſe in London, where ſeveral of the Markets, that were formerly in the Streets, have lately been removed out of them into more convenient Places; ſo that of Forty-two Market-places, which are affirmed to be in that City, I know not of one, that at preſent may be ſaid properly to be in a Street, though I am acquainted with the Situations of moſt of the principal Market-places in that Metropolis; but likewiſe, among many others that may be mentioned, the City of New-York has thought fit to adopt the ſame Meaſure, by removing the Market out of the *Broad-Way*, which is ſaid to be a *wider Street* than any in Philadelphia. It may alſo be noted, that Experience ſufficiently demonſtrates, it is neither ſo much for the Intereſt nor Conveniency of large Cities, to confine their Markets altogether to one Place or Situation, as to have ſeveral different Markets in various Parts.

The Preference of having Market-houſes and Markets in Squares, rather than in the Streets, is ſo great, that were it not on Account of ſuch Perſons as have not had the Opportunity of experiencing both Kinds, it would be very ſuperfluous to ſay any Thing on the Subject.

1. It is moſt evident, the erecting Market-houſes in a Square, would not cumber nor crowd the ſame with Buildings, more than we have ſufficient Reaſon to believe the Generality of the Squares, in future, will be crowded with them, by Means of Alleys, Lanes, Stables, &c. provided the City continues to increaſe as it has done; ſo that this Method appears moſt plainly to have this great Advantage, that it would leave the Streets entirely free and open, for the Health and Conveniency of the People, without crowding any other Part of the City more with Buildings, than it would be crowded with them, were the Market-houſes built in the Streets.

2. It is further manifeſt, that the Market being in a Square, rather than in any Street, is much preferable, on Account of Conveniency, Commodiouſneſs, &c. For, ſuppoſe the Square mentioned by *Philadelphus* (which is the moſt ſuitable, of any I know, for this Purpoſe) extends 500 Feet between High-ſtreet and Cheſtnut-ſtreet; if you leave 100 Feet on each of ſaid Streets, to accommodate the Houſes now erected thereon, there remains a Space of 300 Feet broad, in the Middle of ſaid Square, for a Market, to extend from Third to Fourth-ſtreet, about 400 Feet in Length; which Space would accommodate more than twice as much as the preſent Market does, under proper Regulations; for the Ends of the Lots fronting the propoſed Market, might, excluſive of the 300 Feet, be appropriated for Shambles, or Shops, both of living and dead Poultry, Eggs, Bacon, and many other Kinds of Proviſions, conſtantly to be ſold there every Day, and only ſhut up in the Night, like other Shops; which peculiar Conveniency, with ſeveral others that may be mentioned and made in ſuch a Situation, cannot be had in a Market held in the Street; the 300 Feet may contain five or ſix Rows of Market-houſes; as in this Caſe nothing but Proviſions and country Produce, with the Buyers and Sellers of the ſame, ought to occupy the Market, which is a further great Advantage not to be had from a Market in the Street, where Carriages and People are continually paſſing and repaſſing, that have no Buſineſs in the Market; ſo that if the Ground where the Priſon ſtands, &c. was added, and the Improvements made thereon, as propoſed by *Philadelphus*, which I highly approve of, ſaid Market would be made ſtill more extenſively uſeful, and would accommodate three Times as much, at leaſt, as the preſent Market does, beſides the ſuperior Conveniency and Commodiouſneſs of having every Thing in a ſmaller Compaſs, and, as it were, under one View; which is ſo vaſtly preferable to that of cumbering and obſtructing the public Paſſages of the City, as there ought to be ſeveral different and ſuitable Thoroughfares, both out of High-ſtreet and Cheſtnut-ſtreet into ſaid Market, to further accommodate the ſame.

3. It is ſo apparent that the Freeholders in ſaid Square would find it greatly their Intereſt to encourage and promote this Deſign, that it is unneceſſary to inſiſt on this Particular: But ſhould any Perſon or Perſons there be diſpoſed to oppoſe the ſame, as the whole Deſign would moſt manifeſtly be for the public Benefit, an Act of the Legiſlature would eaſily accommodate that Matter; and an Agreement might be made with ſaid Freeholders in a Purchaſe for the Ground, &c.

4. As to the procuring Money for this Purpoſe; if the Houſe of Aſſembly ſhall, on proer Application, refuſe to raiſe the ſame, by a Tax on the interior Counties, or otherwiſe, and thereby make a *free Market*, the Corporation of the City may eaſily borrow it on a Mortgage on the Market, &c. till paid; the Profits ariſing from ſaid Market, and the uſeful Buildings that may be erected where the Priſon ſtands, as propoſed by *Philadelphus*, together with the convenient Rooms and Apartments that may be made over ſaid Market, both on Third and Fourth-ſtreet, and hired out for the many public Uſes, for which they are, and will be wanted, would, in a ſmall Number of Years, enable the Corporation to pay off ſaid Mortgage. There are many other Ways, not to name Lotteries, &c. by which Money might be raiſed ſufficient for ſuch an uſeful and laudable Deſign, among which I ſhall only mention one more, viz.

The Corporation of this City conſiſts of about Sixty Perſons, and they may, by Charter, add as many more as they pleaſe; moſt of them are Gentlemen of competent Eſtates, and the greater Part, the moſt opulent in the Province; theſe may eaſily raiſe ſuch a Fund among themſelves, as would enable them to accommodate the People with the moſt elegant, uſeful and convenient Market in America, provided they were properly empowered by a ſuitable Law for that Purpoſe; the Income of which would bring them in abundantly more than the Intereſt of their Money; ſo that in future Time, ſaid Market, with the other Improvements, would become a fine and clear Eſtate at their own Diſpoſal, under ſuch proper and legal Reſtrictions and Limitations, as by Act of General Aſſembly may be mentioned: As great and expenſive Undertakings as this, in ſome Countries, have been performed by Individuals, both to their own laſting Honour, and the great Utility of the Public; how much more the Corporation of Philadelphia are capable of doing an Act of this Nature, than any ſingle Perſon, I leave to the Judgment of every Perſon who ſhall conſider the ſame: I ſhall only obſerve, with all due Deference to that Body, that as they are in ſome Meaſure conſidered as the Guardians, and Fathers of the City, ſo it appears to be their Duty, before any others, to uſe ſuch Means for its Benefit, as are, or ſhall be in their Power, and more eſpecially when hereby they may both advance their own Fortunes, and tranſmit their Names with Honour to Poſterity, in a Manner, which no Perſon, not even the moſt invidious, can reaſonably object againſt.

CIVIS.

To be SOLD by
WILLIAM HARPER,
At his ſtore, on Crooked Billet Wharff, by wholeſale and retail,

WEST-INDIA and New-England rum, ſugar, tea, coffee, meaſſes, alſpice, pepper, coarſe and fine ſalt, ſtone lime, cheeſe, Holland and Lancaſter gin, ſalt-petred gammons, Burlington pork, beſt Boſton mackarel.

SEA STORES put up at the ſhorteſt notice.

He has alſo for ſale, a LOT of GROUND, ſituate between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, fronting Second-ſtreet from Schuylkill, 60 feet front, and 247 feet back, with a good title.

PHILADELPHIA Bottled BEER and CYDER,
WARRANTED GOOD,
Fit for EXPORTATION, or immediate USE,
LIKEWISE,
Good BLACKBERRY WINE and CYDER VINEGAR,
To be SOLD by
DAVIS BASSETT,
In Fourth-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Indian-Queen. ¶

Philadelphia, July 5, 1773.

STRAYED away, the 28th of laſt month, a ſmall dark brown COW, her head and ears black, with a ſtar in her forehead, the ends of her horns ſawed off, and holes bored thro' them Whoever takes up the ſaid cow, and will bring her to the ſubſcriber, living in Walnut-ſtreet, between Fourth and Fifth-ſtreets, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward. JOSEPH ALSTON, junior. †

BOULTING-CLOTHS,

A LARGE and complete Aſſortment, of 5 and 6-qr. fine, ſuperfine, midling and coarſe, imported by ELLIS LEWIS, and to be ſold, on the loweſt Terms, at his Houſe, in Second-ſtreet, near Spruce-ſtreet, Philadelphia.

Millers and others, that are not well acquainted with BOULTING-CLOTHS, may depend on being ſupplied with the beſt in Quality, and Directions how to affix them on the Reels,----A proportionable Diſcount will be made to thoſe that purchaſe to retail.

He has ſeveral Pair of Cologne Mill-ſtones on Hand, four Feet to four Feet four Inches broad, which will be ſold very low for Caſh or ſhort Credit. T. b. c. t. f.

ROBERT PAISLEY,

INTENDING ſoon to leave this province, earneſtly requeſts all thoſe who ſtand indebted to him, by bond, note or book debt, to ſettle immediately, otherwiſe he will, however diſagreeable, employ an attorney to do it for him. Thoſe who have any demands againſt him, are deſired to call for payment.

N. B. He has ſtill a few Goods on hand, conſiſting chiefly of gauzes and kentings, which will be ſold very reaſonable. ¶

TO BE LETT,

A LOT of about ſix ACRES of LAND, ſituate in the townſhip of Whitemarſh, Philadelphia county, near the griſt-mills late of Samuel Morris, deceaſed, whereon is a large ſtone dwelling-houſe, with convenient apartments for carrying on the buſineſs of ſtore or ſhopkeeping, where a ſhop of goods has been kept near 18 months paſt, being a well ſituated place for that purpoſe, as divers large and public roads, leading from the back inhabitants to Philadelphia, meet together near the premiſes.

Alſo to be SOLD, a good GRIST-MILL, ſituate on Pennypack-creek, in the Manor of Moreland, Philadelphia county, about 14 miles from Philadelphia, with 100 acres of good land, or any leſs quantity, as may beſt ſuit the buyer.

For further information, or the terms, on which either of the ſaid premiſes is to be diſpoſed of, enquire of the ſubſcriber, living in Abington, Philadelphia county.

¶ JOSHUA MORRIS.

THE MANAGERS of TRENTON FISHING-ISLAND LOTTERY, having a Number of Tickets returned by their Friends at a Diſtance, cannot conveniently comply with their former Advertiſement, have therefore poſtponed drawing till Wedneſday, the Firſt of September next, at which Time they will certainly begin to draw, even if the Tickets they have now on Hand ſhould then be unſold. *Trenton, July* 1, 1773. ¶

Philadelphia, July 9, 1773.

WAS FOUND, ſome time in March laſt, TWO PIECES of HANDKERCHIEFS. Whoever has loſt the ſame, may have them again, by applying to me, proving their property, and paying charges, JOHN WHITE, ſalt-meaſurer, in Gray's alley. ¶

Queen-Anne's County, Maryland, July 3, 1773.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

BROKE Jail, on the 2d *Inſtant*, JAMES NUNAR, *who was committed on Suſpicion of Horſe-ſtealing, he is a middle-aged Man, Country-born, about* 5 *Feet* 10 *Inches high, and has long brown Hair; had on a Snuff colored Coat and Veſt, Check Trowſers, and Shoes. Whoever delivers him to the Subſcriber, ſhall receive, if taken in the County, Ten Dollars, and if out of the County the above Reward, from* CHARLES GOLDSBOROUGH, *Sheriff.* ¶

Maryland, June 30, 1773.

RUN away, laſt Sunday night, from the ſubſcriber, two convict ſervant men, viz. *Henry Frazer*, appears to be about 26 years of age, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, has lightiſh hair, full cheeks, and is a fleſhy fellow; had on, when he went away, a ſtriped ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, Engliſh ſhoes, worſted ſtockings, oldiſh hat, and a ſailor's jacket.------ *Robert Armſtrong*, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, and of a lightiſh complexion; had on, when he went away, a claret-coloured broadcloth coat and jacket, a new hat, cut in the faſhion, check ſhirt, ozenbrigs trowſers, Engliſh ſhoes, plated buckles, and worſted ſtockings; he ſaid that his father and mother keeps tavern in ſome part of England, and that he uſed to tend the bar of the tavern; he appeared to be well brought up. They both came in the ſhip Thornton, Captain John Kidd, from London. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervants, and brings them to WILLIAM PANCOAST, on Rawling's river, in Frederick county, or to their maſter, living about 4 or 5 miles from the Great Falls of Patowmack river, ſhall have FIFTEEN POUNDS reward; if confined in any goal in this province, ſo that they may be got again, TEN POUNDS, and reaſonable charges; if taken in New-York, TWENTY POUNDS, paid by ADIN PANCOAST. §

N. B. It is likely they have parted, and that *Robert Armſtrong* has got ruffled ſhirts, and took with him about Sixty Pounds in gold and ſilver, a ſilver watch, a woman's necklace, worth Fifty or Sixty Guineas, which have all been ſeen with him ſince he ran off; and he has changed his name, and paſſes by the name of *Captain Frazer*. All maſters of veſſels and others are forbid to harbour, conceal or carry them off, at their peril.

Eaſton, July 5, 1773.

BY Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Saturday, the 31ſt *Inſtant, at Eaſton, in the County of Northampton, a certain large Stone Tenement, and two Lots of Ground, ſituate in Eaſton aforeſaid, whereon there is a good Stable, and a draw Water Well; late the Property of David Bahrringer; ſeized and taken in Execution by*

¶ PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.*

BY Virtue of His Majeſty's Writ to me directed, will be ſold, at Eaſton, on Saturday, the 31ſt *Inſtant, a certain Plantation and Tract of Land, ſituate in Mount-Bethel Townſhip; bounded by the Lands of Alexander Miller, junior, Widow Miller, and others, and containing about* 138 *Acres. Alſo at the ſame Time will be ſold, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate in the ſaid Townſhip; bounded by Lands of Alexander Galbreath, and others, and containing about* 40 *Acres; both ſaid Tracts, late the Property of John Dunn; ſeized and taken in Execution at the Suit of Cadwalader Morris, and others, and to be ſold by* PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.* ¶

BY Virtue of His Majeſty's Writ to me directed, will be ſold, at Eaſton, on Saturday, the 31ſt *Inſtant, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate in Mount-Bethel Townſhip; bounded by the Lands of Hugh M'Craken, George Beard, and Jonathan Nealſon, and containing about* 229 *Acres, more or leſs, for which there is a Proprietary Warrant; late the Property of John Dunn; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by* PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.* ¶

Lancaſter, July 2, 1773.

BY Virtue of a Writ to me directed, will be expoſed to Sale, by public Vendue, on the Premiſes, the 29th *Day of this Inſtant, at two o' Clock in the Afternoon, all that certain Tract or Parcel of Land, and Place or Town, called Millerſburg, with the Lands therein and thereto adjoining, ſituate and being in the Townſhip of Manor, adjoining the Lands now or late of John Kilheffer, Ludwig Sigler, Frederick Sigler, Philip Kermix, Iſaac Kauffman, John Correll, and others, ſaid to contain about* 400 *Acres, more or leſs, with the Appurtenances, with all the Eſtate and Intereſt of John Miller, late deceaſed, of, in and to the ſame Premiſes, and all and ſingular the Rents, Rent Charges and Annuities, reſerved and iſſuing out of all and every, or any Part of the Premiſes, to the ſaid John Miller, his Heirs or Aſſigns, &c. Alſo one equal Moiety or half Part, of a certain Meſſuage and Lot of Ground, ſituate in that Part of the Borough of Lancaſter, called Adam's Town; alſo a Lot in Bethel's Town; all ſeized and taken in Execution, as the Eſtate of ſaid John Miller, deceaſed, by* FREDERICK STONE, *Sheriff.* ¶

FOR NEWFOUNDLAND,

THE SNOW
CHARLOTTE,
RICHARD CURTIS,
MASTER,

WILL be ready to take in Goods in a few Days. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or ſaid Maſter.

The Times of a few likely Servants, and Redemptioners, juſt arrived in ſaid Veſſel, are to be diſpoſed of.

Philadelphia, July 9, 1773.

FOR CORK, OR NEWRY,

THE ſhip BESTEY, DAVID M'CUTCHON, Maſter, has the greateſt part of her cargoe ready to go on board, and will ſail about the 20th inſtant. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSEPH CARSON, in Market-ſtreet, or to the Captain on board, at Market-ſtreet wharff.

Juſt arrived in the ſaid ſhip, from Newry, a number of Redemptioners and SERVANTS, whoſe times are to be diſpoſed of by ſaid CARSON, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, the 7th door from the corner of Second-ſtreet, or by the Captain on board. §

FIFTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away, on the 4th *of July inſtant, from the Subſcriber, in Carnarvon Townſhip, Lancaſter County, an Iriſh Servant Lad, about* 17 *Years of Age, named* JOHN KELLEY, *but may change his Name; had on a Tow Linen Shirt, Flaxen Trowſers, too large for him, a Walnut coloured Cloth Jacket, with Sleeves, lined with white Flannel, old Hat, old Shoes, about* 5 *Feet* 4 *Inches high, wore his own fair Hair: Took with him a bay Mare, about* 11 *Years old, has a ſmall Blaze down her Face, leading to one of her Noſtrils,* 14½ *Hands high, has been ſhod all round, but it is thought has loſt ſome of her Shoes, which will cauſe her to go lame. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and puts him in Goal, ſo that his Maſter may get him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, and for the Mare Twenty Shillings, paid by* JOHN JENKEN, *junior.* ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By the Snow PENN, *Captain* M'CADDON, *arrived here from* CORK, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

From the FRONTIERS *of* POLAND, *April* 7.

THE Dietine of Wilkomirz was held in much diſorder. The Nobles were divided into two factions, and diſputed with their drawn ſabres. There was ſome bloodſhed, and it was very near being a general maſſacre, for the two parties ſeized their muſkets, and pointed them one againſt the other.

Vienna, April 28. His Imperial Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint General Elrichſhauſen, to be Commander General in Moravia, General d'Ayaſſaſſa, to be Commander General in Hungary, and General Matheſen, to be Commander General in Sclavonia; and alſo to make ſeveral military promotions, viz. ſix Generals of foot, 6 Generals of horſe, 25 Lieutenant-Generals, 31 Major-Generals, 41 Colonels of foot, 21 Colonels of horſe, and 9 Colonels of huſſars.

Hague, May 7. The Dutch Eaſt-India Company have received an account, by the firſt ſhip of their homeward-bound fleet, juſt arrived in the Texel, that a moſt terrible earthquake had ſwallowed up a great part of a mountain upon the coaſt of Sumatra, above a league in length, and deſtroyed between two and three thouſand inhabitants, with all their cattle, plantations, &c. and that the fire which iſſued out of the earth had been ſeen at a very great diſtance at ſea.

Warſaw, April 24. The 21ſt inſt. two Plenipotentiaries were ſent to let his Majeſty know, that a confederacy was formed under Count Poninſki, as Marſhal, and under Prince Radzivil, Marſhal of Lithuania, and at the ſame time to aſk his Majeſty to enter into it himſelf. The King anſwered them by the Chancellor of the Crown, "that he muſt deliberate with his council on the affair."

The next day the King ordered the Chancellor to declare openly at Court, in his Name, "that, as the three allied Powers had not without ſome threats deſired a confederacy, and the nation had joined themſelves to it, his Majeſty gave his approbation." After this the Marſhals of the confederacy kiſſed his Majeſty's hand.

The reaſon why the allied Powers inſiſted ſo ſtrongly on the confederacy is, that now every thing at the Diet will be determined by a majority of voices. There are already 110 Nuncios here.

Mr. Reytan, Nuncio of Novogrod, ſtill remains ſtedfaſt to his firſt reſolution of not entering into the confederacy, notwithſtanding the many ſevere threats he receives. He did not leave the Nuncios Chamber till he had heard that his Majeſty had joined the confederacy. Mr. Reytan is, notwithſtanding this, in high eſteem with every one, even the King and all the foreign Miniſters; and his Majeſty has aſſured him he need fear nothing, and that he may either ſtay here or return home, which he likes beſt; and that his effects, by the King's orders, are ſecure from ſequeſtration.

Paris, April 30. The Duke de C------- has found means to eſcape from the Citadel of Havre-de-Grace, where he was confined; and it is thought that he has fled to England.

Peterſburgh, April 16. Advices from Aſtracan make mention of an event, which is of great detriment to the Ruſſian empire, it being nothing leſs than the removal of a whole people, of which we have not had an inſtance, ſince that famous one of the Goths and Vandals.

The Turgut, a Kalmuck Tribe, who, ever ſince the laſt century, have inhabited the Aſtracan Steppe (the Ruſſians call a woody unbuilt large tract of land, Steppe) between Aſtracan and Saratow, under the Ruſſian government, have lately removed from thence, with their wives, children, and all their effects, through the Orenburgian government, and the Steppe of the Kirgis Kaiſaki, to the country, called Diſungoria, which lies between the Steppe of Kirgis, Kaiſaki, Siberia, China, and the Leſſer Bucharia, where the forefathers of this tribe formerly had lived.

Ruſſia, by the removal of this nation, will be hurt greatly in many reſpects. In the firſt place that empire loſes 30,000 men, which they were able to raiſe at any time; and in the next place it loſes the trade of that people, who uſed to breed vaſt herds of cattle, and brought to Aſtracan, and other towns of the Wolga, cows, ſheep, leather, &c. and took back corn, meal, rice, copper kettles, iron, knives, cloth, and Pruſſian commodities of different kinds. The Ruſſians have ſent two ſtrong corps of troops after them, both of which have returned with bad ſucceſs, not having been able to overtake the Turgut, and have met with conſiderable loſſes, from the difficulty of the journey they had to take.

L O N D O N.

May 8. Private letters from Madrid inform us, that the Court had diſpatched ſeveral expreſſes one after another to the Havanna, the laſt of which was forwarded from Cadiz by a clean frigate, furniſhed with oars, to make the beſt of their way, ſhould their voyage be retarded by calms or contrary winds.

They write from Venice, that a ſhock of an earthquake had lately happened at the iſland of Corfu, in the Mediterranean, a ſmall territory belonging to the Republic, by which one third of it was overthrown.

We are told from Paris, that, by a courier arrived from Madrid, it ſeems the Court of Spain is obliged to ſubmit to the agreements contracted by the Court of France with that of England; by which means the King of Spain's obligations to ſupply France with 100 millions, upon having the general farms as a mortgage, redeemable in 20 years, is void and of no effect. All warlike preparations are ſuſpended on every ſide; and the great work now to be built upon is, to bring the Emperor of Germany, and the King of Pruſſia, to ſubmit to arbitration their pretenſions to Poland, and to relieve the Republic of Dantzic from the Pruſſian yoke.

A morning paper ſays, by letters from Cairo, we learn, that Ali Bey has juſt given a proof of his proficiency in the art of financeering, which outdoes all that any of the three northern allies have given. He has obliged the Jews to pay him a conſiderable ſum, one half of which he told them was in part of intereſt and indemnification, and for non-enjoyment of the great ſums their anceſtors borrowed, and feloniouſly carried off, from the antient Egyptians; and the other half is part of the intereſts due upon the fine not paid, for the murder of Jeſus Chriſt. We recommend this tranſaction to the ſerious conſideration of the Courts of Vienna, Peterſburgh, and Berlin, and hope they will depute a ſolemn embaſſy to Ali Bey, to congratulate him on the great improvement he has made in the art of appropriating our neighbour's goods. The ſuperiority of Ali Bey over his three rivals is evident; for, firſt, he does not prove his claims by antiquated records of diſputable authority, but by books known and allowed to be authentic by the Jews themſelves. In the next place, his claims are inexhauſtible; for, ſetting the original debt at no more than the purchaſe money of the legitimate eſtate of the houſe of Brandenburgh, the accumulated intereſt ariſing thereon will make ſuch an enormous ſum, that, according to Dr. Price's calculations, a maſs of gold, equal to the whole body of the earth, would not diſcharge it.

May 10. They write from Copenhagen, that the Sieur Martelle, Commander of the ſquadron at Elſineur, had received orders to proceed immediately, with the ſhips under his command, to the Mediterranean.

Recent advice has confirmed the intelligence, that the Emperor of Germany, with all the Princes of the Empire, have conſented to the eſtabliſhment of the Society of Jeſus, not only in Germany, but in all the Auſtrian dominions in Italy, &c. ſo that the Holy Fathers are likely to flouriſh once more.

Houſe of Commons, May 10) Deferred the call of the Houſe till next Monday.

About half after three o'clock the order of the day, relative to Eaſt-India affairs, came on in the Houſe of Commons, when General Burgoyne roſe, and entered into a very ſenſible and judicious inveſtigation of the ſubject under conſideration, and the urgent neceſſity there was for an inquiry into the conduct of the Company's ſervants abroad; he particularly dwelt on the revolution in Bengal, the depoſition and murder of Surajah Dowla, and Omichund, and concluded by propoſing the following reſolutions, which were ſeconded by Sir William Meredith:

I. That all acquiſitions made under the influence of a military force, or by treaty with foreign Powers, do, of right, belong to the State.

II. That to appropriate acquiſitions acquired under the influence of a military force, or by treaty with foreign Powers, to a private uſe, is illegal.

III. That great ſums of money have been obtained by ſuch means from the Sovereign Princes in India."

May, 11. The debates laſt night on the Eaſt-India affairs laſted till near eleven o'clock, when the houſe agreed, without a diviſion, to the propoſitions laid before them by General Burgoyne.

However pacific the French miniſtry appear to be, there are juſt grounds to apprehend that their fleets in India may act in a very different manner.

A correſpondent ſays, it is more than an even wager, that Sir Charles Saunders will ſoon have occaſion for the ſtores and other neceſſaries he lately purchaſed.

Whatever reports may be circulated to the contrary, it is now certain, that the Courts of Great-Britain and Ruſſia perfectly underſtand one another, and, inſtead of enemies, mean to act as friends and allies in all continental matters.

It is ſaid that Lord Bellamont is on the point of accepting an important embaſſy to a certain Court, which there is no doubt of his executing with honour to himſelf and his country in general, men of ſpirit being the men wanting at this critical juncture of affairs.

Letters from Leghorn aſſure us, the Corſicans are daily deſerting the iſland; offers highly advantageous are yet making, to diſpoſe of it to a neighbouring power.

Extract of a Letter from Cracow, April 28.

"As the inſolence of the foreign troops encreaſes, ſo riſes the ſpirit of the Poles; every man now ſees the deſign of the three powers who have ſeized the kingdom to enſlave it; and talk in ſo ſpirited and reſolute a manner of extirpating the foreigners, and adhering to their old forms of government, that they only want a General to lead them on, and they would begin the great work immediately. It is not only in one place that this reſenting prevails, but over all the kingdom; it is not the effect of deſperation, but a noble deteſtation of ſlavery."

Advices from Genoa mention, a recent inſurrection there, which was happily quelled without any bloodſhed.

Extract of a Letter from Venice, April 10.

"The number of Ruſſian Veſſels daily encreaſe in the Archipelago, and many of them are now cruizing in the Adriatic, which, added to the extraordinary movement of the Emperor of Germany on the coaſts of Dalmatia and Morlachia, gives this republic many fears for its ſafety; and the ſtrictneſs of attention which is paid both to the military and naval forces, ſeem to indicate an expectancy or attack.

"We have received certain and very authentic advices, that hoſtilities have really commenced between the Ruſſians and Turks at ſea."

Laſt Saturday's Gazette contains his Majeſty's proclamation for diſcontinuing the bounties offered for ſeamen and landmen, to enter on board his Majeſty's ſhips of war.

Letters from Barcelona and Carthagena, brought by yeſterday's mail, confirm, that the fitting out the ſhips at thoſe ports, and the enrolment of ſailors on the coaſt of Spain, had been countermanded by orders from the Spaniſh Court.

The bill to allow a drawback of the duties of Cuſtoms on the exportation of Teas to any of his Majeſty's colonies or plantations in America, received the Royal aſſent yeſterday.

This morning 600 tons of ſalt proviſions were ſhipped off on board two tranſports at the Tower, together with ſome other ſtores, for his Majeſty's garriſon at Falkland's Iſland.

May 12. *Advices from Dreſden mention, that the Elector of Saxony is making preparations to march into Poland, at the head of the army he is now raiſing, in order to ſupport the pretenſions of Prince Charles to the Duchy of Courland.*

They write from Amſterdam, that the Dutch have eleven men of war of the line, and four frigates, at that port, all compleatly manned, and ready to ſail on the ſhorteſt notice.

It is ſaid that two letters of a very ſingular nature have been received by a great perſon, within theſe few days, from the Court of Brunſwick.

A literary correſpondence is ſaid to be kept up between his P------- Majeſty and ſome perſons in this kingdom, by which he is informed of many curious articles, long before they are publiſhed in London.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, May 10

"Orders are come here to ſtop the fitting out of the fleet; in conſequence of which, the ſhips lately come from Plymouth will return thither with the firſt fair wind. The men on board the guardſhips are to be reduced to their former complement; ſeveral frigates are to be paid off; and the recruiting parties for marines called in."

May 13, A report was this day current, that freſh orders were ſent down to Portſmouth laſt night, to proceed with all expedition in fitting out the fleet. What foundation there may be for this report, we pretend not to ſay; but 'tis certain the ſtocks have fallen this day very conſiderably.

Extract of a Letter from Peterſburgh, May 4.

"Advice has been received, that a large body of the rebellious Coſſacks, &c. in the Crimea, have been defeated by a detachment of the troops ſent againſt them, and were obliged to retire into Bacaſeray, the capital of Crim Tartary, where they have fortified themſelves in a very ſtrong manner; and as they have a communication with the contiguous country, can draw a freſh ſupply of proviſions every day, which will conſequently enable them to maintain the ſiege a long time."

They write from Berlin, that conſiderable detachments of Pruſſian troops are conſtantly marching into New Pruſſia.

Advices from Vienna ſay, that ſeveral of the young Princes of Germany have lately accepted commands in the Imperial army.

Some letters from Gibraltar mention, that 4 large ſhips of the Ruſſian fleet have lately put in there, with two Algerine prizes.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, May 7.

"The new Eaſt-India Company goes on with the moſt flouriſhing proſpect, every perſon deems it a national concern, and as ſuch is much intereſted in its ſucceſs; but none ſhew a greater patronage to it than the King and Miniſtry. Several ſhips are to ſail in a very ſhort time, and the King has granted three ſhips of the line, and two frigates, as a convoy, which are to remain there for the protection of trade; and, we hear, that three regiments will ſoon be embarked for the Mauritius."

Advice was received yeſterday at the India Houſe, over land from India, containing an account of an action that had lately happened between their forces at Bombay, and a Prince of the country, who had made ſome encroachments upon the Company's territories in that province; that their troops had been ſucceſsful, and taken a principal town of the enemy by ſtorm; but that unfortunately their commander in chief, General Wedderburne, had been killed in the action.

Sir George Saville has, in the moſt polite and reſpectful terms, by a letter from Mr. Wilkes and Mr. Serjeant Glynn, thanked the Freeholders of Middleſex, for the great honour done him by the reſolution of the 30th of April, and aſſured them of his perſevering in his endeavours to ſupport and defend the rights of election, on which they are ſo materially intereſted.

They write from Paris, of the ſecond inſtant, that the Prince of Manoco was juſt arrived there, to negociate an affair of importance with the Court of Verſailles, relative to the ſale of ſome lands belonging to his Highneſs, which are to be transferred to France.

Letters from Warſaw, of the 24th ult. adviſe, that ſeveral perſons who had been in priſon, under a ſtrong guard, for upwards of twelve months, on ſuſpicion of being concerned in a plot againſt the King's life, had juſt found means to make their eſcape.

May 14, The Empreſs of Ruſſia has ſent extraordinary couriers to her Ambaſſadors at Madrid and Verſailles, requiring a categorical anſwer immediately, in regard to which ſide thoſe powers intend to take part with, in the war in the Mediterranean.

A few days ſince advices were received at St. James's from Sir Joſeph Yorke, his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at the Hague, ſaid to contain the reſolutions of the States-General, in regard to ſome propoſals ſubmitted to them by our Court.

Edinburgh, May 8. At the Meeting of the Proprietors of the Bank of Douglas, Heron, and Company, there were preſent his Grace the Duke of Buccleugh, the Earl of Dumfries, Sir Adam Ferguſon, and 80 other Proprietors. It was the Opinion of ſome of the Gentlemen, before the Meeting, that the Company ſhould be diſſolved, and the Debts, due to and by the Company, paid off as ſoon as poſſible. Others were of Opinion, that to call in their Debts, and take their Notes out of the Circulation too ſuddenly, would be a great Inconvenience and Hurt to the Country. Upon Inſpection of the Affairs of the Company at the Meeting, they were found to be in a better Situation than was expected, and the Proprietors unanimouſly agreed to let their Affairs go on much in the ſame Footing as at preſent, till the 24th of June, when it is likely there will be another Meeting.

We hear alſo, that at the above Meeting the extraordinary Directors were veſted with a Power of giving up the Dumfries and Edinburgh Branches of the Douglas Bank when they think proper.

Wedneſday laſt was held at Glaſgow a General Meeting of the Merchant Banking Company, when the Affairs of that Concern gave entire Satisfaction to the whole Proprietors. The Company unanimouſly returned Thanks to the Directors, for their prudent and ſteady Conduct, and adjourned their General Meeting to the firſt Wedneſday of November next.

Dublin, May 15. By the George, Captain Pinkerton, which arrived at Londonderry, on the 8th of this inſt. from Norway, we have the melancholy account that ſome weeks ago, a large Swediſh Eaſt-India ſhip was brought in by ſome fiſhermen on the coaſt near Chriſtianſound; and that, whether for want of proviſions, or ſome other misfortune (the information being rather imperfect) but the crew muſt have experienced the greateſt diſtreſs, for out of 73 men, 70 were actually found dead between decks by the fiſhermen, and the other three at the point of death.

B O S T O N, *June* 30.

On Monday laſt his Excellency ſent the following MESSAGE to both Houſes, viz.

Gentlemen of the Council, and of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,

THE Secretary has laid before me a Number of engroſſed Bills, in which you have made an Alteration in the uſual Form of inſerting the Year of the King's Reign.

"I am not only averſe to Innovations, unleſs a manifeſt Reaſon can be given, but I am alſo reſtrained by my Inſtructions from conſenting to any Bill of an unuſual and extraordinary Nature, without a ſuſpending Clauſe.

"I muſt deſire you to reconſider this Matter, and to cauſe your Bills to be prepared in a Form which has not only been conſtantly practiſed in this Government, but, as I have Reaſon to think, in moſt Parts of his Majeſty's Dominions.

Province-Houſe,
June 28, 1773. T. HUTCHINSON."

To which the HOUSE immediately ſent the following ANSWER.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe have read your Meſſage juſt now laid before them, and cannot but wonder that you ſhould conſider the bills that have paſſed the two Houſes, as of an extraordinary Nature, merely becauſe the Words expreſſive of the Year of the King's Reign, are in plain Engliſh, inſtead of the Roman Language as uſual, or that your Excellency ſhould think yourſelf reſtrained by an Inſtruction from conſenting to them.

"It is immaterial to the Houſe, and therefore if your Excellency thinks proper to order the Bills to be laid before us, we will, to gratify your Excellency, recede from that which you are pleaſed to ſtile an Innovation."

July 5. Tueſday laſt the Great and General Court or Aſſembly of this Province, was prorogued to Wedneſday, the 15th of September next, his Excellency the Governor having firſt ſigned his Conſent to fifteen engroſſed Bills, which were paſſed this Seſſion.

N E W-Y O R K, July 12.

Advice is received from Honduras Bay, dated the 29th May laſt, that the Day before, the Inhabitants at St. George's Key, were alarmed with an Account of an Inſurrection having happened among the Negroes in the Old River, which broke out amongſt the Slaves belonging to Walter Davidſon, who, when the Accounts came away, had murdered two White Men, and being powerful in Number, were proceeding to the next Mahogany Works, to invite or force the Slaves to join them. A Number of Inhabitants, joined to a Detachment of Sailors from the Diligence Man of War, properly victualled and armed, are juſt now preparing to ſet off in Queſt of the Revolters;---every Perſon poſſeſſed of Families and Property in the different Rivers, are obliged to quit the Key and proceed thither: Such Negroes as are ſuſpected on this Key, were laſt Night taken up and confined on board the Man of War; every Precaution is taken to prevent any further Diſorder, and are in Hopes the Inſurrection will, with the Bleſſing of God, be ſubdued in a ſhort Time.

P H I L A D E L P H I A, *July* 14.

☞ The Public is cautioned to beware of Counterfeit THREE POUNDS and THIRTY SHILLING BILLS of this Province, dated March 1, 1769; they are done with Printing Types, and ſo like the true Bills, that, without examining them very attentively, many Perſons may be deceived by them.

Captain Newbold, from Tobago, informs, that on the 21ſt ult. they had a violent Gale of Wind at that Iſland, which laſted about 6 Hours; it began at N. E. but afterwards ſhifted to S. W. and cauſed ſuch a prodigious high Sea, that the Veſſels were near foundering at their Anchors; a Ship from London, that arrived three Days before, dragged her Anchors, and was near going on Shore; ſhe ſtruck the Ground, by which Means ſhe ſprung a Leak, and had five Feet Water in her Hold; a Sloop belonging to the Iſland, loaded with Sugars, was drove aſhore and loſt; and a Schooner was alſo drove aſhore, but got off again; great Damage was likewiſe done to the Plantations. On the 3d Inſtant, in Lat. 27:55, Long. 66:45, he ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Ruſſell, from Virginia for Hiſpaniola, out 14 Days, all well.

Captain Wallace, from Cadiz, on the 9th of June, in Lat. 29, Long. 21, ſpoke a Sloop, from St. Lucar for New-York, out 17 Days; on the 1ſt Inſtant, in Lat. 27, Long. 63, ſpoke a Brig, from Antigua for London; and on the 3d, in Lat. 29:40, Long. 63:40, he ſpoke the Sloop Thunderer, Captain Newton, from New-York for St. Croix, out 10 Days, all well.---Capt. Wallace informs us, there was great Appearance of a very good Harveſt throughout Spain and Portugal. The Captains Sutton and Shrowdy are arrived at Cadiz from this Port; and Captain Henderſon, of this Place, from Virginia.

The Schooner Polly, Captain Wyer, from North-Carolina, arrived at Cadiz the 7th of May, out 84 Days, having loſt his Maſts in a hard Gale of Wind, 100 Leagues to the Weſtward of Fyall.

Captain Hinſon, from Barbados, on the 23d ult. in Lat. 20:8, Long. 63:42, fell in with the Schooner William and Catherine, Captain M'Neal, of Boſton, bound from Grenada for Dublin, with a Cargoe of Rum and Sugar, who had ſprung a Leak a few Days before. He kept her Company till next Day, when the Schooner's People being wearied out, two of them falling ſick, and the Water gaining on them ſo faſt, they found it impoſſible to ſave the Veſſel, Captain Hinſon took them all (7 in Number) on board his Veſſel, and has brought them in with him.

Captain Conyngham, from Antigua, on the 3d Inſtant, in Lat. 29:22, Long. 69:33, ſpoke a Sloop, from New-York for Providence, out ten Days; 7th, in Lat. 36:33, Long. 73:37, ſpoke a Schooner from New-London for the Weſt-Indies, with Cattle; and on the 8th, in Lat. 38:9, Long. 75:39, he ſpoke a Brig, from Cape-Fear for Plymouth, out ſix Days.

On Thurſday Evening laſt, between 9 and 10 o'Clock, Mr. John Lukens, of this City, on his Way Home, on the Germantown Road, was ſtopped by two Men, one of which ſeized his Horſe by the Head, and the other ſpringing into the Chair in which he was riding, preſented a cocked Piſtol, and demanded a Delivery of his Caſh, threatening, if he made the leaſt Reſiſtance, to blow his Brains out; but Mr. Lukens telling them he had no Caſh about him, the Fellow made a Blow at him with a Club, which he received on his Shoulders; they then ſearched him, but finding no Caſh, they demanded his Watch, which he delivered them, and they went off. The Maker of the Watch's Name is J. Snelling, London, Number 2277.

COPIES of LETTERS sent to Great-Britain, by his Excellency THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *the Hon.* ANDREW OLIVER, *&c. of Boston.*

(Continued from our last.)

SIR, Boston, 11th May, 1768.

I AM this moment favoured with your very obliging letter by Capt. Jarvis, of the 2d March, which I have but just time to acknowledge, as this is the day given out for the ship to sail. I wrote you the 23d of February, in reply to your letter of the 28th December, that of the 12th February which you refer to in this of the 2d of March, is not yet come to hand. You lay me, Sir, under the greatest obligations, as well for the interesting account of public affairs, which you are, from time to time, pleased to transmit me, as for your steady attention to my private concerns. I shall always have the most grateful sense of Mr. Grenville's intentions of favour also, whether I ever reap any benefit from them or not. Without a proper support afforded to the King's officers, the respect due to government will of course fail; yet I cannot say, whether, under the present circumstances, and considering the temper the people are now in, an additional provision for me would be of real benefit to me personally or not. It has been given out, that no person who receives a stipend from the government at home, shall live in the country. Government here wants some *effectual* support: No sooner was it known that the Lieutenant-Governor had a provision of £ 200 a year made for him out of the revenue, than he was advised, in the Boston Gazette, to resign all pretensions to a seat in Council, either with or without a voice. The temper of the people may be surely learnt from that infamous paper; it is the very thing that forms their temper; for if they are not in the temper of the writer at the time of the publication, yet it is looked upon as the ORACLE, and they soon bring their temper to it. Some of the latest of them are very expressive, I will not trouble you with sending them, as I imagine they somehow or other find their way to you: But I cannot but apprehend from these papers, and from hints that are thrown out, that if the petition of the House to his Majesty, and their letters to divers noble Lords, should fail of success, some people will be mad enough to go to extremities. The Commissioners of the Customs have already been openly affronted, the Governor's company of Cadets have come to a resolution not to wait on him (as usual) on the day of General Election, the 25th instant, if those gentlemen are of the company; and the Town of Boston have passed a Vote, that Faneuil-Hall (in which the Governor and his company usually dine on that day) shall not be opened to him, if the Commissioners are invited to dine with him. A list of Counsellors has, within a few days past, been printed and dispersed, by way of sneer on Lord Shelburne's letter, made up of King's officers; which list, the writer says, if adopted at the next general election, may take away all grounds of complaint, and may possibly prove a healing and very salutary measure. The Lieutenant-Governor is at the head of this list; they have done me the honour to put me next, the Commissioners of the customs are all in the list, except Mr. *Temple*, and to compleat the list, they have added some of the waiters. I never thought till very lately that they acted upon any *settled plan*, nor do I now think they have, till of late; a few, a very few, among us have planned the present measures, and the government has been too weak to subdue their turbulent spirits. Our situation is not rightly known; but it is a matter worthy of the most serious attention. I am, with the greatest respect, Sir,

Your most obedient and most humble Servant,

ANDREW OLIVER."

I shall take proper care to forward your Letter to Mr. Ingersoll. He had received your last

SIR, Boston, 13th February, 1769.

I HAVE your very obliging favour of the 4th of October. I find myself constrained, as well by this letter, as by my son and daughter Spooner's letters since, to render you my most sincere thanks, for the very polite notice you have taken of them; and I pray my most respectful compliments to the good lady your mother, whose friendly reception of them at Nonsuch has, I find, engaged their warmest esteem and respect---He hath wrote us that he had a prospect of succeeding in the business he went upon; but the last letter we had was from her, of the 23d of November, acquainting us that he had been very ill, but was getting better. She writes as a person overcome with a sense of the kindness they had met with, in a place where they were strangers, on this trying occasion.

You have heard of the arrival of the King's troops, the quiet reception they met with among us was not at all surprizing to me. I am sorry there was any occasion for sending them. From the address of the Gentlemen of the Council to General Gage, it might be supposed there was none. I have seen a letter from our friend Ingersoll, with this paraphrase upon it---"We hope that your Excellency observing with your own eyes *now* the troops are among us, our peaceable and quiet behaviour, will be convinced that that wicked G-----r B---d told a fib in saying, We were not so before they came."

I have given you the sense of a stranger on a single paragraph of this address, because I suspected my own opinion of it, until I found it thus confirmed---If you have the news-papers containing the address, your own good sense will lead you to make some other remarks upon it, as well as to trace the influence under which it seems to have been penned. The disturbers of our peace take great advantage of such aids from people in office and power---The Lieutenant-Governor has communicated to me your letter, containing an account of the debates in Parliament, on the first day of the session: We soon expect their decision on American affairs, some, I doubt not, with fear and trembling---Yet I have lately had occasion to know, that be the determination of Parliament what it will, it is the determination of some to agree to no terms that shall remove us from our old foundation. This confirms me in an opinion that I have taken up a long time since, that if there be no way to take off the original incendiaries, they will continue to instil their poison into the minds of the people, through the vehicle of the BOSTON GAZETTE.

In your letter to the Lieutenant-Governor, you observe upon two defects in our constitution, the popular election of the Council, and the return of Juries by the Towns. The first of these arises from the Charter itself; the latter from our provincial Laws. The method of appointing our Grand Juries lies open to management. Whoever pleases, nominates them at our town-meetings; by this means one, who was supposed to be a principal in the Riots of the 10th of June last, was upon that Jury, whose business it was to inquire into them: But the provincial legislature hath made sufficient provision for the return of Petit Juries, by their act of 23d Geo. 2d, which requires the several towns to take lists of all persons liable by law to serve, and forming them into two classes, put their names, written on separate papers, into two different boxes, one for the Superior Court, and the other for the inferior: And when Venires are issued, the number therein required are to be drawn out in open town-meeting, no person to serve oftner than once in three years---The method of appointing Grand Juries appears indeed defective; but if the other is not, it may be imputed to the times, rather than to the defect of the laws---that neither the Grand Juries nor the Petit Juries have of late answered the expectations of government.

As to the appointment of the Council, I am of opinion, that neither the popular elections in this province, nor their appointment, in what are called the royal governments, by the King's mandamus, are free from exceptions, especially if the Council, as a legislative body, is intended to answer the idea of the House of Lords in the British legislature. There they are supposed to be a free and independent body, and on their being such, the strength and firmness of the constitution does very much depend; whereas the election or appointment of the Council, in the manner before mentioned, renders them altogether dependent on their constituents. The King is the fountain of honour, and as such the Peers of the realm derive their honours from him; but then they hold them by a surer tenure than the provincial Counsellors, who are appointed by mandamus. On the other hand, our popular elections very often expose them to contempt; for nothing is more common, than for the Representatives, when they find the Council a little untractable at the close of the year, to remind them that May is at hand.

It may be accounted by the colonies as dangerous to admit of any alterations in their charters, as it is by the Governors in the Church to make any in the establishment; yet, to make the resemblance as near as may be to the British Parliament, some alteration is necessary.

It is not requisite, that I know of, that a Counsellor should be a freeholder; his residence according to the charter is a sufficient qualification; for that provides only, that he be an inhabitant of, or proprietor of lands within the district for which he is chosen; whereas the Peers of the realm sit in the house of Lords, as I take it, in virtue of their baronies. If there should be a reform of any of the colony charters, with a view to keep up the resemblance of the three estates in England, the legislative Council should consist of men of landed estates; but as our landed estates here are small at present, the yearly value of £ 100 sterling per annum might, in some of them at least, be a sufficient qualification. As our estates are partable, after the decease of the Proprietor, the honour could not be continued in families, as in England: It might however be continued in the appointee, *quam diu bene se gesserit*, and proof be required of some mal-practice before a suspension or removal. Bankruptcy also might be another ground for removal. A small legislative Council might answer the purposes of government; but it might tend to weaken that levelling principle, which is cherished by the present popular constitution, to have an honorary order established, out of which the Council should be appointed. There is no way now to put a man of fortune above the common level, and exempt him from being chosen by the people into the lower offices, but his being appointed a Justice of the Peace; this is frequently done, when there is no kind of expectation of his undertaking the trust, and has its inconveniencies. For remedy hereof, it might be expedient to have an order of Patricians or Esquires instituted, to be all men of fortune or good landed estates, and appointed by the Governor, with the advice of Council, and enrolled in the Secretary's office, who should be exempted from the lower offices in government, as the Justices now are; and to have the legislative Council (*which in the first instance might be nominated by the Crown*) from time to time filled up, as vacancies happen, out of this order of men, who, if the order consisted only of men of landed estates, might elect, as the Scottish Peers do, only reserving to the King's Governor a negative on such choice. The King in this case would be still acknowledged as the fountain of honour, as having in the first instance the appointment of the persons enrolled, out of whom the Council are to be chosen, and finally having a negative on the choice. Or, the King might have the immediate appointment by mandamus, as at present in the royal governments. As the gentlemen of the Council would rank above the body from which they are taken, they might bear a title, one degree above that of Esquire. Besides this legislative Council, a privy Council might be established, to consist of some or all of those persons who constitute the legislative Council, and of other persons, members of the House of Representatives, or otherwise of note or distinction, which would extend the honours of government, and afford opportunity of distinguishing men of character and reputation, the expectation of which would make government more respectable.

I would not trouble you with these reveries of mine, were I not assured of your readiness to forgive the communication, although you could apply it to no good purpose.

Mr. Spooner sent me a pamphlet, under a blank cover, intituled, "*the state of the nation.*" I run over it by myself before I had heard any one mention it, and thought I could evidently mark the sentiments of some of my friends. By what I have since heard and seen, it looks as if I was not mistaken. Your right honourable friend I trust will not be offended if I call him mine---I am sure you will not, when I term you such---I have settled it for a long time in my own mind, that without a representation in the supreme legislature, there cannot be that union between the head and the members, as to produce a healthful constitution of the whole body. I have doubted whether this union could be perfected by the first experiment. The plan here exhibited seems to be formed in generous and moderate principles, and bids the fairest, of any I have yet seen, to be adopted. Such a great design may, as in painting, require frequent touching before it becomes a piece highly finished; and after all, may require the meliorating hand of time to make it please universally. Thus the British constitution, considered as without the colonies, attained its glory. The book I had sent me is in such request, that I have not been able to keep it long enough by me, to consider it in all its parts. I wish to hear how it is received in the House of Commons. I find by the publications both of Governor Pownall, and Mr. Bollan, that they each of them adopt the idea of an union and representation, and I think it must more and more prevail. The argument against it, from local inconveniency, must, as it appears to me, be more than balanced by greater inconveniences on the other side the question, the great difficulty will be in the terms of union.--- I add no more, as I fear I have already trespassed much on your time and patience, but that I am, Sir,

Your obliged and most obedient humble servant,

ANDREW OLIVER."

[*To be continued.*]

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Pluto, T. Lee, from Salem, N. E. Schooner Alexandria, J. Scott, Virginia. Brig Agnes, R. Ewing, and Ship Betsey, D. M'Cutchon, N. Castle, on Delaware. Sloop Susanna, R. Bell, N. Providence. Brig Widow's Son, T. Dixon, Piscataqua. Sloop York, J. Buck, N. Carolina. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Lisbon. Brig Sally, J. Hunter, Honduras. Schooner Tryal, D. Harrow, Sloop Adventure, C. Cornwall, and Schooner King Tamony, J. Allen, Hispaniola. Brig Polly, G. Hurst, and Sloop Hawke, B. Hinson, Barbados. Brig Charming Peggy, G. Conyngham, Antigua. Brig Tryal, G. Cabott, Fyall. Brig Ranger, W. Newbold, Tobago. Snow Neptune, T. Wallace, Cadiz. Schooner Rachel, L. Hammond, Nevis. Snow Penn, J. M'Caddon, Cork.

Outwards. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinson, and Brig Patty and Peggy, R. Hardie, for Lisbon. Brig Bachelor, W. Hinson, Jamaica. Sloop Sally, T. Albertson, N. York. Brig Thomas, T. Bernard, Dublin. Ship Britannia, J. Souder, and Snow Penn, J. M'Caddon, Cork.

Cleared. Sloop Quaker, P. Parker, to Hispaniola. Sloop Cæsar, T. Forrester, R. Island. Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, and Sloop Dove, J. Haywood, St. Eustatia. Schooner Industry, R. Parker, Piscataqua. Brig Herring, W. Martin, Georgia. Brig Chance, A. Boyde, St. Vincent. Sloop Phœnix, J. Sturrup, and Sloop 3 Brothers, J. Thompson, N. Providence. Brig Charlotte, R. Montgomery, Malaga. Sloop Bonaventure, J. Waterman, Nantucket. Ship Hetty, E. Davis, and Ship Sally, S. Covell, Lisbon. Sloop Sidney, J. Sawyer, and Sloop Dolphin, J. Vail, N. Carolina. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. E. Brig Elizabeth, C. Stuart, Jamaica. Sloop Success, J. Eve, Virginia. Schooner Hannah, J. Howey, Liverpool.

The MEMBERS of the
ST. GEORGE's SOCIETY,

ARE desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on *Friday*, the 23d Instant, at the House of JAMES BYRNE, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening.-----Several Persons to be proposed as Members. RICHARD PETERS, jun. Secretary. ¶ 2W.

TO BE DISPOSED OF,

THE Time of Servitude of a smart active Negroe Boy, about 11 Years old, who has 12 Years to serve, and has had the Small-pox and Measles. Enquire of the Printers hereof. ¶

Philadelphia Goal, July 13, 1773.

COMMITTED to the Goal aforesaid, the following runaway Servants, viz. LUKE HALE, says he belongs to John Kean, living near the Blue Rock, Baltimore County, Maryland. JOHN NEAL, belonging to John Reding, Baltimore-Town. Also JAMES NORTON, on Suspicion of being a runaway Servant. ¶

JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD, by
JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior,
At the lower Corner of Black-horse-alley, in Front-street, and by most of the Booksellers in Philadelphia, New-York, &c.

EXPERIMENTS and OBSERVATIONS on the MINERAL WATERS of PHILADELPHIA, ABINGTON, and BRISTOL, in the Province of Pennsylvania. Read June 18, 1773, before the American Philosophical Society, held at Philadelphia. To which is added, an *Account of the Diseases* in which they are proper, with particular *Directions* how to *use* them. By BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. Professor of Chemistry, in the College of Philadelphia. *Quæ presenti opusculo desunt, supppleat ætas. Fructum studiorum viridem, & adhuc dulcem promi decet; dum et venia et spes est, & paratus favor, & audere non dedecet.*

Just published, and to be sold, by
ROBERT AITKEN,
At his BOOK-STORE, in Front-street, opposite the London Coffee-House,

A SERMON, preached before the INCORPORATED SOCIETY for the Propogation of the Gospel in foreign Parts; at their Anniversary Meeting, in the Parish Church of St. Mary-Le-Bow, on Friday, February 19, 1773. By the Right Reverend JONATHAN LORD BISHOP of ST. ASAPH.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

AS the Office of CORONER is now become vacant, by the Death of the late worthy Caleb Cash (and as it has been customary for such who stand Candidates for the same, to bespeak the Favour of the Public in this Manner) and from the great Encouragement I have received from many of my Friends, I intend to stand a Candidate for the said Office at the ensuing Election: I therefore humbly request your Votes and Interest for the said Office, which shall be ever gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN, Your sincere Friend,

July 14, 1773. ¶ BENJAMIN HUMPHREYS.

THE public are hereby acquainted, that BENJAMIN ARMITAGE is removed from the Sign of the Anvil and Crown, in Second and Spruce-streets, to the Sign of the Anvil and double Cross Keys, at the corner of Chestnut and Fourth-streets, where the Sign of the Death of the Fox has been formerly kept, has opened an INN, having now good stables, and other necessaries, for the accommodation of travellers, and others, his friends and acquaintance, shall be obliged to all that will please to favour him with their custom.

I also take this opportunity to acquaint the Freeholders, and other Electors, of the city and county of Philadelphia, that I offer myself a Candidate for the Office of CORONER, being encouraged thereunto by several respectable families, and request their votes and interest for that purpose, at the ensuing election, which favour shall be gratefully acknowledged by, their friend and humble servant,

¶ BENJAMIN ARMITAGE.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, situate on the south side of the North-east Branch of Susquehanna river, above and adjoining land surveyed for Elijah Weed, in Northumberland county, containing 226 acres and 136 perches, besides the usual allowance of six per cent. for roads; the above tract of land is patented, and for which a clear and indisputable title can be given. Any person inclining to purchase the above tract of land, may know the terms, by applying to CHARLES STEDMAN, junior, Esq; at the Northumberland Court, the fourth Tuesday in August next, or by applying to him, at ALEXANDER STEDMAN, Esquire's, in Race-street, between Third and Fourth-streets. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A SERVANT MAN's TIME; he is a stout Fellow. For further Particulars, enquire of his Master, JOHN SMITH, Porter, at the Drawbridge. ¶

Perth Amboy, July 4, 1773.

WHEREAS at the last meeting of the General Proprietors of the Eastern division of New-Jersey, a motion was made for a new dividend of the vacant lands, by allotment, and that the same should be general, or confined to a particular county, as the board should think proper; which having been considered, it was resolved, that the matter should be taken into further consideration, at their next stated meeting in September ensuing, and ordered, that public notice thereof be given, at least two months before the said meeting, in the New-York and Philadelphia news-papers. This is therefore to give notice, that the said meeting will be held at this place, on the second Tuesday, being the 14th day of September next, and the matter taken into consideration, of which all persons concerned are desired to take notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

¶ 2 M. JOHN SMYTH, Register.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

WAS STOLEN, on Sunday night, the 4th of this instant July, from the subscriber, living on Dr. Bensel's place, near Germantown, a sorrel MARE, between 14 and 15 hands high, between 8 and 9 years old, has a small dent on the off buttock, occasioned by the kick of a horse, a very little white spot on her forehead, and the near hind hoof white, has a thick short tail. Whoever takes up said mare, and brings her to CONRAD KRAMER, or Dr. BENSEL, in Germantown, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A STRONG, healthy young NEGROE MAN, who has been used to Country Business, but his present Master living in Town, has not proper Employment for him. Enquire of the PRINTERS hereof. 6 W.

CAME to the plantation of Edward Brinton, in Birmingham township, Chester county, the second day of April last, a small BAY MARE, with a star in her forehead; she is in the care of Joseph James, on the premises. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay the cost, and take her away. JOSEPH JAMES. ¶

TEN POUNDS Proclamation Money REWARD.

STOLEN from the subscriber's pasture, in Shrewsbury, in Monmouth county, East New-Jersey, on Thursday, the 8th of this instant July, a likely grey HORSE, about 15 hands high, a small bunch on his near knee, and a wart on the inside of his near thigh; a half-worn saddle, with a blue saddle-cloth; the thief calleth his name John Livingston, but it is supposed he will change his name; he is about 5 feet 5 inches high, thin visage, pale complexion, and sandy hair; had on a purple coat, newly turned, and leather breeches. Whoever takes up said thief and horse, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, or FIVE POUNDS for each, so that the thief may be brought to justice, paid by STEPHEN TALLMAN. ¶

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's pasture, living in Roxbury township, Philadelphia county, the 9th of July instant, a brown MARE, 15 hands high, 14 years old, has a little white in her forehead, near the shape of a C, and a scar on the near side of her head, between the eye and nostril, occasioned by a bite, also several white spots behind her ears, and a scar on her buttock, mixed with white hair, occasioned by a bite also, hath neither brand nor ear-mark, is a natural pacer and will not trot, carries herself very low. Whoever secures the said mare, so that I may have her again, shall receive the above reward, upon conviction of the thief, or Fifty Shillings for the mare only, and all reasonable charges, paid by me ANDREW WOOD.

N. B. There was left at the same time, in the pasture, an old sorrel-roan Mare, supposed to be stolen, branded C. B. has a long tail. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. ANDREW WOOD. ‡

To be SOLD by

JOHN SOUDER,

In Second-ſtreet, above Vine-ſtreet, a few doors from the Dutch Vendue-ſtore, towards the Northward,

ALL ſorts of DRY GOODS, freſh and newly imported from Germany, ſtraw knives, by the hundred and half-hundred, juniper berries, white wine and cyder vinegar, Miland whetſtones, iron lamps; alſo an excellent ſtill, which holds two barrels, with a pewter worm, and every thing belonging to it in very good order. He has alſo to diſpoſe of two Weavers looms, and all the tackling, for caſh or ſhort credit. §

Dr. PATRICK WILSON,

ONCE more begs Leave to acquaint the Public, that he has now ready prepared, a freſh and genuine Quantity of his excellent reſtorative, never-failing Flux Balſam, to be had as uſual, at his Houſe in Lombard-ſtreet, the Corner of Second-ſtreet; Price 3s. 9d. per Bottle, with printed Directions how to uſe it. The Public is ſo well acquainted with the good Effects of this Balſam, that the Doctor thinks he need ſay no more about it. Dr. PATRICK WILSON.

N. B. He has an excellent Powder for chronic Coughs, and an infallible Cure for a Pleuriſy. ¶

Fredericksburg, Virginia, June 28, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber has for SALE the following tracts of LAND, in Fairfax county, one on Pohick Run, about 5 miles from the town of Colcheſter, and the ſame diſtance from Pohick warehouſe, containing 957 acres; the other on Four Mile Run, about 4 miles from Alexandria, containing 1225 acres; the ſoil of both is ſtiff and well ſuited to wheat, the laſt tract is very level, both have a ſufficiency of exceeding good meadow ground, and very valuable mill ſeats. It being very inconvenient for me to attend at ſuch a diſtance, the plats and title papers are left with Col. GEORGE MASON, of Gunſton, who is ſo obliging as to accept a power of ſettling the terms, with any perſon inclinable to purchaſe.

6 *W.* JAMES MERCER.

WANTED, in VIRGINIA,

A FARMER, well qualified to improve a great quantity of MEADOW-GROUND; he will be found every neceſſary accommodation, and very good wages given. For particulars, enquire of Mr. DANIEL GRANT, at the Fountain-Inn, in Baltimore-Town, who will direct where an employer may be found. N. B. The perſon who wants to employ will be at Baltimore for three weeks from this date, and begs that an application be made within that time. *July* 3, 1773. ‖4w.

Head of Bohemia, July 5, 1773.

Will poſitively be SOLD, on Monday, the 9th day of Auguſt next, on the ſpot, by Vendue,

THE BOHEMIA MILLS, which are pleaſantly ſituated on the main branch of Bohemia river, in Cæcil county, Maryland, within a quarter of a mile from Bohemia landing, and ſix miles from Apoquinimink landing, in New-Caſtle county; the mill-houſe, dam, and all the other works, are now in good repair, and proper order for making ſuperfine flour; the boulting-cloths, hoiſting-works, rolling ſcreen, and fan, go by water; the ſtream of water upon which the mill is erected, has not been known to fail, and the ſituation is in the midſt of an excellent wheat country, beſides the advantage of purchaſing at a low rate, at Bohemia landing, where not leſs than fifty thouſand buſhels of the beſt wheat is landed in a year, there is alſo frequent demands for large quantities of flour at the mill, where the Philadelphia market price is generally paid; fifteen acres of excellent land, where are a dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſtable, and good orchard, will be ſold with the mills. The conditions of the vendue will be made known on the day of ſale, by JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

N. B. On the premiſes there is a very good ſtand for a wet and dry-goods ſtore, where there now is one kept. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, living in Lancaſter, on Sunday, the 4th of this inſtant July, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named* PATRICK M'DONALD, *about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, black complexion, down look, thin viſaged; had on, when he went away, a blue jacket, tow ſhirt and trowſers, a hat, ſtained with lime-morter. Whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* GEORGE MOORE.

N. B. Said ſervant was advertiſed in the Pennſylvania Gazette, Number 2321, *having broke out of Cæcil county goal.* ¶

FREDERICK HUBLEY,

COPPERSMITH, in the Borough of Lancaſter,

MAKES all ſorts of COPPER and BRASS WARE, in the neateſt and beſt manner, at his father Barnard Hubley's houſe, next door to Mr. Chriſtian Wirtz's, in Queen-ſtreet, Lancaſter, viz. STILLS, brewers, hatters, waſh, fiſh and tea kettles, bake-pans, ſauce-pans, &c. &c. which he is determined to ſell as low as any perſon can ſell in Philadelphia, Lancaſter, or elſewhere. Thoſe who pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on having their orders punctually obſerved, and their favours gratefully acknowledged.

T. b. c. 6 M.

Mount-Bethel Townſhip, Northampton County, Pennſylvania, July 8.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN AWAY *from the ſubſcriber, the 6th inſtant, a certain indented Dutch ſervant man, named* HENRY COARSE, *about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſtout built, ſmooth faced, ſhort black hair, and ſwarthy complexion, and when young, had a piece cut off the thumb of his right hand, he ſpeaks middling good Engliſh; had on, when he went away, a coarſe linen ſhirt, half worn, and ſhort wide trowſers, half-worn ſhoes, with a ſilver plated and a Pinchbeck buckle in them, a half-worn felt hat, white with flour.*

Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant, in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ THOMAS MOORE.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

THE BRIGANTINE SEA NYMPH, JOSEPH BLEWER, MASTER,

A NEW veſſel, conveniently provided with genteel accommodations for paſſengers, will ſail with all convenient ſpeed. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSEPH BLEWER, at his houſe, in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joſeph Sims's wharff, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his ſtore, on ſaid wharff, who has for ſale, Carolina Soal Leather, and new Rice.

CHOICE

LISBON WINE,

To be SOLD by

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his STORE, near the DRAWBRIDGE. ¶

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN *away from the Subſcriber, living in Cumru Townſhip, Berks County, an Iriſh Servant Man, named* IGNATIUS KEATING, *about 5 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, has black Hair; Had on and took with him, a red ſhort Jacket, with Sleeves, a Pair of Tow Trowſers, a Pair of ſingle Channel Pumps; he is hard of Hearing, came in the Snow Britannia, Captain Eyres; probably he is gone for Philadelphia. Whoever takes up ſaid Servant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's Goals, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by*

July 2, 1773. JOSHUA EVANS.

N. B. All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their Peril. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Saturday, the 17th of July inſt. at four o'clock in the afternoon, to be ſtruck off preciſely at ſeven o'clock, at the houſe of Edward Barrett, in Front-ſtreet, Southwark, Two certain lots or pieces of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, continued ſouthward beyond the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 35 feet, and in depth 85 feet; bounded by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, by the next deſcribed lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, and others; ſubject to a groundrent of 46*s.* Pennſylvania currency, per annum; having a one ſtory brick tenement (19 feet in breadth, and 40 feet in depth, erected thereon) with a good cellar of 9 feet deep under the whole. The other of them containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 75 feet; bounded by Queen-ſtreet, by a certain three feet alley, by the firſt deſcribed lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, John Morton, and others; late the eſtate of Samuel Armitt; ſeized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, on Monday, the 19th of July inſtant, at 6 o' clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain piece or parcel of drained cripple, or meadow land, ſituate on Greenwich Iſland, in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 4 acres and 146 perches; bounded by the river Delaware, and by lands of Jonathan Shoemaker, John Drinker, and others. And a certain other tract or piece of land, ſituate in Paſſyunk townſhip, containing about 5 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of John Rouſe, John Godfrey, John Sober, and Rebecca Johns; late the eſtate of Edward Flounders; ſeized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

FOR SALE, about 14 acres of meadow ground, in good order, either together, or divided into lots of 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 acres, lying near Schuylkill mouth, in Paſſyunk townſhip. Any perſon inclining to view it, may apply to WILLIAM CRISTIE, at Joſeph Sims's place, near the ſaid meadow.

Alſo for ſale, about 10 acres of meadow ground, in good order, either together, or divided into lots to ſuit purchaſers, lying on Greenwich Iſland, adjoining Hollander's Creek. Any perſon inclining to view it, may apply to JOSEPH JOHNSON, in Southwark. Purchaſers, on paying one half, may have a reaſonable time allowed for the remainder, giving ſecurity, if required, and paying intereſt. For further information, apply to ISAAC ZANE, or JOHN PEMBERTON.

And to be lett on groundrent, or ſold, ſundry lots in Mulberry and Eighth-ſtreets. Enquire of JOHN PEMBERTON.

WAS ſtolen, or went adrift, from Salter's Wharff, on the 28th of May laſt, a new BATTEAU, never painted, with a Pair of Pine Sculls and a Waggon Trace Chain, about 17 Feet Keel, and has a Live-oak Stem. Whoever will bring the ſaid Batteau to the New Ferry-houſe, ſhall receive TEN SHILLINGS, or FORTY SHILLINGS for apprehending the thief.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber's plantation, near New-Caſtle, ſome time in December laſt, a Negroe man ſlave, named RAGON, 30 years of age, about ſix feet high, a ſtrong hearty fellow, was brought up by Thomas Ogle, deceaſed; had on when he went away, a coarſe dark grey jacket, ſpotted flannel under waiſtcoat, buckſkin breeches, &c. It is ſuppoſed that he keeps near Ogletown, or at William Carſon's, about 12 miles below New-Caſtle, where Bird lately kept tavern. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe ſlave, and ſecures him in the Goal of this County, or brings him to his ſaid maſter, ſo that he may have him again, ſhall have the above reward; or if any one will inform againſt the perſon that harbours or entertains him, ſhall have Five Pounds, paid by RICHARD M'WILLIAM. ¶

Baltimore, June 10, 1773.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named MEREDITH THOMAS, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and 20 years of age, or thereabouts; he is much pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, when he went away, a blue napt coat and jacket, light coloured pluſh breeches, dark check ſhirt, woollen ſtockings, old ſhoes and hat: It is unknown what other things he may have taken with him: He came in the brigantine Boſcawen, Captain Marſhall, from Londonderry, to this place; it is ſuppoſed that he is on his way to Philadelphia, in company with a runaway fellow from Fell's-point, about his own ſize, who was taken up with this ſervant at Buſh-town, were there hand-cuffed together, and made their eſcape with their irons on; it is probable he may change part of his cloathing. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by CHARLES YOUNG.

N. B. Said ſervant has a forged paſs, and, as he can write, he may forge one for his comrade. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour, conceal, or carry him off.

JUST IMPORTED in the laſt Veſſels from England, and to be ſold by

STEPHEN COLLINS,

At his STORE in Second-ſtreet, oppoſite the Church,

A FRESH and good Aſſortment of European and East-India GOODS, which he will ſell on very reaſonable Terms, for Caſh or ſhort Credit. 6 *w.*

Cæcil County, Maryland, June 19, 1773.

RUN AWAY, *on the 31ſt of May laſt, from the ſubſcriber, a luſty, likely country born NEGROE man, named JOE, about 30 years of age; he had on, and took with him, one old blue cloth coat, a country cloth kerſey jacket, and breeches of the ſame, two coarſe ſhirts, one pair of lincey trowſers, old ſhoes, and new felt hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid Negroe man, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings him home, ſo that his maſter gets him again, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS, and all reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by* WILLIAM CURRER. ¶

CARLISLE, June 22, 1773.

WHEREAS ſundry Perſons, Non-reſidents, holding Lands in Cumberland County, are in Arrears for Provincial Taxes of Land in ſaid County: We, the Commiſſioners of ſaid County, give this public Notice, that unleſs they pay their reſpective Arrears to JOHN AGNEW, in the Town of Carliſle, who is impowered by us to receive the ſame, before the 20th Day of Auguſt next, they may expect their Lands will be advertiſed, and ſold, according to Law, without Reſpect of Perſons. Alſo, all Perſons who purchaſed Land at the Commiſſioners Sale, and have not ſettled for the ſame, are deſired to pay the Purchaſe-money, and take their Deeds, before ſaid Day, or they may expect to be dealt with as the Law directs.

WILLIAM CLARK,
JAMES JOHNSTON,
STEPHEN DUNCAN, } Commiſſioners.

This Day is publiſhed, and to be ſold by JOHN DUNLAP, *in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,*

LETTERS from YORICK to ELIZA.

THESE Letters have been lately diſcovered, and proved (as the Preface will inform the Reader) to be genuine. In Elegance of Style, Softneſs of Expreſſion, and Tenderneſs of Sentiment, they claim an Equality with the firſt Productions of that celebrated Genius.

PHILADELPHIA BOTTLED

BEER and CYDER,

WARRANTED GOOD, To be SOLD by

ISAAC GRAY,

In CHESTNUT-STREET, near STRAWBERRY-ALLEY.

LIKEWISE,

OLD Madeira, Liſbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe Wines, by the Caſk or Gallon; Claret, and Red Port, in Bottles; Jamaica Spirits, Brandy, Geneva, London Porter; Tea, Coffee, Chocolate, Loaf, Lump, and brown Sugars; Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmegs, Pepper, Alſpice, Indigo, Madder, Redwood, Corks, pickling Vinegar, &c. An Aſſortment of home made white Flint Glaſs, amongſt which are Apothecaries Furniture, and ſome Caſe Bottles; alſo a few Groce of black Bottles.

TO BE SOLD,

THE well-known MILLS of William Jacob Walton, and Company, at Pembroke, on Long-Iſland, 30 miles from the City of New-York, with the dwelling-houſe, bake-houſe, and ſtores, belonging to the ſame; together with 22 acres of land, part of which is an orchard of the beſt grafted fruit-trees, a large garden, and about three acres of excellent meadow. The ſtream affords the greateſt plenty of water and fine trout in the drieſt ſeaſon; the mill-houſes are large and in every reſpect very convenient; the upper has one pair of ſtones, and water ſufficient to grind the year through. The lower, which is upon the ſame ſtream, has two pair, and is ſo ſituated that a boat with 1000 buſhels of wheat may unload along ſide of it. The premiſes are in a very healthy, pleaſant country, and in a good neighbourhood, and the works and buildings all in excellent repair. The purchaſer may have poſſeſſion the firſt of Auguſt, or ſooner if required, and bonds will be taken, if prompt-payment ſhould be inconvenient. For conditions of ſale, and further particulars, enquire of the above-mentioned proprietors.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, in Frederick county, about 8 miles from Wincheſter, on the main road to Philadelphia, containing 1100 acres, on which is a never-failing ſpring and two good wells; the improvements thereon have been lately made, and finiſhed in the beſt manner, viz. an extraordinary good dwelling-houſe, 40 by 20, with two good rooms and a large paſſage on the lower floor, the whole genteelly plaiſtered and painted, it being an excellent ſituation for a ſtore or tavern, together with two large barns, 60 by 24 each, ſtables and other out-houſes, ſtore-houſe and ſmith's ſhop; there is a ſmall apple-orchard of bearing trees, and 250 trees planted out, of the beſt fruit, alſo 30 acres of good timothy meadow, likewiſe 300 acres of freſh land, cleared within ſix years, which have produced annually for three years paſt, near 2000 buſhels of wheat, which alone is ſufficient to prove the quality of ſaid land. There is alſo another tract of land to be ſold, two miles diſtant from the foregoing one, lying on the ſame road, and containing 443 acres; the land is exceedingly good, and well timbered, upwards of 30 acres meadow ground, great part of which is cleared. Alſo another tract of 100 acres, on which is erected an excellent merchant-mill, 60 feet by 40, built of ſtone, and finiſhed in the beſt manner; no expence has been ſpared to render its conveniencies compleat; there are beſides on the premiſes two good dwelling-houſes and a ſtill-houſe, through which the water runs above, ſo as to be conveyed to any part thereof with eaſe. Said mill has three pair of ſtones, and is ſituated on a conſtant ſtream, and in the beſt neighbourhood for wheat in the county. Likewiſe another tract of good land on Back-creek, with a mill-ſeat thereon, and fine land for meadow, containing 352 acres. The proprietor of the before-mentioned tracts, apprehending that the merchant-mill before deſcribed being extreamly well accuſtomed, and well known to ſend forth extraordinary good flour for exportation, thinks it would be moſt ſuitable for a merchant, and therefore he will take in part for the purchaſe thereof Negroes, rum, ſugar and melaſſes, they being articles that would anſwer at the place to which he intends to move, and a reaſonable time will be given for the remainder of the purchaſe thereof, as alſo of the tracts of land before deſcribed. Indiſputable titles will be made to the reſpective tracts. Alſo the purchaſer may have 200 acres of winter grain ſown on a good fallow; as alſo ſeveral oxen, hogs, ſheep, and a large ſtock of cattle, with ſundry farming utenſils. ‖ 10t.

Virginia, April 1773. JOHN NEVILL.

Perth-Amboy, June 7, 1773.

THE convenient BATH, adverti*ſ*ed laſt Year, is put into very good Order, for the Reception of ſuch as incline to bathe in Sea Water; ſeveral Perſons laſt Seaſon received great Benefit from it. The Mineral Spring (ſimilar to the German Spaw) is alſo in good Order, which, with the Bath, has proved efficacious in ſcorbutic and other Diſorders.

N. B. Genteel Lodgings to be had in private Families. 2 *M.*

JUST imported, per the Ship CHARMING PEGGY, SAMUEL DAVISON, Maſter,

A QUANTITY OF THE BEST

Liſbon and Teneriffe WINES,

In PIPES, HOGSHEADS, and QUARTER CASKS,

To be SOLD, on the loweſt Terms, by

Henry Keppele, ſen. & *John Steinmetz.*

DURHAM IRON-WORKS,

TO BE LETT, AND

THE STEEL-WORKS,

On EIGHTH-STREET, in PHILADELPHIA,

TO BE SOLD.

ENQUIRE OF JOSEPH GALLOWAY.

BACHE's WINE-STORE.

Between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, at the yellow doors on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, RICHARD BACHE has opened his WINE-STORE, and has for ſale by the pipe, hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon,

OLD Madeira wine, Teneriffe, Fyall and Liſbon wines; old Jamaica ſpirits, and Windward Iſland rum; alſo a few dozens of moſt excellent claret and Southampton port.

N. B. Orders from any part of the town or country carefully and ſpeedily complied with, and each article warranted genuine as imported. Tbetf.

JOHN FIELD

Has juſt imported, in the RICHARD PENN, Captain ALL, and the MARY and ELIZABETH, Captain MESNARD, from LONDON, and now opening, at his ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, next door below the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet,

A VERY general Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent ſeaſon; which he will diſpoſe of on very low terms for caſh, or ſhort credit. ‖6*w.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

July 21, 1773. NUMB. 2326.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

COPIES *of* LETTERS *ſent to Great-Britain, by his Excellency* THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *the Hon.* ANDREW OLIVER, *&c. of Boſton.*

(Continued from our laſt.)

SIR, *New-York, 12th Auguſt,* 1769.

I HAVE been in this city for ſome time paſt, executing (with others) his Majeſty's commiſſion for ſettling the boundary between this province and that of New-Jerſey. I left Boſton the 11th July, ſince which, my advices from London have come to me very imperfect; but as my friend Mr. Thompſon writes me, that he had drawn up my caſe, and, with your approbation, laid it before the D. of Graſton, I think it needful once more to mention this buſineſs to you.

There was a time when I thought the authority of government might have been eaſily reſtored; but while its friends, and the officers of the crown, are left to an abject dependance on theſe very people who are *undermining its authority*; and while theſe are ſuffered not only to go unpuniſhed, but on the contrary meet with all kind of ſupport and encouragement, it cannot be expected that you will ever again recover that reſpect which the colonies had been wont to pay to the parent ſtate. Government at home will deceive itſelf, if it imagines that the taking off the duty on glaſs, paper and painters colours, will work a reconciliation, and nothing more than this, as I can learn, is propoſed in Ld. H's late circular letter. It is the principle that is now diſputed; the combination againſt importation extends to tea, although it comes cheaper than ever, as well as to the other forementioned articles. In Virginia it is extended lately to wines; and I have heard one of the firſt leaders in theſe meaſures in Boſton ſay, that we ſhould never be upon a proper footing, till all the revenue acts from the 15th Charles 2d were repealed. Our Aſſembly in the Maſſachuſetts may have been more illiberal than others, in their public meſſages and reſolves; yet we have ſome people among us ſtill who dare to ſpeak in favour of government: But here, I do not find ſo much as one, unleſs it be ſome of the King's ſervants, and yet my buſineſs here leads me to aſſociate with the beſt. They univerſally approve of the combination againſt importing of goods from Great-Britain, unleſs the revenue acts are repealed, which appears to me little leſs than aſſuming a negative on all acts of Parliament which they do not like! They ſay expreſly, we are bound by none made ſince our emigration, but ſuch as for our own convenience we chooſe to ſubmit to; ſuch, for inſtance, as that for eſtabliſhing a Poſt-office. The Bill of Rights, and the Habeas Corpus Acts they ſay are only declaratory of the common law, which we brought with us.

Under ſuch circumſtances as theſe, why ſhould I wiſh to expoſe myſelf to popular reſentment? Were I to receive any thing out of the revenue, I muſt expect to be abuſed for it. Nor do I find that our Chief Juſtice has received the £ 200 granted him for that ſervice; and yet the Aſſembly have this year withheld his uſual grant, moſt probably becauſe he has ſuch a warrant from the Crown.

With regard to my negociations with Mr. Rogers, I did, in conformity to your opinion, make an apology to Mr. Secretary Pownall for mentioning it, and there ſubmitted it. I hear it has been ſince talked of; but unleſs I could be aſſured in one ſhape or other of £ 300 per annum, with the other office, I would not chuſe to quit what I have. I have no ambition to be diſtinguiſhed, if I am only to be held up as a mark of popular envy or reſentment. I was in hopes before now, through the intervention of your good offices, to have received ſome mark of favour from your good friend; but the time is not yet come to expect it through that channel. I will however rely on your friendſhip, whenever you can with propriety appear in forwarding my intereſt, or preventing any thing that may prove injurious to it.

If Mr. R. has intereſt enough to obtain the Secretary's place, I ſhall, upon receiving proper ſecurity, think myſelf in honour bound to ſecond his views, though I have none at preſent from him, but a conditional note he formerly wrote me. If he is not like to ſucceed, and my ſon Daniel could have my place, I would be content, unleſs affairs take a different turn to reſign in his favour, whether adminiſtration ſhould think proper to make any further proviſion for me or not. And yet I never thought of withdrawing myſelf from the ſervice, while there appeared to me any proſpect of my being able to promote it.

If I have wrote with freedom, I conſider I am writing to a friend, and that I am perfectly ſafe in opening myſelf to you. I am, with great reſpect, Sir,

Your moſt obedient humble ſervant,

ANDREW OLIVER."

DEAR SIR,

THE Commiſſioners of the Cuſtoms have met with every inſult ſince their arrival at Boſton, and at laſt have been obliged to ſeek protection on board his Majeſty's ſhip Romney:--Mr. Hallowell, the Comptroller of the Cuſtoms, who will have the honour to deliver you this letter, will inform you of many particulars; he is ſent by the Board with their letters to Government. Unleſs we have immediately two or three regiments, it is the opinion of all the friends to Government, that Boſton *will be in open rebellion*. I have the honour to be, with the greateſt reſpect, and warmeſt regard, Dear Sir,

Your moſt faithful and obliged ſervant,

CHARLES PAXTON."

On board his Majeſty's Ship Romney,
Boſton Harbour, 20*th June*, 68.

MY DEAR SIR, *Boſton, December 12th*, 1768.

I Wrote you a few days ago, and did not then think of troubling you upon any private affair of mine, at leaſt not ſo ſuddenly; but within this day or two, I have had a converſation with Mr. Oliver, Secretary of the province, the deſign of which was, my ſucceeding to the poſt he holds from the Crown, upon the idea, that proviſion would be made for Governor Bernard, and the Lieutenant-Governor would ſucceed to the chair, then the Secretary is deſirous of being Lieutenant-Governor, if in any way, three hundred pounds a year could be annexed to the appointment. You are ſenſible the appointment is in one department, and the grant of money in another; now the preſent Lieutenant-Governor has an aſſignment of £ 200 a year upon the Cuſtoms here; he has not received any thing from it as yet, and is doubtful if he ſhall; he has no doubt of its lapſe to the Crown, if he has the chair; if then, by any intereſt, that ſum could be aſſigned to Mr. Oliver, as Lieutenant-Governor, and if he ſhould be allowed (as has been uſual for all Lieutenant-Governors) to hold the command of the caſtle, that would be another £ 100. This would compleat the Secretary's views; and he thinks his public ſervices, the injuries he has received in that ſervice, and the favourable ſentiments entertained of him by Government, may lead him to theſe views, and he hopes for the intereſt of his friends. The place of Secretary is worth £ 300 a year, but is a provincial grant at preſent, ſo that it will not allow to be quartered on: And as I had a view upon the place when I was in England, and went ſo far as to converſe with ſeveral men of intereſt upon it, though I never had an opportunity to mention it to you after I recovered my illneſs---I hope you will allow me your influence, and, by extending it at the Treaſury, to facilitate the aſſignment of the £ 200 a year, it will be ſerving the Secretary, and it will very much oblige me.------The Secretary is advanced in life, tho' much more ſo in health, which has been much impaired by the injuries he received, and he wiſhes to quit the more active ſcenes; he conſiders this as a kind of *otium cum dignitate*, and from merits one may think he has a claim to it. I will mention to you the gentlemen, who are acquainted with my views, and whoſe favourable approbation I have had. Governor Pownall, Mr. John Pownall, and Dr. Franklin.---My Lord Hillſborough is not unacquainted with it---I have, ſince I have been here, wrote Mr. Jackſon upon the ſubject, and have by this veſſel wrote Mr. Mauduit. I think my character ſtands fair---I have not been without application to public affairs, and have acquired ſome knowledge of our provincial affairs, and notwithſtanding our many free converſations in England, I am conſidered here as on Government ſide, for which I have been often traduced both publickly and privately, and very lately have had two or three ſlaps. The Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, are fully acquainted with the negociation, and I meet their approbation; all is upon the idea the Governor is provided for, and there ſhall, by any means, be a vacancy of the Lieutenant-Governor's place. I have gone ſo far, as to ſay to ſome of my friends, that rather than not ſucceed, I would agree to pay the Secretary £ 100 a year out of the office, to make up £ 300, provided he could obtain only the aſſignment of £ 200---but the other propoſal would to be ſure be moſt eligible. I ſcarce know any apology to make for troubling you upon the ſubject; the friendſhip you ſhewed me in London, and the favourable expreſſions you made uſe of to the Lieutenant-Governor in my behalf, encourage me, beſides a ſort of egotiſm, which inclines men to think what they wiſh to be real. I ſubmit myſelf to the enquiries of any of my countrymen in England, but I ſhould wiſh the matter may be ſecret till it is effected. I am, with very great reſpect and regard, my dear Sir,

Your moſt obedient, and moſt humble Servant,

NATH. ROGERS.

CHOICE SHAD,

IN Barrels, nicely cured, for Family Uſe, and a Quantity of excellent HERRINGS, for Exportation, to be ſold by

WILLIAM MILNER,

The third Door below Arch-ſtreet, in Water-ſtreet,
Where Rounds of Beef, cured in the beſt Manner, may be had on the ſhorteſt Notice. ‖ 6 *w.*

THE PUBLIC are hereby notified, that BRIDGEWATER LOTTERY will certainly commence drawing on the firſt Monday in Auguſt next, and to begin at ten o' clock of the ſame day, and all ſuch perſon and perſons who have been intruſted with tickets to ſell, are deſired to be as expeditious as poſſible in the ſale thereof, before that time; and ſuch as may remain unſold, are hereby required to be returned by that day. July 10, 1773. †

TWO IRON SCREWS,

Four Inches Diameter, with Braſs Boxes, and Iron Followers, to be SOLD, *very cheap*, by

RICHARD WELLS, in Arch-ſtreet, two Doors above the Sign of the Leopard. *Tf.*

JOHN CLAYFIELD, and DANIEL VINES, BROADCIOTH WEAVERS, in Hanover Townſhip, return their moſt grateful Thanks to the Public, for the many Favours already conferred on them, and they hope for a Continuance thereof, which they will endeavour to merit, by a ſtrict Attention to their Buſineſs, in punctually executing all Orders they may be favoured with, as they intend to carry on the BROADCLOTH WEAVING, and BLANKETS without a Seam, in the beſt and neateſt Manner. ¶

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Thurſday, the 5th day of Auguſt next, by the ſubſcriber, in the Borough of Lancaſter,

THE noted and well-accuſtomed TAVERN, in Queen-ſtreet, a few Doors from the Court-houſe, known by the Sign of the Boot and Crown, is built of brick and three ſtories high, with convenient lodging-rooms throughout, a good cellar under the whole houſe, and an arched cellar under the pavement, 30 feet by 16, with a never-failing ſtream of water running through the ſame; the lot is 64 feet 4½ inches in front, and in depth 245 feet, and ſubject to the old groundrent of 7s. 1d. per annum; the whole front is built upon, excepting a nine feet paſſage to the yard, with a good convenient kitchen adjoining ſaid houſe, a large brick ſtable, well finiſhed, with ſtalls ſufficient to contain 50 or 60 horſes, a large yard, and good ſhed, with feeding-trough, and a never-failing pump in ſaid yard, with a large garden in the back part of ſaid lot.

Likewiſe will be ſold, at public ſale, at the ſame time, a good ſquare log houſe, in Moſer-town, with a lot and a half, with a good pump in the ſame, lying on the great road ſouthwardly from the Court-houſe, joining to Chriſtian Zurn's; the houſe has been occupied in the tavern way ſeveral times, and is now.

Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe either of the premiſes, may view the ſame, before the day of ſale, and treat with the owner and ſubſcriber, living on ſaid premiſes.

July 12, 1773. HENRY HELM. ¶

York Goal, July 10, 1773.

COMMITTED into my cuſtody, on the 28th day of June laſt paſt, a Negroe lad, who refuſed to tell his name, who his maſter is, or from whence he came; but ſince committed he ſays his name is Moſey; *he is about 5 feet 10 inches high, and ſays he is about two years in this country; had on, when committed, a white Negroe cotton jacket, with ſleeves, and blue pocket flaps, Negroe cotton breeches, about 21 or 22 years old, and ſpeaks very broken Engliſh. And, on the 30th day of June laſt, there was alſo committed, a certain* James Branwood, *who ſays he is a ſervant to Charles Worfield, living on Linganore, in Maryland; had on, when committed, a new beaver hat, a light blue cloth coat, a pair of ſtriped holland trowſers, and an old tow linen ſhirt; he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, an Iriſh lad, he is well made, and about 25 years old. Their maſters are deſired to come, pay charges, and take them away, from*

MICHAEL GRAYBIL, *Goaler.* ¶

JUST IMPORTED, and to be SOLD, by

THOMAS MAGEE, junior,

At his Book Shop, in Second-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite to Chriſt's-Church,

THE celebrated Comedy, SHE STOOPS to CONQUER, or The MISTAKES of a KNIGHT: In 5 Acts. By Doctor Goldſmith, Author of the Vicar of Wakefield. Alſo a new Tragedy, called ALONZO: In 5 Acts. By the Author of Douglas; as they are now performed at the Theatres Royal in Drury Lane and Covent Garden, where they meet with the moſt univerſal Applauſe. Where may alſo be had, a Pamphlet, juſt publiſhed, called FAMILIAR EPISTLES to the Reverend Dr. Prieſtly, of Leeds, in Yorkſhire; by the Author of the Shaver's Sermon on the Oxford Expulſion: With a great Variety of other Books, Plays, Farces, &c. &c. &c. ¶

Cheſter, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the 9th day of Auguſt next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain tract, piece, or parcel of marſh, or meadow ground, containing two acres and a half; bounded by lands of John Knowles, and the Thoroughfare Creek; late the eſtate of George Grantham, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Cheſter, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the 10th day of Auguſt next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage or tenement, piece or parcel of land, ſituate in Charleſtown townſhip, containing 211 acres; bounded by lands of James Martin, William Moore, Eſq; Benjamin Boyer, and the river Schuylkill; late the eſtate of Matthias Tyſon; ſeized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Cheſter, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the 11th day of Auguſt next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage, tenement, and two tracts of land, ſituate in Uwchland townſhip, one containing 94 acres, and the other 51 acres; bounded by lands late of Joſeph Phipps, deceaſed, William Owen, and others. Alſo, at the ſame time and place, will be expoſed to ſale, horſes, cows, a variety of houſhold furniture, and a Negroe woman. All late the eſtate and property of Enoch Wells; ſeized and taken in execution by

HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Cheſter, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the 12th day of Auguſt next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage or tenement, tract or parcel of land, ſituate in Weſt-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about 120 acres; bounded by lands of George Pierce, Stephen Harlan, William Woodward, and others; late the eſtate of John Jackſon, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by

HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

Cheſter, July 20, 1773.

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, by public vendue, on the premiſes, the 17th day of Auguſt next, at two o' clock in the afternoon, a certain meſſuage or tenement, piece or parcel of land, ſituate in Weſt-Nottingham townſhip, Cheſter county, containing about 180 acres; late the eſtate of Thomas Collins; ſeized and taken in execution by HENRY HAYES, Sheriff.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 11th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant boy, named JOHN DOYLES, has a broad face, is pock-marked, has ſandy hair, limps a little, and is between 4 and 5 feet high; had on a white ticken coatee, white flannel waiſtcoat, greaſy leather breeches, a broad ſtriped check ſhirt, and brown thread ſtockings. He was bought of David Hoops, Eſquire. If taken and ſecured in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall be paid, if within 15 miles, Fifteen Shillings, if 21 miles, Three Dollars, if 30 miles, Four Dollars, if 50 miles, Six Dollars, and if 60 miles, the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by

July 20, 1773. WILLIAM DIBLEY.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

THESE are once more to deſire all thoſe who are indebted to the Eſtate of SAMUEL SHIVERS, deceaſed, late of Glouceſter County, Yeoman, either by Bond, Bill, Note or Book Debt, to come and diſcharge their reſpective Balances, on or before the firſt Day of November next, otherwiſe they may expect to be proceeded againſt as the Law, in ſuch Caſes, directs, by us,

JOSEPH SHINN, } Executors.
DANIEL COZENS, }

§ 5 *W.*

Perth-Amboy, July 13, 1773.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

MADE his eſcape, in the night of the 12th inſtant, from the goal of the ſaid city, in New-Jerſey, JOSEPH RUE, by trade a Shoemaker and Tanner, about 40 years of age, 6 feet high, well ſet, brown complexion; ſuppoſed to have got out by a falſe key, made for that purpoſe. Whoever apprehends the ſaid RUE, and delivers him in goal again, ſhall be entitled to the above reward, from THOMAS SKINNER, Sheriff. ¶

TEN POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living near Shepherd's-town, in Berkeley county, Virginia, a large bright bay HORSE, with a ſaddle, bridle, and great coat; the horſe is about 15 hands high, 8 years old, paces and trots, no brand nor ear-mark known of, has ſome ſaddle marks, had one ſhoe on the right foot, and the ſame foot ſplit in the hoof, and is apparently ſwelled in his hoof joints, like the ring-bone, and uſed to go lame on the near hind foot when hard rode, has alſo an old ſcar on both ſides of his neck, occaſioned by wearing a yoke, had a long ſwitch tail, is a long-bodied genteel horſe, the ſaddle is good, the ſeat ſeam welted with white leather, has leather houſings; the bridle reins of upper leather, the fleſh ſide black, half the head-ſtall and throat-latch the ſame; the great coat is of a lead or wineſtone colour, with white metal buttons, the cape lined with black cloth. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and ſecures the thief, ſo that the owner may have his horſe, and the thief brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, including what the law allows, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, or FIVE POUNDS for the horſe, paid by

June 17, 1773. ARCHIBALD SLOAN. §

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*

By the Ship QUEEN *of* PORTUGAL, *Captain* CASTLE, *arrived here from* FALMOUTH, *we have the following Advices, viz.*

WARSAW, *April* 21.

THE Dyet opened the 19th inſtant, and was rather outrageous. Podolia and Volhinia have, by a manifeſto, proteſted againſt every thing that may be concluded upon in it. The Miniſtry have remitted their anſwer to the deductions of the three Courts to their Miniſters. A new confederacy is formed at the Grand Chancellor's, and it is ſaid the King, the Senate, and all the Nobility, are to enter into it. Only three Nunciates of Lithuania have ſigned it; the others have refuſed; but the Biſhop of Wilna is endeavouring to perſuade them into it. In the interim the foreign troops block up Warſaw, and will let no one paſs through their lines till the Dyet is over.

Stockholm, April 20. Such a number of ſhips are already arrived here from Courland and Livonia, with corn, that the price, which has been very high all winter, is much abated, and probably will fall a great deal lower, as many more ſhips are hourly expected from different ports of the Baltic.

Paris, April 30. One Mr. Gelas, curate of Longrate, in the dioceſe of Agen, aged 101 years, fell into a trance the 31ſt of laſt month, inſomuch that preparations were made for his funeral; but juſt when they were going to carry him to the church he awoke, and aſked for ſomething to eat, and has ſince enjoyed perfect health.

Leghorn, April 21. We have received intelligence, that a French frigate in the Archipelago, with ſix ſhips of that nation under her convoy, had fell in with three Ruſſian frigates; and as ſhe would not ſuffer them to viſit the French ſhips, a cannonade enſued between the frigates, in which the French had the advantage, and they afterwards purſued their voyage.

Warſaw, April 29. The King of Pruſſia has publiſhed a general order throughout all the provinces he has taken poſſeſſion of, that all the Jews who are not poſſeſſed of a capital of 1000 crowns, ſhall leave the country; and the Jews have ſent deputies, to pray that this order may be revoked.

Paris, May 7. They had an earthquake at St. Malo on the 15th of laſt month, and another, more violent, on the 23d; and ſhocks were felt in many other parts of France nearly at the ſame time.

They continue to raiſe ſailors at Marſeilles, to man the fleet fitting out at Toulon. No French veſſels are permitted to ſail from that port; and 200 bakers are employed night and day, in the ſeventeen towers of the arſenal, in baking biſcuit.

Genoa, April 21. The day before yeſterday a French veſſel brought an order for the Conſul of the nation, to ſtop all the French ſailors, and ſend them to Toulon to man the fleet fitting out there. The ſame veſſel is charged with the ſame commiſſion to all the French Conſuls, at every port of the Mediterranean.

Peterſburgh, April 20. On Saturday laſt the Empreſs was pleaſed to admit all the foreign Miniſters to the honour of dining and paſſing the whole day with her, at a building, called the Hermitage, to which the Miniſters of the Council were likewiſe invited. Two tables were provided for the company; the Empreſs preſided at one, and the Great Duke at the other; and the places ballotted for. In the evening the company being increaſed, there was a ball, which her Imperial Majeſty was pleaſed to honour with her preſence, and afterwards a ſupper. During the whole of the entertainment her Imperial Majeſty gave every proof of affability and condeſcenſion.

Tangier, April 14. On Monday laſt, between five and ſix in the morning, we were alarmed by a violent ſhock of an earthquake, which laſted about two minutes, and has deſtroyed 98 houſes, and ſhaken the town ſo much, that the remaining houſes muſt be rebuilt. We hear of only three lives loſt; but numbers of the inhabitants have been dragged from under the ruins, very much bruiſed. Yeſterday, about half an hour after eleven, we felt another ſhock, though not ſo violent as the former.

Hamburgh, May 7. Mr. Matthias, the Engliſh Conſul, reſident here, notified to the Senate a few days ago, that on occaſion of the fleets which France and Spain were going to ſend out, his Court would alſo ſend one to the Mediterranean. This declaration, together with the advices received from France, occaſions a great buſtle among our merchants, who foreſee an approaching ſea war in every part.

Malaga, April 12. This morning, at ſixteen minutes paſt five o'clock, we felt a ſhock of earthquake, which laſted about one minute, but which, though pretty violent, had done no damage.

Warſaw, April 27. Letters from Moldavia adviſe, that the Ruſſian regiments were in full march towards the Danube, and that General Potemkin had already paſſed that river; but that the General Field Marſhal Count Romanzow, was ſtill at Jaſſy.

April 28. The King ſigned the act of confederacy the 22d, and 24 hours after Prince Czartoriſki, Great Chancellor of Lithuania, and Prince Lubomirſki, Grand Marſhal, as alſo 24 Senators, followed the example of his Majeſty.

The laſt letters from Moldavia adviſe, that the Field Marſhal Count de Romanzow, had received orders from Peterſburgh to reſume the operations againſt the Turks, and to paſs the Danube at the head of his army; but that the General had repreſented to his Court, that it was impoſſible for him to do it at preſent, on account of the great drought that prevailed in thoſe parts, where there was abſolutely no forage to be had; that in the mean time he would ſend ſome detatchments on the other ſide of the river.

They write from Peterſburgh, that the Court intends to publiſh, very ſoon, a declaration, concerning the preſervation of peace and harmony with the Court of Stockholm.

Goſport, May 13. On Wedneſday two expreſſes arrived at the Commiſſioners Office, to ſtop all the ſhips from ſailing, and the men to be continued, bounty given, &c.

This morning an expreſs arrived, to get the ſhips in ordinary ready for commiſſion, and that they be in readineſs at a moment's notice.

LONDON, May 10.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 4.

"According to the laſt advices from Warſaw, they are not yet without hopes of a peace between the Ruſſians and the Turks, notwithſtanding the breaking up of the congreſs at Buchareſt; and though the Ruſſian General Potemkin has received orders to paſs the Danube with his troops, and recommence hoſtilities; however, the two powers have agreed that their reſpective couriers ſhall paſs and repaſs unmoleſted, even if a war ſhould take place.

"Laſt Saturday the people belonging to the government, and the foreign Miniſters at the Hague, were in great agitation on account of the arrival of two couriers, one from Paris, and the other from London; the firſt of which was ſaid to have brought advice, that a French fleet, of 25 ſail of men of war, ſailed the 25th ult. from Toulon; and the other, that a ſtrong fleet was on the point of ſailing from England for the Mediterranean. How far either of theſe reports are to be regarded, is not yet known; but it is pretty certain, that France ſpares no pains to draw off the Ruſſians from their preſent enterprizes.

"The laſt letters from Paris intimate, that the talk of war is revived, and that the armaments at Toulon were ordered to go on again; but it is hardly poſſible to know upon what foundation ſuch different accounts are alternately publiſhed. It is, however, ſuppoſed, that the ſeveral cabinets of Europe were never known to be more critically employed than at this time."

Extract of a Letter from Gibraltar, April 12.

"This morning, at half paſt five, we had a violent ſhock of an earthquake, which laſted 40 or 50 ſeconds; luckily no damage was done in town, nor was it felt on board the ſhips in the harbour."

Extract of a Letter from Penzance, April 24.

Our fiſhermen have caught, in the courſe of this week, upwards of four millions of mackarel, which ſold in our market at 8d. a ſcore, which is exceeding low. Our rebellious tinners are at preſent very quiet, but we cannot ſell our tin in London at any rate. Many Corniſh gentlemen have their's by them to the amount of 16 or 18,000l. worth each, and cannot draw for one farthing, by which means trade in general, in this county, is at ſo low an ebb, that I never ſaw the like for badneſs."

May 11. Yeſterday, by virtue of a commiſſion from his Majeſty, the Commiſſioners, being the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, and the Earl of Dartmouth, the following bills received the royal aſſent, viz.

The bill to allow a drawback of the duties of the cuſtoms on the exportation of teas to any of his Majeſty's colonies or plantations in America.

The bill to regulate the importation and exportation of corn.

Extract of a Letter from Madrid, April 6.

"Advices have juſt been received here from the Viceroy of Mexico, that a plague, of a very malignant nature, has broke out in that city, and the contiguous country. It had made its appearance but ſix days before the advices were dated; and ſuch were the fatal effects of it, that above 30,000 Spaniards, Meſtieze, Indians, and Negroes, were then dead. The Viceroy's advices add, that it certainly is a judgment from God, on the diſſolute and wicked lives of the Spaniards, and their progeny, in that part of the world."

May 12. Orders are ſent from the War-office to the officers of the regiments lately arrived from St. Vincent's, to compleat their reſpective companies to their full complement of men.

Advice is received from Cork, that a French frigate had foundered off the Old Head of Kinſale, and all the crew periſhed.

May 13. Yeſterday a full Board of Admiralty was held, when it was agreed to reduce the number of ſeamen and marines to the late complement; and orders were ſent to the Commiſſioners of the Dock-yards for that purpoſe.

May 14. A plan was diſtributed on Wedneſday at the India-Houſe for raiſing a loan of 1,500,000l. by ſubſcription, formed by Mr. Gordon. By this plan it is propoſed, that a bounty, equal to two per cent. per annum, be granted to ſuch proprietors of India ſtock as ſhall ſubſcribe all, or any part of the capital ſtock of the ſaid company, for creating a ſecurity for the loan of 1,500,000l. the ſubſcribers to receive ſuch bounty, over and above their dividend of 6 per cent. until the 1,500,000l. is paid off, or until the dividend be raiſed to 8 per cent. preference being given to the firſt ſubſcribers; that this bounty ſhall be paid at the ſame time with the dividend, out of the nett profits of the Company's trade and revenue, after payment of the intereſt of the debts of the Company; that this bounty ſhall become due at Midſummer next, provided the ſubſcription is cloſed at Midſummer next; and that the ſtock thus ſubſcribed ſhall be transferable with the bounty and ſecurity.

A certain Great Perſonage has been given to underſtand, by authority of the faculty, that the real cauſe of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter's preſent alarming ſituation, is ſolely the implacable reſentment and perſecution that hangs over him. If the event ſhould prove fatal, the public will know where the blame lies; and it is hoped the cataſtrophe will not be imputed to want of ſkill in the Doctors.

May 15. The Premier is ſaid to have declared it as his opinion, that the important buſineſs now depending in the Senate, relative to the affairs of the Eaſt India Company, cannot poſſibly be determined this ſeſſion, on account of a great number of temporary matters, more immediately affecting the body of the people, which call for the quickeſt diſpatch.

Wedneſday night a Board of Admiralty was ſuddenly held, though Lord Sandwich was in the country. Several Captains of the Royal Navy received their final orders, to go down to the reſpective ports where their ſhips lie, though they had been permitted but the day before to go into the country on their own private concerns. It is rumoured that this ſudden and unexpected turn of affairs is owing to a courier's arrival from the Court of Verſailles on Wedneſday, with an account that the Spaniſh ſhips have ſet ſail.--All its buſtle or buſineſs, throughout the whole department of the Navy. Several meſſengers were inſtantly diſpatched to Lord Sandwich, and to the different ports and dock-yards. The Board ſat till nine o'clock at night.

Sir John Dalrymple will be appointed one of the Judges in the Eaſt-Indies, as a reward for his late publication; which ſhews, that while the Court are proſecuting one ſort of libellers, they are aſſiduous in rewarding another.

Letters from Algiers mention, that a conſiderable naval force is fitting out there, under the command of Mahomet Ali Sagran, a Sicilian renegade, to cruize againſt certain Chriſtian powers in the Mediterranean.

The Cotton manufactories eſtabliſhed at Philadelphia have been ſo greatly improved, that according to ſome ſamples lately received here, it is ſuppoſed they will ſoon, in every reſpect equal, if not ſurpaſs, thoſe produced in any other quarter of the globe.

It is now ſpoken of as certain, that very ſhortly there will be a change in the Law department, and which will be attended with one in the Treaſury.

It is ſaid for certain, that an unpopular Alderman is reſolved, at the next Court of Aldermen, to petition for leave for reſign his gown.

It is ſaid all the Britiſh artificers now in Denmark, will ſpeedily be recalled, on pain of outlawry.

We are informed, that a meſſenger was diſpatched from the Queen's Palace, a few mornings ſince, with a letter for the Duke of Cumberland; and that an anſwer was immediately returned, intimating a ready acquieſcence to the terms propoſed for a reconciliation.

It is ſaid that her Majeſty has ſignified to her Maids of honour, and other ladies attending about her perſon, that it will not be pleaſing to ſee them appear before her in ſilks of foreign manufacture.

This week upwards of 30,000l. ſterling, in broadcloth, woollens, &c. have been entered for South-Carolina.

May 17. On Friday a motion was made in the Houſe of Commons, for leave to bring in a bill, to amend and explain an act of Philip and Mary, relative to hawkers and pedlars, and to prevent perſons from ſelling goods and wares by auction, except at the places of their reſidence, which was agreed to.

Extract of a Letter from Portſmouth, May 14.

"Yeſterday one of the King's Meſſengers came down here, with orders to ſtop the men of war from returning to Plymouth, and the frigates from being paid off, and for no more men to be diſcharged; but on the contrary, for the 15 ſail of the line to get their full complement of men, to take on board ſix months proviſions, and twelve months ſtores, and get ready for ſea immediately."

Extract of a Letter from Chatham, May 15.

"His Majeſty's ſhips Triumph, of 74 guns, and the Marlborough, of 74, both guardſhips at this port, were under orders to ſail from hence to the Nore, but an expreſs arrived here laſt Wedneſday night from the Admiralty, to reſit them again.

"The Lords of the Admiralty have augmented the ſalaries of the ſtorekeepers and clerks of the yard, by adding 10l. a year to their ſalaries."

On Tueſday and Wedneſday laſt, we hear, there were no leſs than 350 ſeamen diſcharged at the different rendezvous houſes in London; but the Miniſter has ſince changed his mind.

May 18. Letters which arrived yeſterday from Paris, bring the moſt authentic accounts of the Spaniards ſtill continuing to arm moſt vigouroufly, as they have undoubted intelligence that the Emperor is marching a very powerful army into the kingdom of Naples, to counteract which army the Spaniards are now actually embarking *twenty thouſand land forces*, for the protection of the kingdom of Naples.

On Saturday laſt freſh orders were again iſſued from the Board of Admiralty, for augmenting each company of marines with 20 men.

Yeſterday letters patent paſſed the Great Seal, creating Egerton Leigh, Eſq; Attorney General of South-Carolina, a Baronet of Great-Britain.

Laſt night a commiſſion paſſed the Great Seal, appointing Sir Baſil Keith, Captain General and General Governor of Jamaica.

By letters from Nice there is an account, than on the 26th of April ſome gentlemen, amongſt whom was Mr. Buckland, ſon to the late Engliſh Conſul there, were out on a ſhooting party, and a heavy ſtorm of thunder and lightning coming on, they took ſhelter in the lantern at the mouth of the harbour of Villa Franca, under which is a magazine for gun-powder, which taking fire by the lightning, the whole blew up, and all the gentlemen periſhed.

It is ſaid that Sir Charles Saunders has reſigned the command of the fleet. He has too many virtues to meet with good uſage in theſe times.

Lady C-----n, who was lately detected in a diſagreeable ſituation with the Fr. A. at a maſquerade, we hear, is gone raving mad, and is confined at his Lordſhip's country houſe.

Extract of a Letter from Vienna, May 6.

"The armies which the Emperor has been raiſing, not only in the hereditary dominions, but in every other part of the empire, are now compleated, are embodied, cloathed, and all in full pay, which cannot, at the moſt moderate computation, coſt his Imperial Majeſty leſs than two millions ſterling annually; an amazing expence, and ſcarce credible that his Treaſury will ſupport it, as it is certain he means to keep them always on foot. Twenty thouſand of the new troops are to march into Poland; thirty thouſand into Moldavia, Dalmatia, &c. and forty thouſand into Servia, Tranſylvania, Croatia, &c."

A meſſenger, which had been but a few hours coming from Paris, arrived at the Secretary of State's Office on Saturday night laſt; which, it is ſaid, brought from our Ambaſſador a confirmation of the news that has alarmed our Miniſtry in the courſe of laſt week: The French, it ſeems, have actually purſued thoſe meaſures they firſt ſet out upon, notwithſtanding their aſſurances to the contrary; but the Spaniards have exceeded them in inſolence, and it is ſuppoſed will meet with chaſtiſement in a few days; for on Sunday expreſſes were ſent to Portſmouth and Plymouth to enter all the men that came, and to give more bounty-money than what was offered in the late Proclamation. War now, therefore, ſeems inevitable.

Extract of a Letter from Toulon, April 20.

"The ſquadron fitted out here will not be diſarmed. Freſh orders have juſt arrived to the Intendant and Commiſſaries of Marines, to put the full complement of men on board each ſhip, with proviſions, ſtores, &c. for eight months. All the veſſels will be ready for ſailing in leſs than a fortnight; but their deſtination, or the particular view in fitting them out, cannot be truly aſcertained, as every perſon is very ſecret reſpecting them."

Extract of a Letter from Warſaw, April 24.

"Several of the ſecond Dietines, held in conſequence of new letters of Convocation in thoſe diſtricts were the firſt had broken up ineffectually, have ſucceeded; but in many other places the Gentlemen, after refuſing to aſſemble, made their proteſts, notwithſtanding the Grods were forbid to receive them. Manifeſtoes have appeared in ſeveral Palatinates; that for the Palatinate of Kiovia is conceived nearly in the following terms:

"As the calamities in which our country is involved are daily augmented, and as no liberty is left for free deliberation, either at the place of election, or for the perſons that ſhall be choſen, the Republic being over-run with foreign troops, the Citizens aſſembled for the election of Nuncios declined naming any, as they would not expoſe any Gentleman that ſhould be choſen to the hard taſk of being forced to accelerate and confirm the ruin of his country. The ſtability of the entire poſſeſſions of the Republic is founded on ſolemn Treaties, ſworn to by the auguſt Houſe of Auſtria, and the Kings of Hungary, in which it has been declared, that they would never form any pretenſions to any diſtrict of the Republic of Poland; --on Treaties with Ruſſia, and on the Declaration of her preſent Imperial Majeſty of Ruſſia, given in 1764, in which ſhe declares, that ſhe never will form any pretenſions either on Poliſh Pruſſia or Lithuania; on Treaties made and renewed with the King of Pruſſia, in which the reſpective domains have been invariably determined; on the Declaration of the grandfather of the King of Pruſſia in 1701, and on that of his preſent Majeſty in 1764, in which he aſſures, that he will never make any claim to Poliſh Pruſſia;--on theſe ſacred ties we had reaſon to hope that the above three Sovereigns, calling to mind the Treaties of their predeceſſors, and their own Declarations, would not undertake any thing againſt the intereſt of the Republic, nor give its inhabitants cauſe for complaint. In conſequence of the above, as we would not permit the ruin, diſmemberment, or any change in our form of Government, we formally oppoſe the nomination of a Marſhal of the Diet, and the elections of Nuncios, &c."--Signed by Michael Stecki, Territorial Judge of Zetomierz, and by ſeveral others."

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 11.

"Recent advices from Buchareſt, on the authenticity of which we can depend, aſſure us, that the Armiſtice is really and effectually broke up; that M. Obreſcow is on his way to Peterſburgh from Jaſſy; and that Oſman Effendi, the Turkiſh Miniſter, with his attendants, have taken their departure for Conſtantinople. The Empreſs and the Grand Signor ſeem both determined to renew the war with the utmoſt vigour. The preparations are nearly finiſhed on both ſides, and it is expected that the campaign will open in a very ſhort time."

A letter from Madeira, by the way of Liſbon, dated March 23, gives the following account, viz. "That Captain Duthie, of the Judith, on her paſſage to Madeira, ſaw a ſhip on fire, about ten leagues from the coaſt of Portugal, the crew whereof were ſuppoſed to be either burnt or drowned: That Captain Duthie, after lying by her two hours, ſent his carpenter to cut off her head, a woman figure, painted green, with a red ſaſh, New-England built, homeward bound, and was full of goods."

An account from Plymouth furniſhes us with the following uncommon ſpecies of fraud: A Farmer in that neighbourhood, poſſeſſed of 2000l. property, was detected in that market ſelling plated butter upon hogs-lard.--The butter was no thicker round the lard than a crown piece. The Farmer was taken to the Guildhall, and as he could produce no patent, he was obliged to pay nine pounds fine and coſt, for the ingenuity of his wife.--A Gentleman's ſervant bought four pounds of the ſame ſort of a man, but the Artiſt hath not yet been diſcovered.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 21.

Laſt Week Captain Budden arrived here from Barbados, with whom came Paſſengers Doctor Sandiford, and Lady; Mr. Sober, and Family; Miſs Willing; Miſs Dueſberry; Miſs Redware; Mr. Du Simitiere, and many others.

Captain Hawkins, from Barbados, on the 15th Inſtant, in Lat. 36:41, ſpoke the Ship Greyhound, Captain O'Neil, from South-Carolina for Briſtol, 8 Days out, who had ſprung his Mainmaſt, and intended to put into Virginia. Captain Hawkins took on board a Gentleman and Lady, who were Paſſengers, and has brought them in with him, in order to proceed on their intended Voyage by the firſt Veſſel.

With Captain Hawkins came Paſſengers from Barbados, Mr. Thomas Polgreen, and Lady; Mr.-------- Palmer, and Lady, and Mr. Richard Vaux.

Captain Barry, from St. Chriſtophers, on the 14th Inſtant, in Lat. 35, Long. 73:10, ſpoke a Brig, from North-Carolina for Dominica, out 24 Hours.

Captain Young, from Antigua, on the 10th Inſtant, in Lat. 37:28, Long. 72:57, ſpoke a Schooner, Captain Mawbey, from Norfolk, in Virginia, for Jamaica, out two Days, all well.

Captain Scott, from Leoganne, on the 3d Inſtant, in Lat. 25:23, Long. 74, ſpoke the Brig Sally, Captain Murphy, from Jamaica for Rhode-Iſland, out 15 Days; and on the 9th, in Lat. 35:51, Long. 75, ſpoke a Brig, from New-London for Jamaica, out 9 Days.---Captain Scott informs us, that about the 12th ult. at the Bite of Leoganne, a heavy Gale of Wind came on, attended with Thunder, Lightning and Rain, in which ſeveral Veſſels parted their Cables and went aſhore, and one Brig and a Sloop, belonging to Port-au-Prince, were entirely loſt: That the ſame Evening they had two ſmall Shocks of and Earthquake, but did not hear of any Damage; that one of the French Frigates ſtationed at Port-au-Prince had ſailed for Old France, and the other was to ſail ſoon after, when there would be only a King's Sloop, and Brig remaining there.

The Harriot Packet, Capt. Oak, was to leave Falmouth for New-York the 12th of June.

On the 14th inſt. 10 Leagues from Cape Henlopen was ſpoke with by a Pilot, the Ship London, Capt. Robinſon, from London for Virginia, out 5 Weeks.

Arrived at Montſerrat. Captain Wiley, from Philadelphia; and the Brig John, Captain Vanbibber, from Baltimore.

By the Honourable

RICHARD PENN, Esq;

Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennsylvania*, and Counties of *New-Castle, Kent* and *Sussex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a great Number of Bills, *printed* in the Form, Similitude and Likeness, of the true and genuine Bills of Credit of this Province, of the Denominations of *Three Pounds*, and *Thirty Shillings*, dated the First Day of *March*, 1769, have been forged and counterfeited, and are now circulating in this City and Province, to the great Prejudice of His Majesty's honest and liege Subjects: AND WHEREAS it is of the greatest Importance to the Trade and Commerce of this Province, that the Credit of all such Bills as have been emitted by Law, should be supported and preserved, and that the Forgers and Counterfeiters of them should be discovered, and brought to condign and exemplary Punishment: I HAVE therefore thought fit, with the Advice of the Council, to issue this Proclamation, hereby promising and engaging, that the public Reward of *FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS*, shall be paid to any Person or Persons, other than the Accomplices, who shall discover the Author or Authors of the said Forgeries, so that he or they be apprehended and brought to Justice. AND I DO also hereby promise the public Reward of *TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS*, as well as His Majesty's most gracious Pardon, to any one of the Perpetrators of the said Forgeries, who shall make Discovery of one or more of his Accomplices, so that he or they be prosecuted to Conviction. AND I DO moreover hereby strictly charge, enjoin and require, all Magistrates, Sheriffs, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majesty's liege Subjects within this Province, to exert themselves, and use their utmost Endeavours, to discover and bring to Justice all Offenders in the Premises.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the said Province, at Philadelphia, *the Nineteenth Day of* July, *in the Year of our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy-three, and in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, and so forth.*

RICHARD PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *jun. Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

Pennsylvania, ss. *Philadelphia, Seventh Month* 19, 1773.

THOSE who have Bills of Credit, issued according to an Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, dated the First Day of *March*, 1769, are desired to bring them to the Provincial Treasurer, and receive their respective Value; the said Bills are denominated EIGHT SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, and SIXTY SHILLINGS.

OWEN JONES.

On Wednesday Evening last departed this Life, at Burlington, in the 80th Year of her Age, Mrs. ELIZABETH ELTON; and on Thursday Evening her Remains were decently interred in St. Mary's Church, attended by a very respectable Number of People of all Denominations.

On Thursday last arrived here, one Company of the Royal Artillery from England, via New-York, under the Command of Captain HUDDLESTON, and Lieutenant COLLINS.

On Saturday Evening, about 8 o'Clock, as Mr. John Mifflin, junior, was returning into Town, he was stopped between Vine and Race-streets, on the Common leading to the Wissahickon Road, by a Man, dressed in a white Jacket without Sleeves, striped Trowsers, and Hat flop'd before, who taking the Reins of his Chair in his Hand, and enquiring how far to Town, clapped a Pistol to his Breast, telling him to make no Noise, or he would shoot him; he then demanded his Money, which being delivered, he asked for his Pocket-book, but being told he had none, he put his Hand on his Breeches Pocket, saying there was more Money, which being Coppers, he said he never took them; then making him say on his Conscience he would not mention it in less than two Hours, shook him by the Hand, and wished him a good Night.

And on Sunday Evening, as Owen Jones, Esq; was returning to Town, about the same Hour, and within an Hundred Yards of the Place where Mr. Mifflin was robbed, he was stopped by a Fellow, dressed in a white Jacket and Breeches, and a small Hat, who presented a Pistol to his Breast, and desired him to deliver his Watch and Pocket-book immediately, or he would blow his Brains out. Mr. Jones having no Pocket-book, delivered the Villain his Watch, and proceeded Home.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Goldfinch, G. Ord, from Montserrat. Brig Kitty, P. Lacey, and Snow Polly, J. Scott, Hispaniola. Ship James and Mary Ann, W. Budden, and Brig Barbados Packet, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Sloop Ottley, J. Young, Antigua. Brig Nancy, J. Taylor, and Schooner Amelia, P. Barry, St. Kitts. Schooner Nancy, J. Bohannan, North-Carolina. Schooner Molly, T. Callender, New-Castle. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, and Brig Charlestown Packet, S. Wright, South-Carolina. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, Maryland. Sloop Peggy and Betsey, D. Ferguson, from New-York.

OUTWARDS. Brig Jenny, J. Campbell, and Brig Betsey, D. M'Cutcheon, for Cork. Schooner King Tammany, J. Allen, Jamaica. Brig Tryal, G. Cabott, Vigo. Brig Pluto, T. Lee, Snow Neptune, T. Wallace, and Ship Clementina, P. Brown, Cadiz. Brig Polly, G. Hirst, Madeira. Sloop Hawke, B. Hinson, Barbados. Brig Ranger, W. Newbold, Antigua. Brig Prince of Wales, T. Mason, South-Carolina. Brig Widow's Son, T. Dixon, for Piscataqua.

CLEARED. Ship James and Rebecca, W. Willocks, to Liverpool. Ship Rebecca and Susanna, R. Cassin, Lisbon. Ship Delaware, W. Newman, London. Ship American, G. Forrester, Brig Bachelor, W. Hindson, and Sloop Molly, H. Waller, Jamaica. Brig Recovery, W. Lawrence, Gibraltar. Brig Dolphin, A. Hill, Dublin. Schooner Mary, J. Welsh, Halifax. Sloop Hope, J. Fanning, and Sloop Patty, G. Simpson, North-Carolina. Schooner Tryal, D. Harrow, Nevis. Brig Repeal, C. Alexander, Porto Rico. Brig Bolton, J. Harr, to Madeira.

A PUBLIC VENDUE, next FRIDAY, by
WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

N. B. GOODS are received for said Vendue, at his Store, in Market-street, between Second and Third-streets.

SEVERAL SUMS of MONEY, ready to be LENT, on *approved* real Security, either in this Province or in the Jerseys.

Borrowers may at all Times be supplied, by giving a few Weeks Notice, to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public. ¶

A CASK OF SWEET OIL,
To be SOLD by
JOSIAH HEWES, in Chestnut-street.
JULY 21, 1773.

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS of the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my sincere Thanks for the Honour you conferred on me, in voting me on the Return for CORONER, for several Years past. Upon the Decease of Caleb Cash, Esq; his Honour the Governor was pleased to appoint me to that Office, for the Remainder of the Year, wherein I shall endeavour to acquit myself with the utmost Fidelity; and as I intend to stand a Candidate for the same, at the ensuing Election, I earnestly entreat the Favour of your Votes and Interest, which shall be gratefully acknowledged by, GENTLEMEN,

Your respectful and obliged Friend,

July 19, 1773. § JOHN KNIGHT, Coroner.

THE Members of *The Society of Englishmen, and the Sons of Englishmen, established at Philadelphia, for the Advice and Assistance of Englishmen in Distress*, are requested to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on Friday, the 23d Instant, at CARPENTERS-HALL, at Six in the Evening precisely.

July 21, 1773. WILLIAM THORNE, Secretary.

N. B. Several Members to be voted for.

Philadelphia, July 17, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 31st of July instant, at one o'clock in the afternoon, and to be struck off precisely at 4 o'clock, at the house of John Wentz, in Whitpain township, a certain two story stone messuage and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Whitpain township, containing about 51 acres and a quarter, be the same more or less, bounded by a road leading from Manatawny road to Skippack road, and by lands of Charles Jolly, Isaac Ellis, and others; late the estate of John Bell, deceased; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

N. B. There is a young bearing orchard of about 100 trees, about 7 acres of meadow, and more may be made, and a good stream of water running through the same. The purchaser, by paying 100l. down, may have a considerable time to pay the remainder, on giving good security.

Also at the same time and place will be sold by the subscriber, a certain tract or piece of land, adjoining the above plantation, containing about 40 acres, bounded by the above described tract, by lands of Charles Jolly, and others; one half thereof is woodland. JOHN BELL, junior.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Saturday, the 31st of July instant, at 12 o'clock at noon, and to be struck off precisely at 5 o'clock, at the house of John Wentz, in Whitpain township, a certain log tenement and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Frederick township, containing about 170 acres of land, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Andrew Boyer, Matthias Cairne, and others. Also, a certain other messuage and plantation, or tract of land, situate in Upper Salford township, containing about 50 acres, be the same more or less, bounded by ground of George Hertzell, ------- Tillman, and others; late the estate of Dietrick Welker; seized and taken in execution, by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 2d of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain messuage and lot of ground, situate on the east side of Second-street, between High-street and Chestnut-street, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 12 feet, and in depth 60 feet, bounded by Second-street aforesaid, and by ground of Samuel Mifflin, Esq; John Jennet, Stephen Reeves, and others; late the estate of James Loughead; seized and taken in execution, by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 2d of August next, at 12 o'clock at noon, and to be struck off precisely at 5 o'clock, at the house of ------ Tomkins, at the Billet, a certain two story stone messuage, and plantation or tract of land, situate in Horsham township, containing about 50 acres, be the same more or less, bounded by lands of Jabez White, John Jarret, and others; late the estate of Evan Lloyd; seized and taken in execution, by

JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Tuesday, the 3d of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain brick tenement and lot of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, on the north side of a certain lane or street, 45 feet wide, called Long-Lane, between Third-street and the Old York Road, containing in breadth, on Long-Lane aforesaid, about 176 feet, and continuing that breadth about 149 feet, then narrowing to the breadth of about 110 feet, and continuing that breadth about 138 feet, to a certain new street, 50 feet wide, bounded by Long-Lane aforesaid, and by ground of John Doyle, Edmund Woolley, John Radshlag, and others; late the estate of the late Charles Batho, Esq; deceased; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Thursday, the 5th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain three story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the south side of Callowhill-street, in the Northern Liberties of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 20 feet, and in Depth 80 feet, bounded by Callowhill-street aforesaid, and by ground of Thomas Meyer, and others. A certain tract or piece of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, on the south side of Germantown road, containing about 4 acres and 69 perches, bounded by a certain 40 feet road or lane, and by ground late of Isaac Norris, deceased. Also a certain lot of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties aforesaid, on the west side of a certain 50 feet lane or street, containing in breadth 40 feet, and in depth 159 feet, bounded by said street, and by ground of John Stillwaggon, Nicholas Burckhard, and others; late the estate of Martin Noll; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the 6th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, two certain messuages or tenements, and lots or pieces of ground, situate in the district of Southwark, on the west side of Second-street, containing in breadth 30 feet, and in depth 60 feet, bounded by Second-street aforesaid, and by grounds of Samuel Rhoads, Luke Morris, and others; subject to a groundrent of Sixteen Pieces of Eight per annum; late the estate of Thomas Robinson; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to public sale, on Saturday, the 7th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, two certain brick messuages or tenements, and lots or peices of ground, situate on the west side of Sterling-street, between Third and Fourth-streets, in the city of Philadelphia; each of them containing in breadth about 14 feet, and in depth about 45 feet, bounded by Sterling-street aforesaid, and by ground of Thomas Peart, and others; late the estate of Samuel Johnston; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August next, at six o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, Two certain lots or pieces of ground, situate on the east side of Front-street, continued southward beyond the city of Philadelphia; one of them containing in breadth 35 feet, and in depth 85 feet; bounded by Front-street aforesaid, by the next described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, and others; subject to a groundrent of 46*s.* Pennsylvania currency, per annum; having a one story brick tenement (19 feet in breadth, and 28 feet in depth, erected thereon) with a good cellar of 9 feet deep under the whole. The other of them containing in breadth 19 feet, and in depth 75 feet; bounded by Queen-street, by a certain three feet alley, by the first described lot, and by ground of Mary Armitt, John Mifflin, John Morton, and others; late the estate of Samuel Armitt; seized and taken in execution, by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Monday, the 16th of August next, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-house, a certain piece or parcel of drained cripple, or meadow land, situate on Greenwich Island, in Passyunk township, containing about 4 acres and 146 perches; bounded by the river Delaware, and by lands of Jonathan Shoemaker, John Drinker, and others. And a certain other tract or piece of land, situate in Passyunk township, containing about 5 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of John Rouse, John Godfrey, John Sober, and Rebecca Johns; late the estate of Edward Flounders; seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE LETT,

THE TAVERN, where Mr. PATRICK BYRNE now lives, at the Entrance of Passyunk Road, the other Side of the Play-house; it is very fit and commodious for a Tavern, or any private Gentleman. For Terms and Particulars, enquire of ROBERT HARDIE, at his House, in Spruce-street. ¶

COTTON, in Bales; BAR-IRON, of a good Quality; SOAL LEATHER; PORK, HERRINGS, and SHAD, by the Barrel; CLARET, of the best Quality, by the Dozen. Also Rum, Sugar, Coffee, Malaga and Teneriffe WINES,

To be SOLD, on Mr. Stamper's Wharff, by
LEVI HOLLINGSWORTH.

THE short Time appointed for Drawing the Second Class of the AMERICAN FLINT GLASS MANUFACTORY LOTTERY, is found not sufficient, as the Adventurers in the Country are mostly engaged in their Harvest; therefore, it is postponed only till Monday, the 16th Day of next Month, when the Drawing will certainly begin, on Pettie's Island, there being but very few Tickets to dispose of.

JULY 19, 1773. 4 *W.*

Philadelphia, July 19, 1773.

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the subscriber, in Second-street, opposite the Baptist Meeting-house, from off the Commons of this city, the latter end of last Month, a light red COW, with a large star in her forehead, white under her belly, and a little white on her rump, strait thick horns, something like a bull's horns. She had a bell on, when she went away, marked W. Craig. Whoever takes up said COW, and will bring her to the subscriber, shall receive *Ten Shillings*; if stolen, and the thief convicted *Thirty Shillings* reward.

¶ 1 W. WILLIAM CRAIG.

Morris-Town, July 17, 1773.

BROKE PRISON,

A CERTAIN *SAMUEL FORD*, accused of counterfeiting money, he is a tall well built fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, when he went away, a nankeen jacket and breeches, a brown coat, plain homespun thread stockings, a pair of new shoes, and silver twisted buckles, brown curled hair, red cheeks, and a remarkable dimple in his chin. Whoever takes up said *Samuel Ford*, and secures him in any of his Majesty's goals, so that he may be had, shall receive the sum of THIRTY POUNDS, and all reasonable charges, of me THOMAS KINNEY, Sheriff,

¶ of the County of Morris.

For CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
CHARLES-TOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT,
MASTER,

HAS good accommodations for passengers, and will sail with all convenient speed, having great part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or passage, apply to URIAH WOOLMAN, WILLIAM SYKES, or said master on board, at Thomas Clifford's wharff.

N. B. Just arrived in said vessel, and to be sold, good new RICE, Forty Barrels of TURPENTINE, and a few Tons of Lignum Vitæ. Enquire as above.

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 14th of this instant July, from the subscribers, at Philadelphia, an Irish servant man, who came over in the Snow Charlotte, Captain Curtis, from Waterford, named JOSEPH READ, by trade a Cooper; he is about 50 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, of a dark complexion, his face rough and shrivelled, wears his own hair, which is dark coloured and curls; he speaks much on the Irish accent, and is fond of liquor; had on, when he went away, a dark brown under jacket, with white metal buttons, and an upper waistcoat, with sleeves, near the same colour, and blue plush breeches. Whoever secures the said servant, so that his masters may have him again, shall have the above reward and reasonable charges, paid by JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, of Philadelphia, or DAVID FULTON, THOMAS FULTON, } at Nottingham.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

LAST night was stolen, out of the pasture of CHRISTIAN DERIK, *in Passyunk township, near Schuylkill, a bright bay* HORSE, *between 7 and 8 years old, a natural pacer, about* 15 *hands high, newly shod all round, has a black streak from his mane to his tail, and a long mane, hanging on the near side, his ears hanging down; he is a very free horse, both in the gears and under the saddle, and has been a leader in a team. Whoever apprehends the thief, and secures the horse, so that the first may be brought to condign punishment, and brings him to the subscriber, or to* JACOB EHRENZELLER, *in Fourth-street, at the Bay Horse, shall have the above reward, or* Three Pounds *for the horse only, and reasonable charges, paid by* CHRISTIAN DERIK. *July* 15, 1773. §

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in Warrington township, York county, on the 1st day of May last, the following stray MARES, viz. the one a small bay, with a star in her forehead, branded on her near shoulder with an M; the other of a black colour, with a white blaze down her face; has three white feet, and a long switch tail. The owner or owners are desired to come, prove their property, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ THOMAS HETHERTON.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Southwark, an indented servant man, named Michael Neugant, by trade a taylor, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, fair faced, pale fair hair, which he wears short, and sometimes puts a tail to it; he speaks with a little of the brogue; had on, when he went away, a light coloured Wilton coat, scarlet jacket, brown cloth breeches, white worsted stockings, old shoes, soaled, with round Pinchbeck buckles, and a beaver hat. Whoever secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by JAMES RIDDLE. ‡

East-Caln, Seventh Month 17, 1773.

WE, the Subscribers, having the Goods, Chattels and Credits, of Nathan Cadwalader Cooper, of Uwchland, in Chester County, assigned to us, do hereby notify such that have any just Demands against said Nathan, that were contracted before the sixth day of First Month last, to bring in their Accounts to us, the Subscribers, in East-Caln Township, in said County, at or before the 14th Day of next Month, in order that a Dividend may be made, that they may receive their Shares. Also all that are indebted to him, are desired to pay the same immediately to us, to prevent further Trouble.

¶ JOSHUA WAY, THOMAS METEER.

RUN away, the 18th of this instant July, from the subscriber, near Doe-Run, in West-Marlborough township, Chester county, two servant men, both red haired, much freckled, one of them, named JAMES ETHRINGTON, is about 5 feet 8 inches high, has a scar on his cheek; both of them had on coarse tow shirts and trowsers, new coarse wool hats, and shoes, tied with leather strings; the other, named JAMES CAMBELL, and is about 5 feet high. Whoever secures them, in any of his Majesty's goals, so that their master may have them again, shall receive THIRTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by ANDREW MITCHELL. ¶

The MEMBERS of the
ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY,

ARE desired to attend their Quarterly Meeting, on *Friday*, the 23d Instant, at the House of JAMES BYRNE, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening.-----Several Persons to be proposed as Members. RICHARD PETERS, jun. Secretary. ¶ 2 W.

LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, LANCASTER.

JOHN ADAMSON, Cumberland County.

B. Robert Bingham, York County (2) Robert Boyle, and Rev. Mr. Bucher, Lancaster County; Charles Boyle, Cumberland County; William Brown, Chestnut Level; James Bell, Carlisle.

C. Thomas Copland, Cumberland County; Henry Case, Taylor, near Pittsburgh; Samuel Culberson, Marsh Creek; Robert Curry, Lancaster County; James Cragmiles, Fishing Creek; Hugh Caldwell, Chestnut Level; Robert Chambers, York County.

D. William Delap, Esq; York County; William Davie, Philadelphia; George Davidson, Little Britain; James Donald, Strasburgh Township; Daniel Deady, Lancaster County; Dennis Doherty.

E. Elizabeth Edwards, Earl Township.

F. Michael Fitzpatrick.

G. Stephen Giffin, James Glasgow (2) Philip William Gibson, York County; Thomas Gordon, Windsor, York County.

H. Abraham Holmes, Tavern-keeper, Donegall (2) John Hopson, Lancaster; Malachi Hays, Samuel Henry, York County.

I. Ephraim Johnson, York County; James Johnson, Reading; John Jemison, Cumberland County; David Johnson, Derry Township.

L. Thomas Linten, Hanover Township; Mrs. Levingston, to the Care of Henry Rankin, Lancaster.

M. Joseph Miller, Robert M'Cally, William M'Cally, John M'Cully, James Marshall, James M'Naughton, Lancaster County; Mr. Mortochodoran, Carlisle; Samuel M'Culloch, Marsh Creek; Thomas M'Cunn, William Moore, James M'Kenny, James M'Mullan, York County; James M'Gee, Carpenter, Hugh M'Bride, Donegall; James Morrison, Maryland; James Magee, Andrew Morrison, John M'Bride, Cumberland County; Patrick M'Sherry, Tavern-keeper; Edward Marsh, Reading; Lachlin M'Erheran; Allen M'Clane; Thomas M'Pherren, Shippensburgh.

P. John Patterson, John Potter, York Town (2) John Palley, Paxton Township; Paul Pieroe, near Carlisle.

R. William Richardson, Hercules Roney, York County; James Rea, Octerara; Francis Roles, of the 34th Regiment; William Richardson, to the Care of William Bell, Merchant.

S. Hugh Sterling; Thomas Sproat (3) Archibald Scott, Cumberland County; Robert Stogdail; William Sampson; Messieurs Sempel and Mitchell; Samuel Smith; John Smith; Thomas Smith; John Spear, Weaver.

T. Martha Taylor; William Thornberry; John Thomas; Robert Trotter, Lebanon.

W. James Wallace; William Waugh (2) John or Gerrard Welsh, York County; Hugh Wallace, Cumberland County; Thomas Whary, Chestnut Level.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT of LAND, in Frederick county, about 8 miles from Winchester, on the main road to Philadelphia, containing 1100 acres, on which is a never-failing spring and two good wells; the improvements thereon have been lately made, and finished in the best manner, viz. an extraordinary good dwelling-house, 40 by 20, with two good rooms and a large passage on the lower floor, the whole genteelly plaistered and painted, it being an excellent situation for a store or tavern, together with two large barns, 60 by 24 each, stables and other out-houses, store-house and smith's shop; there is a small apple-orchard of bearing trees, and 250 trees planted out, of the best fruit, also 30 acres of good timothy meadow, likewise 300 acres of fresh land, cleared within six years, which have produced annually for three years past, near 2000 bushels of wheat, which alone is sufficient to prove the quality of said land. There is also another tract of land to be sold, two miles distant from the foregoing one, lying on the same road, and containing 443 acres; the land is exceedingly good, and well timbered, upwards of 30 acres meadow ground, great part of which is cleared. Also another tract of 100 acres, on which is erected an excellent merchant-mill, 60 feet by 40, built of stone, and finished in the best manner; no expence has been spared to render its conveniencies compleat; there are besides on the premises two good dwelling-houses and a still-house, through which the water runs above, so as to be conveyed to any part thereof with ease. Said mill has three pair of stones, and is situated on a constant stream, and in the best neighbourhood for good wheat in the county. Likewise another tract of good land on Back-creek, with a mill-seat thereon, and fine land for meadow, containing 352 acres. The proprietor of the before-mentioned tracts, apprehending that the merchant-mill before described being extreamly well accustomed, and well known to send forth extraordinary good flour for exportation, thinks it would be most suitable for a merchant, and therefore he will take in part for the purchase thereof Negroes, rum, sugar and melasses, they being articles that would answer at the place to which he intends to move, and a reasonable time will be given for the remainder of the purchase thereof, as also of the tracts of land before described. Indisputable titles will be made to the respective tracts. Also several yoke of oxen, hogs, sheep, and a large stock of cattle, with sundry farming utensils.

Also will be sold, that well known and valuable tract of Land, called the Cool Springs, in Hampshire county, near the Warm Springs, containing 416 acres of very fertile land, being as well situated for business as any in these parts; the place is well timbered and watered, and well improved.

July 1, 1773. JOHN NEVILL.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, the eighth day of this instant July, a Negroe girl, named ZILPH, *about 20 years of age, a short thick well set wench; had on, when she went away, a short lincey gown and petticoat, with a new-fashioned high-dressed cap; it is supposed that she keeps about New-Castle, or at or about Richard M'Williams, Esquire. Whoever takes up said Negroe, and secures her in any of his Majesty's goals, so that I may get her again, shall have the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home, or if any one will inform against the person that harbours or entertains her, shall have* FIVE POUNDS, *paid by*

¶ WILLIAM CARSON.

Potts-Town, July 12, 1773.

RUN away, last Wednesday, from the subscriber, a servant man, named JOHN KENCH, *by trade a Butcher, this country born, speaks English and Dutch, about 5 feet 6 inches high, brown hair, the fore finger of his left hand crooked; had on a short half-worn brown jacket, old check shirt, tow trowsers, felt hat, and old shoes, with steel buckles; has formerly lived in Philadelphia, with Conrad Hoof, Butcher. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in the Work-house, in Philadelphia, or in any Goal in any other county of this province, shall have* THREE POUNDS *reward, and reasonable charges, from* JOHN SHELLENBERG. ¶

Sadsbury, Lancaster County, July 2, 1773.

WHEREAS ANNA M'GRAY, the wife of JOHN M'GRAY, hath eloped from her husband, and hath taken a quantity of clothes and other goods with her, from him; these are therefore to caution and forewarn all persons not to harbour her, or trust her any thing on his account, as he will pay no debts of her contracting from the above date.

¶ JOHN M'GRAY.

N. B. The said ANNA hath likewise taken a bond with her, payable to me by John Harshy, of 25l. currency of Ireland, and I forewarn all persons, not to take assignment of said bond, or give her any money upon the same. JOHN M'GRAY.

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A PLANTATION of the LANDS of Major Harry Gordon, containing upwards of 200 acres of extraordinary good land, in the township of Birmingham, in the county of Chester, being almost an island, surrounded with that well known stream, called Brandywine Creek, on which premises there is a seat for a grist-mill, and now is erected a saw-mill and mill-house; also, at a distance from the same, a good dwelling-house and kitchen, with gardens and a draw well at the door, a large frame barn and stables, with post and rail yards for cattle; there is a considerable quantity of excellent meadow already made, and more to make; two good bearing orchards, of almost all kinds of fruit. The cleared fields are so well calculated as to have water in each; the whole in good repair; the goodness of its quality, as to producing grain and grass, as also the burthen of timber on the uncultivated land, is needless to mention, the Brandywine lands being so well known throughout the province, and in the heart of a fine country, eight miles from the Borough of Wilmington, convenient to places of worship. For terms of sale, which will be made easy, apply to JOSEPH MUSGRAVE, at Kennet square, or the subscriber, in Philadelphia, at the corner of Walnut and Fourth-streets.

July 20, 1773. † HANNAH GORDON.

SIX DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from Warwick Furnace, the 11*th of July instant, a German servant man, named* HENRY CONROD BOGAR, *a smith by trade, about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 or* 8 *inches high, round faced, light coloured hair, tied; had on, and took with him, a half-worn castor hat, scolloped, two coats, one a light blue, with short skirts, lined with brown linen, and mohair buttons, the other a dark blue, without lining, and metal buttons, white and check shirts, check trowsers, with broad stripes, thread stockings, new shoes, with brass buckles, not fellows; speaks English; came into the province last May, from London, and it is thought he intends to return to Germany, or London, if he can; therefore, all masters of vessels, and others, are desired not to harbour or carry him off. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal in this province, or brings him to* DAVID POTTS, *in Philadelphia, or to the subscriber, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by*

¶ THOMAS BUDD.

Philadelphia, June 23, 1773.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Second-street, the corner of Chestnut-street, an Irish servant man, named JOHN CARSON, *or* JOHN M'CASHON, 21 *years of age,* 5 *feet* 5 *inches high, brown complexion, and fair hair, tied behind; had on, when he went away, an old wool hat, a blue coat, much worn and broke at the elbows, a brownish coloured thin jacket, the backs of a different colour and very ragged, a pair of blue cloth breeches, almost new, coarse shoes, with Pinchbeck buckles in them, and yarn stockings: He came in the brig Peggy, Captain M'Kenzie, and wore the same clothes that he brought in the vessel with him, having been but three days ashore. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may get him again, shall have the above reward, and all reasonable charges, paid by* JOHN HANNA. ¶

*** All masters of vessels, and others, are forbid to harbour or carry him off, at their peril. He may probably forge a pass.

WAS left at the Sign of the Waggon, last evening, by a person unknown, a BAY GELDING, about 15 hands high, 4 years old last spring, low in flesh. The owner is desired to prove his property, pay charges, and take him away, otherwise he will be sold for his keeping, in four weeks from the date hereof, by the subscriber, living at the aforesaid place, in West-Caln township, Chester county, on the provincial road leading from Philadelphia to Lancaster.

July 12, 1773. ‡ CALEB WAY, junior.

ELIAS BOTNER, Sadler and Harness-maker,

at the Hunting Side Saddle, next door to the London Coffee-house, in Market-street, Philadelphia, makes and sells,

GENTLEMEN's English, hunting, full welted and plain hogskin, buckskin, and neat's leather seated saddles; King's hunting, and common ditto, breasted ditto, race ditto, pack or carrying ditto; Ladies hunting side saddles, demi-hunters and common ditto, fringed, laced and bound, of various fashions; buckskin seated, with foot cloths or slips; all kinds of military furniture; portmanteaus, saddle bags, housings, and saddle cloths, of all sorts; boot garters, surcingles, and all sorts of saddle-furniture; jockey caps, of all sizes; holsters, and fire buckets, coach and chair harness, horse collars, and all kinds of cart and waggon gears. The above goods are made in the newest and neatest fashion, the fire buckets are the neatest and strongest perhaps made in this city; any Gentlemen taking a quantity, shall have a considerable abatement, and the goods in general will be sold on the lowest terms. The said BOTNER returns thanks to his former customers, and hopes for a continuance of their favours, and others, that please to employ him, may depend on having their orders, and commands, punctually complied with, by their humble servant,

§6*W*. ELIAS BOTNER.

FOR NEWFOUNDLAND,

THE SNOW CHARLOTTE, RICHARD CURTIS, MASTER,

WILL be ready to take in Goods in a few Days. For Freight or Passage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or said Master.

The Times of a few likely Servants, and Redemptioners, just arrived in said Vessel, are to be disposed of.

RUN away on Sunday last, from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, Maryland, about 15 miles from Johnson's Ferry, an Irish servant man, named PATRICK NEVIN, but may change his name, 25 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, wears his own black hair, of a swarthy complexion, blue eyes; had on and with him, when he went away, an old pair of trowsers, old homespun shirt, a short linsey-woolsey jacket, of a dark colour, a swanskin spotted ditto, a brown homespun cloth jacket, with sleeves, a new silk handkerchief, and a half-worn felt hat: He has his indenture with him. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him, so as his master may get him again, shall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN VANCLEAVZ.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. § June 23, 1773.

Cæcil County, Maryland, June 14, 1773.

THIS is to certify, that whereas a certain ALEXANDER MICKLEROY, living in East-Nottingham, Chester county, had, in the beginning of last winter, the house he lived in, with almost all his goods, destroyed by fire. And whereas we, the subscribers, did recommend him as an object of charity, and as far as we then knew of him, and from the recommendation of others, did represent him as a person of good behaviour, and, with many others, readily contributed to his relief; but as divers things have lately been discovered, which have obliged us greatly to alter our opinion of him, and to demand the certificate we gave him, which he has refused to return, and as he has made use of our recommendation in divers places, and is likely to continue so to do, we think our characters require, that we should mention the matter in this public manner, to prevent any further impositions. JAMES FINLEY, ROBERT ROWLAND, THOMAS SHARP, DAVID MACKY. ¶

FIFTEEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscribers, living in Baltimore county, about 12 miles from Baltimore town, in Maryland, three English convict servant men, viz. JAMES HICKMAN, about 22 years of age, about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, straight and well made, with short dark brown hair, round face, dark eyes, a little cross, fresh complexion, and some freckles; he speaks in the west country dialect. THOMAS AGER, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, straight and well made, dark brown hair, tied, long face, bluish eyes, long chin, pale complexion, pert and proud; he is a good scholar, and no doubt has changed his name, and forged passes: He ran away some time ago, and can give some account of Virginia, and the lower parts of Maryland. WILLIAM ABBOTT, about 25 years of age, about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, well set, round shouldered, with short brown hair, full face, white eyes, very weak; served part of his time with Henry Hollingsworth, at the Head of Elk, ran away, and made into the back lands, was put into Bedford goal, can give an account of Shamokin, on Susquehanna, Shearman's and Path Vallies, and other parts of the back country. They took with them, felt hats, several coarse shirts, and trowsers, one old hunting shirt, died yellow, two coarse brown cloth jackets, one white kersey ditto, with sleeves, one red cloth ditto, bound at the pocket holes, one ditto, country fulled, and lappelled, with metal buttons, and without sleeves, two pair of stroag country made shoes, well nailed, one pair of ditto, without nails, and several other things. Whoever takes up said servants, and secures them, so as their masters may get them again, shall have *Seven Pounds Ten Shillings*, if 50 miles from home *Ten Pounds*, and if 100 miles, the above reward, or in proportion for each, including what the law allows, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by ALEXANDER WELLS, CHARLES HOWARD, THOMAS OWINGS. *June* 21, 1773. ¶

Maryland, June 21, 1773.

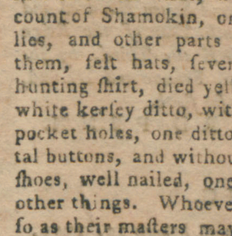
TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Elk-Ridge Church, a convict servant man, named JOHN COLLIER, born in England, about 5 feet and an half high, well made, of a brown complexion, has a hoarseness in his speech, he wears his own short dark hair; took with him a new castor hat, a dark coloured beaverskin outside jacket, made long, with cuffs, and lined with white flannel, one white linen under ditto, one white shirt, one ozenbrigs ditto, white Russia drab breeches, white worsted stockings, and a pair of pumps; he has with him a pass, formerly belonging to one John Fleming, by which name he now goes; it is signed by Henry Ridgely, of Anne-Arundel county, and Thomas Price, of Frederick county, Maryland, by Richard M'Collister, of York county, William Henry, of Lancaster county, and William Clingan, of Chester county, Esquires, Pennsylvania. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that the subscriber gets him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

¶ CHARLES WORTHINGTON.

N. B. The above servant has had one of his legs broke, near the ancle, which stands somewhat out; it is thought to be the left.

FOR CORK, OR NEWRY,



THE ship BESTEY, DAVID M'CUTCHON, Master, has the greatest part of her cargoe ready to go on board, and will sail about the 20th instant. For freight or passage, apply to JOSEPH CARSON, in Market-street, or to the Captain on board, at Market-street wharff.

Just arrived in the said ship, from Newry, a number of Redemptioners and SERVANTS, whose times are to be disposed of by said CARSON, on the north side of Market-street, the 7th door from the corner of Second-street, or by the Captain on board. §

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

THE BRIGANTINE SEA NYMPH, JOSEPH BLEWER, MASTER,

A NEW vessel, conveniently provided with genteel accommodations for passengers, will sail with all convenient speed. For freight or passage, apply to JOSEPH BLEWER, at his house, in Southwark, or on board, at Mr. Joseph Sims's wharff, or to DANIEL ROBINSON, at his store, on said wharff, who has for sale, Carolina Soal Leather, and new Rice.

CHOICE

LISBON WINE,

To be SOLD by

CHARLES WHARTON,

At his STORE, near the DRAWBRIDGE. ¶

Head of Bohemia, July 5, 1773.

Will positively be SOLD, on Monday, the 9th day of August next, on the spot, by Vendue,

THE BOHEMIA-MILLS, which are pleasantly situated on the main branch of Bohemia river, in Cæcil county, Maryland, within a quarter of a mile from Bohemia landing, and six miles from Apaquinimink landing, in New-Castle county; the mill-house, dam, and all the other works, are now in good repair, and proper order for making superfine flour; the boulting-cloths, hoisting-works, rolling screen, and fan, go by water; the stream of water upon which the mill is erected, has not been known to fail, and the situation is in the midst of an excellent wheat country, besides the advantage of purchasing at a low rate, at Bohemia landing, where not less than fifty thousand bushels of the best wheat is landed in a year, there is also frequent demands for large quantities of flour at the mill, where the Philadelphia market price is generally paid; fifteen acres of excellent land, where are a dwelling-house, kitchen, stable, and good orchard, will be sold with the mills. The conditions of the vendue will be made known on the day of sale, by JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

N. B. On the premises there is a very good stand for a wet and dry-goods store, where there now is one kept. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A SERVANT MAN's TIME; he is a stout Fellow. For further Particulars, enquire of his Master, JOHN SMITH, Porter, at the Drawbridge. ¶

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by HALL and SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market*.

July 28, 1773. NUMB. 2327.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

BY THE HONOURABLE
RICHARD PENN, Eſq;
Lieutenant-Governor and Commander in Chief of the Province of *Pennſylvania*, and Counties of *New-Caſtle*, *Kent* and *Suſſex*, on *Delaware*,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS a great Number of Bills, *printed* in the Form, Similitude and Likeneſs, of the true and genuine Bills of Credit of this Province, of the Denominations of *Three Pounds*, and *Thirty Shillings*, dated the Firſt Day of *March*, 1769, have been forged and counterfeited, and are now circulating in this City and Province, to the great Prejudice of His Majeſty's honeſt and liege Subjects: AND WHEREAS it is of the greateſt Importance to the Trade and Commerce of this Province, that the Credit of all ſuch Bills as have been emitted by Law, ſhould be ſupported and preſerved, and that the Forgers and Counterfeiters of them ſhould be diſcovered, and brought to condign and exemplary Puniſhment: I HAVE therefore thought fit, with the Advice of the Council, to iſſue this Proclamation, hereby promiſing and engaging, that the public Reward of *FIVE HUNDRED POUNDS*, ſhall be paid to any Perſon or Perſons, other than the Accomplices, who ſhall diſcover the Author or Authors of the ſaid Forgeries, ſo that he or they be apprehended and brought to Juſtice. AND I DO alſo hereby promiſe the public Reward of *TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY POUNDS*, as well as His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon, to any one of the Perpetrators of the ſaid Forgeries, who ſhall make Diſcovery of one or more of his Accomplices, ſo that he or they be proſecuted to Conviction. AND I DO moreover hereby ſtrictly charge, enjoin and require, all Magiſtrates, Sheriffs, and other Officers, as well as all other His Majeſty's liege Subjects within this Province, to exert themſelves, and uſe their utmoſt Endeavours, to diſcover and bring to Juſtice all Offenders in the Premiſes.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of the ſaid Province, at Philadelphia, *the Nineteenth Day of* July, *in the Year of our Lord One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Seventy-three, and in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, and ſo forth.*

RICHARD PENN.

By His Honour's Command,
JOSEPH SHIPPEN, *jun. Secretary.*

GOD Save the KING.

Pennſylvania, ſs. *Philadelphia, Seventh Month* 19, 1773.

THOSE who have Bills of Credit, iſſued according to an Act of GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this Province, dated the Firſt Day of *March*, 1769, are deſired to bring them to the Provincial Treaſurer, and receive their reſpective Value; the ſaid Bills are denominated EIGHT SHILLINGS, TWELVE SHILLINGS, THIRTY SHILLINGS, and SIXTY SHILLINGS.

OWEN JONES.

Philadelphia, July 24, 1773.

PROPOSALS for PRINTING by SUBSCRIPTION,
The celebrated and much eſteemed WORKS of
LAWRENCE STERNE, A.M.
Prebendary of York, and Vicar of Sutton on the Foreſt, and of Stillington, near York,
IN FIVE VOLUMES;

Containing,---The LIFE and OPINIONS of TRISTAM SHANDY, Gentleman; YORICK's SERMONS; SENTIMENTAL JOURNEY; POLITICAL ROMANCE; and his LETTERS to ELIZA, which have never appeared in any Edition of his Works, with two other genuine LETTERS, never as yet publiſhed.

The CONDITIONS are,

They ſhall be printed in large Twelves, on a very good Paper, and in a new, neat and elegant Type, a Specimen of which may be ſeen at the Subſcriber's Office.

The Price to Subſcribers to be no more than THIRTY SHILLINGS *the Sett, neatly bound and lettered. There will be a few Setts ſtruck off on very fine Writing Paper, and bound in the moſt elegant Manner, for thoſe who may ſubſcribe for them, at* FIFTY SHILLINGS *the Sett.*

They ſhall be put in the Preſs as ſoon as Two Hundred have ſubſcribed, and as there are almoſt half that Number already, it is expected the whole Number will ſoon be compleated.

The firſt Volume, ſoon as finiſhed, will be delivered to the Subſcribers, upon paying Six Shillings.

The Names of thoſe who ſubſcribe before the firſt Volume is finiſhed, will be printed in the Beginning of it; and thoſe who ſubſcribe after, will have their Names affixed to the laſt Volume.

Thoſe who ſubſcribe for Twelve Setts, to have a Thirteenth gratis.

*** *Any of the above Works may be ſubſcribed for ſeparately, on paying Seven Shillings a Volume.*

THE Subſcriber humbly hopes for the Encouragement of the Public in printing the above Works; engaging that neither Care nor Induſtry ſhall be wanting to render them a neat and elegant Edition.

JAMES HUMPHREYS, junior.

Subſcriptions are taken in by all the Printers and Bookſellers in Philadelphia and New-York; by Mr. Robert Wells, Printer, in South-Carolina; and by Mr. William Goddard, in Baltimore.

To be SOLD by
JOHN JARMAN,
At his STORE in Third-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, oppoſite Cherry-Alley,

MUSCOVADO SUGARS, in hogſheads, barrels or leſſer quantity, loaf and lump ditto, Jamaica ſpirits, Weſt-India and New-England rum, by wholeſale and retail, melaſſes by ditto, French and Carolina indigo, beſt green, ſuchong and bohea tea, chocolate and coffee, ginger in kegs, allom, copperas, brimſtone, ground redwood, madder, brazilletto and logwood, nutmegs, mace, cinnamon and cloves, powder, ſhot and lead, pepper, alſpice, Weſton's ſnuff in bottles, ſoap by the box, and cotton by the bale or leſs quantity; alſo Rhode-Iſland cheeſe, &c. &c.------ All which he will ſell on the loweſt terms.-----Orders from the country will be punctually obſerved and complied with. Tbc.

WHEREAS *ROBERT WILSON* obtained a Note of me, the 22d Day of Sixth Month laſt; theſe are to deſire all Perſons, not to take any Aſſignment thereon, as I will not pay any Part thereof, until he comes and makes a Demand himſelf, CURTIS LEWIS. ¶

To the FREEHOLDERS, and others, ELECTORS for the City and County of PHILADELPHIA,

GENTLEMEN,

I RETURN you my moſt ſincere Thanks for your paſt Favours, and as I intend to ſtand a Candidate for the Sheriff's Office, do now requeſt the Favour of your Votes and Intereſt, at the enſuing Election, which will much oblige,

Your Friend and humble Servant,
JOSEPH REDMAN.

GEORGE ZELLER,
At the Sign of the GERMANTOWN STAGE,

HAS removed, from the Houſe he lately lived in, to the Northweſt Corner of Cherry-alley and Third-ſtreet, where he has erected a commodious LIVERY-STABLE, and purpoſes taking in HORSES, at the moſt reaſonable Rates. Likewiſe good Accommodations for Waggons and Horſes, having a large Shed erected for the ſaid purpoſe. The Favour of the PUBLIC will be thankfully acknowledged by,

Their humble Servant, GEORGE ZELLER.

N. B. The Germantown Stage plies from ſaid Town to Philadelphia Wedneſdays and Saturdays, and returns the ſame days. Apply to ſaid Zeller. ¶

CHESTER, ſs. *July* 28, 1773.

THE Retailers and other Conſumers of SPIRITOUS LIQUORS, made exciſeable by a late Act of Aſſembly, are deſired to be punctual in paying off their reſpective Accounts of Duty, next Court at Cheſter, where I ſhall attend on that Service, at the Houſe of WILLIAM KERLIN.

¶ CHARLES HUMPHREYS, Collector.

BACHE's WINE-STORE.

Between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, at the yellow doors on the ſouth ſide of Market-ſtreet, RICHARD BACHE has for ſale, by the pipe, hogſhead, quarter caſk, or gallon,

GOOD old Madeira, Liſbon, Mountain, and Teneriffe WINES; Jamaica SPIRIT, Weſt-India RUM, and excellent BRANDY; alſo a few dozens of very good port, claret, and beſt London porter.

N. B. Captains of veſſels, and other gentlemen going to ſea, may be ſupplied with any quantity of the above articles, on the ſhorteſt notice, and all other orders, either from town or country, carefully and ſpeedily complied with.

Goſhen, Seventh Month 20, 1773.

PURSUANT to the laſt Will and Teſtament of GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, late of Goſhen, in Cheſter County, Pennſylvania, deceaſed, there is to be ſold by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-houſe, in Philadelphia, on the 25th Day of the Eighth Month next, at four o' Clock in the Afternoon,

One LOT of GROUND, in Philadelphia, 82 Feet 4 Inches front, on Fifth-ſtreet, and 198 in Depth, with a two Story Brick Houſe thereon; now in the Tenure of Jaſper Carpenter.

One LOT of GROUND, in Cheſter, 30 Feet front on the next Street to Cheſter Creek, and extending into the ſaid Creek, being a convenient Place for a Store-houſe and Wharff.

A Right to 250 Acres of good LAND, with a large Stone Houſe, and Log Barn, a good Orchard, and Conveniency for Water-works thereon; ſituate in Pikeland, Cheſter County, and adjoining the Yellow Spring Place.

A TRACT of LAND, containing 156 Acres, in Newberry Townſhip, in York County.

A TRACT of good LAND, containing 224 Acres, with a Log Houſe, and about 15 Acres cleared, lying on both Sides of Back Creek, in Frederick County, Virginia.

A LOT, containing 9 Acres and 109 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley Townſhip, Philadelphia County, adjoining the Land of Edward Williams and Samuel Rhodes.

A LOT, containing two Acres and 64 Perches of good Woodland, in Blockley aforeſaid, adjoining Thomas Muſgrave and William Coulten's.

An Old Right for 250 Acres of unlocated LAND.

One Ditto for 100 Acres of unlocated LAND.

Any Perſons inclining to Purchaſe any of the aforeſaid Tracts, are deſired to view and attend the Sales of the ſaid Premiſes, where Attendance will be given, and the Conditions made known, by GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

N. B. All Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of the aboveſaid GEORGE ASHBRIDGE, deceaſed, either by Bond, Notes, Book Debts, or otherwiſe, are requeſted to pay the ſame in 3 Months from this Date, or otherwiſe they may expect to be proceeded againſt according to Law; and all Perſons that have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly proved, that they may be paid off by

GEORGE and JOSHUA ASHBRIDGE, Executors.

FOR SALE,

ONE moiety of the Steel Furnace at Trenton, built of ſtone, and in good repair; with a lot of ground nearly adjoining, on which is erected a frame building, not yet finiſhed.

Two tenements in Mount-holly, with a work-ſhop, ſuitable for a Wheelwright, Carpenter, or Joiner.

A lot of ground, near the laſt named premiſes, convenient for a tan-yard, having a run of water paſſing through it. For further information, apply to STACY POTTS, in Trenton; or WILLIAM CALVERT, in Mount-holly; or JOHN PEMBERTON, in Philadelphia, who continues to ſell Trenton STEEL, either in the fagot or bliſter, and has now for ſale, a parcel of DEER-SKINS. *Philadelphia, Seventh Month* 28, 1773. ¶

To be SOLD, by PUBLIC VENDUE, at the Houſe of PETER STONEMETZ, on JOHN GIBSON's Farm, at Point-No-Point, near the City of PHILADELPHIA, on Saturday, the 14th of Auguſt, at two o' Clock in the Afternoon,

A VALUABLE breeding MARE, with two half-blooded COLTS. A MILCH COW; two broad-wheeled CARTS, ſhod with Iron; a Number of Farming Utenſils, and a Wheat Fan.

Likewiſe will be SOLD, at the ſame Time, if not before diſpoſed of at private Sale,

A valuable young NEGROE Man, a compleat Farmer, who has had the Care of a Farm for ſeveral Years.

Another valuable ſtrong NEGROE Man, about 27 Years of Age, who hath been uſed to farming, and can ditch.

A ſmart lively NEGROE Girl, nine Years of Age.

CREDIT will be given to the Purchaſers, on their giving Security, if required.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

THE HOUSE wherein he now dwells, ſituated on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, and three doors above Elfreth's Alley; the lot is 25 feet front, and 130 feet deep; the houſe is 20 feet front, three ſtories high, with two rooms on each floor; a back building, two ſtories high, with a good cellar under the whole; a kitchen or waſh-houſe back, all built of brick, and lately ſhingled; a five feet alley, and large paved yard, with a garden back; alſo a lot on Elfreth's Alley, 14 feet front, and buts againſt the firſt mentioned lot; clear of all incumbrances.

Alſo a three ſtory BRICK HOUSE, on the ſouth ſide of Vine-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, it has a good kitchen back, two ſtories high, a ſmall garden paled in, and a carpenter's ſhop next door, ſeparated from the houſe by a three feet alley; the lot is 36½ feet front, and 75 feet deep; in the tenure of William Colliday. The above houſes are inſured.

A LOT on the eaſt ſide of Seventh-ſtreet, between Arch and Race-ſtreets, and next below Mr. Renſhaw's, 36 feet front, and 148½ feet deep.

Alſo a PLANTATION, ſituated in Weſt Whiteland, Cheſter county, about 25 miles from Philadelphia, and near the Boot tavern, now in the tenure of Thomas Mellin, deeded for 239 acres; there is a good houſe, four rooms on the lower floor, a good ſtone kitchen, two ſtories high, adjoining the ſame, with barn, ſtables, and other improvements; a young bearing orchard, and an old one; about 25 acres of meadow, pleaſantly ſituated before the door, watered by a conſtant ſtream running cloſe by the houſe, ariſing from a fine ſpring a ſmall diſtance off, on which there is a ſpring-houſe: There is a ſufficient quantity of timber to ſupport the place; the ſituation is healthy, very pleaſant, and in a good neighbourhood. Any perſon, inclinable to view the plantation and know the terms, may, by applying to Mr. JOHN KERLIN, at the Sign of the White Horſe, on the Lancaſter road.

Thoſe who incline to purchaſe any part of the above may apply to JOHN HARPER.

N. B. Thoſe who are indebted to the ſubſcriber, by bond, note, or otherwiſe, are requeſted to pay, as he intends leaving the province ſhortly. *Philadelphia, July* 24, 1773. ¶

Bucks County, July 23, 1773.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 27th day of Auguſt next, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of John Roongle, Innkeeper, in the townſhip of New-Britain, Bucks county, a certain meſſuage, tenement, plantation and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by land of Cadwallader Morris, Eraſmus Kelly, Nathan Matthews, and others, containing about 60 acres, with the appurtenances; late the property of Jonathan Newhouſe; ſeized and taken in execution, by

¶ RCIHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Saturday, the 28th of Auguſt next, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of John Bogart, Innkeeper, in the townſhip of Buckingham, Bucks county, a certain piece or lot of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by land of George Hughes, jun. Uriah Hughes, and Joſeph Large, containing 10 acres, more or leſs, with the appurtenances; late the property of John Hughes, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 30th day of Auguſt next, on the premiſes, at 10 o'clock in the morning, a certain meſſuage, tenement and tract of land (late the property of Robert Stockdale, deceaſed) ſituate in the townſhip of Northampton, Bucks county, bounded by land of John Plumley, Robert Parſons, Amos Strickland, jun. and others, containing about 100 acres, be the ſame more or leſs, with the Appurtenances; ſeized and taken in execution by

¶ RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 30th day of Auguſt next, at the houſe of Iſaac Wilſon, Tavernkeeper, in Wright's-town, two certain pieces of land, late the property of Robert Porter, ſituate in the ſaid townſhip, Bucks county, one of them bounded by land of Joſeph Sacket, George Kinſey, Robert Verree, containing four acres; and the other bounded by land of Joſeph Smith, Thomas Chapman, the ſaid Robert Verree, and others, containing about five acres, be the ſame more or leſs; ſeized and taken in execution, by RICHARD GIBBS, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of ſeveral writs to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale, at the houſe of Robert Mattacks, in the townſhip and county of Glouceſter, on the 17th day of September next, between the hours of twelve and five o' clock in the afternoon, the one moiety or equal half part of a ſaw-mill, and ſeveral tracts of pine land, and plantation, containing 1824 acres, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of Robert Mattacks, and others, with a good dwelling-houſe, out-houſes and ſtables, a large young apple-orchard, and about ſeventy acres of cleared land, ſituated in the townſhip and county aforeſaid, on the great road leading from Egg-harbour to Glouceſter, well ſituated for a tavern or ſhop-keeper; alſo 176 acres of cedar ſwamp, lying in ſeveral tracts, convenient to the ſaid mill, part of which is to be ſold in lots, and what remains of any of the above premiſes unſold on ſaid day, will be ſold on the day following, between the hours of twelve and five, as aforeſaid; late the property of Thomas Fry, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution at the ſuit of Aaron Muſgrove, and others, by

July 13, 1773. THOMAS DENNY, Sheriff.

We, the ſubſcribers, Adminiſtrators of ſaid Thomas Fry, deceaſed, purpoſe to meet, at the houſe of Robert Mattocks, on the 30th day of Auguſt next, in order to proceed to divide the ſaid cedar ſwamp in lots, for the convenience of purchaſers; at which time and place, all perſons inclinable to view the premiſes are deſired to attend; alſo propoſe, by an agreement of the creditors of ſaid deceaſed, and with the conſent of the ſaid Sheriff, to give time for the payment of the purchaſe money of the ſaid lands. JOHN GILL, ISAAC KAY, ROBERT MATTACKS, THOMAS REDMAN. ¶ 15.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

AN able bodied healthy NEGROE MAN, about 27 Years of Age; has wrought upwards of 7 Years at the Forge Buſineſs. Enquire of BENJAMIN DAVIDS, at the Sign of the George, in Second-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ¶

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the fourth Page.*]

By Captain NELSON, arrived at Piſcataqua from Briſtol, and Captain CANDELL, arrived here from Liſbon, we have the following Advices, viz.

WARSAW, May 3.

THE Pruſſians and Auſtrians actually occupy the environs of this place, and are even advanced to our gates; beſides the proviſion and immenſe forage they require, they are continually demanding ſomething or other that they want.

May 5. The King aſſiſts daily at the deliberations of the Dyet, which continues to be held very private. The divided opinions of thoſe who compoſe it, cauſe many warm debates, and not a little confuſion; but the Miniſters of the allied powers ſeem not to diſturb themſelves much about it, as they are ſure (let what will be the reſult) of carrying their point.

As the Nuncios have nothing to do but to approve of the articles propoſed by the Courts of Vienna, Peterſburgh and Berlin, without making the leaſt alteration, they have requeſted of the reſpective Miniſters of thoſe Courts an expreſs order in writing to conſent to all that is propoſed, that they may have ſomething to juſtify their conduct to thoſe whoſe Repreſentatives they are.

By advices of good authority, two ſmall detachments of Ruſſian troops, commanded by Major General Prince Gallitzin, paſſed the Danube, and attacked a corps of 600 Turks, part of whom were killed, and the reſt routed. Fifty Turks were made priſoners, and ſome trophies taken.

It was entirely in conſequence of the uniform declaration of the Miniſters of the three allied Courts, that the King was neceſſiated to accede to the Confederacy. After which his Majeſty made a moſt pethetic ſpeech to the Members of the Dyet.

Legborn, May 5. A French Tartane, arrived here from Cos in 35 days, brings advice, that on the 20th of March, the Aſia, a Ruſſian man of war of 74 guns, and 700 men, was totally loſt off the Iſle of Andros, near Paros. It is added, that the 24th of the ſame month, a French frigate was alſo wrecked near the ſame place.

Warſaw, May 6. The Dyet continues ſitting, but very little tranſpires. All this week they are ſaid to have been debating on the duration of the Confederacy; and yeſterday it was determined that the Confederacy and the Dyet ſhould terminate at the ſame Time. In the mean while, the Auſtrians and Pruſſians are raiſing great contributions, and the latter have ſeized all the ſalt they can find in the towns and villages.

Hamburgh, May 7. Our letters from Poland are filled with complaints of the cruelties and exactions of the King of Pruſſia. Since his troops entered the Poliſh territories, they have carried off 12,000 families, which are ſet down on the barren heaths of Brandenburgh, there to till the ground in the moſt abject ſlavery. On the 29th of October, 1771, he publiſhed an edict, commanding every perſon in the Poliſh diſtricts, under the ſevereſt penalties, and even corporal puniſhment, to take in payment for forage, proviſion, corn, horſes, &c. the money offered by his troops and commiſſaries. This money was worth exactly one third of its nominal value. With this money he bought up corn, &c. not only to ſupply his army two whole years, but to ſtock magazines in the country itſelf, where the inhabitants are now forced to come and purchaſe corn for their daily ſubſiſtance, at an advanced price, and with good money, his commiſſaries refuſing to take the ſame money they have paid. At the loweſt calculation he will gain by this honeſt and maſterly manœuvre Seven Millions of Rixdollars, which, at 3s. 6d. each, is 1,225,000l. Having ſtript the country of money and proviſions, he thought it an act of humanity to thin it ſtill more of inhabitants. He hit upon a new contribution; every Poliſh town or village where his troops came, was obliged to furniſh a certain number of marriageable girls, the parents to give as a portion a feather-bed, four pillows, a cow, two hogs, and three ducats in gold [*a ducat is 9s. 4d.*] The little town of Kertztrym in Poſnania was forced to furniſh General Belling fifty marriageable girls, each with this portion; and a merchant who was lately at Stargard, a town belonging to the King of Pruſſia, ſays, he ſaw ſeveral waggons filled with this new kind of recruits paſs through that town.

Amſterdam, May 10. *Letters from Batavia, of the 16th of September laſt adviſe, that on the 11th of Auguſt they obſerved at midnight a bright cloud, that covered the mountain in the diſtrict of Cheribon, and at the ſame time ſeveral reports were heard, like thoſe of guns; that the people who dwelt on the top, and at the foot of the mountain, not having been able to fly faſt enough, a great part, of almoſt three leagues in circumference, detatched itſelf under them; that afterwards it was ſeen riſing and falling like the rolling waves of the ſea, and emitted globes of fire ſo luminous, that they were ſeen from afar, which rendered the night as clear as day; that the loſſes occaſioned by theſe phænomena were the more conſiderable and melancholy, as 2140 perſons, both foreigners as well as natives, loſt their lives; that 1500 head of cattle periſhed, and a great number of horſes, goats, and fowls of every kind; that 39 Negroe habitations were deſtroyed; the plantations of coffee, indigo, &c. buried in the earth; that in the diſtrict of Panimbam, where this mountain is ſituated, there remained only a fifth part of its inhabitants, and that the deva ſtation occaſioned by this accident was felt at the diſtance of ſeven leagues round.*

From the Viſtula, April 30. We have authentic intelligence, that the Miniſter of the Court of Peterſburgh at Stockholm has, by order of his Sovereign, delivered a Declaration, in which her Imperial Majeſty gives the moſt poſitive aſſurances of her ſincere deſire to preſerve peace and tranquility with Sweden.

Lubec, May 9. The views of the Pruſſian Monarch on this city, and likewiſe on Hamburgh, begin every day to grow more apparent, though he ſtudiouſly endeavours to keep his deſign ſecret. For ſome time paſt he has been negociating loans with the Merchants of Lubec and Hamburgh, but is grown deficient in the payment of the intereſt, and all their remonſtrances have but very little effect, ſo that the Magiſtrates of both cities have ordered the Merchants not to advance any more ſums, on pain of deprivation of their privileges.

Paris, May 14. The Count d'Eſtaign is daily expected to arrive at Toulon, where the fitting out the fleet is going on, but not ſo briſkly as before. No veſſels are permitted to ſail out of the port of Marſeilles.

LONDON, May 12.

Extract of a Letter from Genoa, April 10.

"We have juſt received authentic advice that the Ruſſians have made a deſcent, and entirely poſſeſſed themſelves of Succania, on Romania Minor, without any loſs of material conſequence. The deſcent was unexpected by the Turks, and the Baſhaw of Corinth ſurrendered the important city to the ſucceſsful Muſcovites, without ſtriking a ſtroke, or firing a gun. The ſame advices add, that part of the Ruſſian fleet was preparing to make an attack on the iſland of Candia, which the Turks have lately been aſſiduous in fortifying."

They write from Genoa, that the republic had juſt fitted out four men of war, which were going down to Algiers, to demand reſtitution of ſome merchant ſhips taken by the Dey's Corſairs.

May 13. We have been aſſured, that a formal requiſition hath been ſent to a neighbouring Court, to recal their Ambaſſador, in conſequence of an affair of gallantry with a lady of rank.

May 14. Yeſterday notice was given at the bank, that from the 24th of June no bills of exchange would be diſcounted under 5l. per cent.

The Queen of Denmark is not going back to Copenhagen, nor is ſhe coming here. Certain it is that ſhe is deſtined to remain at Hanover for life, unleſs the King her huſband becomes perfectly reconciled to her again, and particularly requeſts her return, which is not likely at preſent.

It was this morning declared upon Change, that private letters from Barcelona ſay that one of his Britannic Majeſty's ſhips have been, by order of the Governor, denied entrance into that harbour, though in diſtreſs, having loſt her rudder, and that ſhe was obliged to make for another port to repair. Theſe letters farther add, that great preparations are making there for war; and that the fortifications of that place have lately been repaired, and new works added to them.

May 18. It is ſaid that a ſquadron of men of war, with a regiment of foot, will ſail in a few days for the Mediterranean.

We learn, by a letter from Paris, dated the 11th of May, that two expreſſes arrived there from Madrid in 24 hours. The firſt occaſioned a councel to be held, after which a courier was ſent to Toulon; whereupon Lord Stormont went to the Duke D'Aiguillon, and was cloſeted for two hours with him. His Lordſhip required to be informed of the contents of the laſt diſpatch from Spain, otherwiſe he ſhould retire to England. The Duke D'Aiguillon deſired his Excellency to meet him in the evening at Choiſy, where the King was, which he did; and the ſame evening, his Excellency, upon the anſwer, diſpatched a courier to his Court.

May 19. On Saturday evening laſt an anonymous letter, of a very ſingular nature, wrote in the Spaniſh language, was dropped in the purlieus of St. James's, and is ſaid to contain ſome very intereſting matter.

From our correſpondent at the Hague, dated the 12th inſtant: "The laſt courier from France has occaſioned a general ferment in the general ſtate aſſembly, and the diplomatic body. The Spaniſh Ambaſſador is very buſy in endeavouring to juſtify the conduct of his Court, but his behaviour appears entirely oppoſite to peaceable terms. The Pruſſian Ambaſſador ſeems very uneaſy about the diſpatch he has received from his Court ſince the laſt courier he ſent to Berlin; they ſuſpect that nobody is informed of the contents but the Ruſſian Miniſter, who went the ſame night to General Yorke. The French miniſter has been ſent for, and did not depart from theſe conferences till between two and three o'clock in the morning. Never was more money ſpent here by the Miniſters than at preſent, in order to keep a watch one upon the other; but nobody can gueſs the true cauſe of it, ſo ſecret are their negotiations.

A number of meſſengers have now orders to be ready, at a moment's warning, to ſet off for France, Spain, or Ruſſia, if required.

The Court of France has artfully diverted our miniſtry, for ſeveral days paſt, with propoſals, meſſages, anſwers, &c. in order to conceal their real intentions, which were to facilitate the treacherous ſchemes they have been hatching ſince the commencement of the war between the Turks and Ruſſians. They have now actually ſucceeded ſo far, that it will coſt England much trouble, expence, and many men, to ſtop their progreſs. Theſe tranſactions ring through the world, and draw ſo many eyes upon us, as quite look into our weaker parts: Our protection is no longer relied upon by the Ruſſians, nor our alliance courted; the neighbouring nations firſt deſpiſe, then venture to inſult us; for mankind are apt to imagine, that where there is no council there can be no ſtrength. It is true our arms have been dreadful in the field, and our fleets have been the terror of the main; but are they to be feared, who, after all their martial toils, can be ſo eaſily defeated in the cabinet?

May 20. By private letters from Spain we hear that the number of regiſtered ſeamen already embodied, and put in pay, on the Weſtern coaſts of that kingdom, amounts to 14,000.

We are informed that ſeven ſhips of the line, three frigates, and two bomb veſſels, are for the future to be always kept compleatly manned, and in conſtant readineſs to ſail, on the ſhorteſt warning, to any part of the globe, as occaſion may require.

They write from Breſt, that the court of France has lately ordered the number of ſeamen on the marine liſt to be augmented with 15,000 men.

Private letters from Cadiz ſay, that his Catholic Majeſty has lately ſent, by expreſs, new inſtructions to his ſeveral Governors in the Spaniſh Weſt-Indies.

The Britiſh Miniſters at foreign courts have received inſtructions to declare, that the fleet now fitting out by this nation, and deſtined for the Mediterranean, is in conſequence of the court of Verſailles and Madrid having each given orders for ſending a ſquadron into that ſea. As this is undoubtedly the real occaſion of our preſent armament, it highly behoves us to take care that it be ſufficiently ſtrong, in conjunction with the Ruſſian fleet, to make head againſt that of the French joined with the Spaniſh, which event may be reaſonably expected.

May 21. By Letters received by Wedneſday's poſt from Trowbridge, Wilts, we are informed of the death of William Temple, Eſq; a celebrated political writer, who, among other legacies to his friends, has left Mr. Wilkes 500l.

The King of Pruſſia has an army of 240,000 fighting men. How is ſuch a large body of troops to be cloathed, fed and paid? Either by the ruin of his ſubjects, or by letting them ſeize, plunder and deſtroy, the territories of the neighbouring Princes. The Monarch who keeps up a large ſtanding army in time of peace, tells all the world that he deſigns to find an enemy whenever he pleaſes.

A private letter from Paris ſays, it is certain the united fleets are ordered into the Mediterranean, to ſupport the Turks at all hazards.

Extract of a Letter from Goſport, May 18.

Our fleet here, which conſiſts of 15 ſail of the line, four frigates, and three ſloops, is equipping with all diſpatch, ſo as to be ready on a moment's notice to ſail."

The Miniſtry are now at a ſtand about what meaſures to take at this alarming criſis; they are unwilling to engage any more men, as alſo to turn off any men. They are quite in a ſtate of uncertainty both at Portſmouth and Plymouth, and know not which to prepare for, war or peace.

May 22. Nothing to be depended upon has tranſpired this week, relative to the preparations for war; 15 ſhips of the line lie ready to ſail at Spithead.

The report of Sir Charles Saunders having reſigned the command of the fleet is without foundation. Of the ſame kind are many other reports that appear in the papers, particularly that of a certain lady going mad.

Her Majeſty's pregnancy has been again announced in form to the Privy Council.

The Racehorſe and Carcaſs are fitting out for an expedition to the North Pole, under the command of the Hon. Captain Phipps. Mr. Lyons is appointed, by the Board of Longitude, to make obſervations in Aſtronomy, Natural Hiſtory and Philoſophy.---The principal deſign of the voyage is, to examine the countries and ſeas near the Pole, and to endeavour to find a paſſage this way to Japan, which is now a voyage of about ten months, whereas, if a paſſage could be found by the North, it might be performed in ſeven weeks. A very large collection of inſtruments are prepared for this expedition, for making obſervations and experiments on the ſtate of the atmoſphere in the frigid zone.

On Thurſday orders were ſent from the Admiralty for three frigates to put to ſea immediately, one of which is to cruiſe off Cadiz, one off Toulon, and the other off Breſt.

It is reported, that the Portugueſe Ambaſſador delivered a memorial of great importance laſt Thurſday, to one of his Majeſty's principal Secretaries of State.

They write from Paris, that the Chevalier de Turgot ſailed from Rochelle ſome time laſt month, on board a man of war of 70 guns, accompanied by another ſhip of 60 guns, with all ſorts of proviſions. He has taken only 300 ſoldiers, but a great number of troops will ſoon follow him, the deſtination of which is kept a profound ſecret.

They write from Vienna, that betts are laid there, of a hundred to five, that peace between Ruſſia and the Porte will be proclaimed before the expiration of two months.

It is confidently aſſerted, at the weſt end of the town, that our Court has received intelligence of ſome attempts meditating in the Cabinets of France and Spain againſt this kingdom and Portugal, which has occaſioned two expreſſes to be ſent to Liſbon with the particulars; and ſome letters from Liſbon adviſe, that a rupture is looked upon as unavoidable between Portugal and Spain, the latter having already committed ſome hoſtilities upon the Portugueſe in the Brazils.

Yeſterday a board of Admiralty was held, at which ſeveral naval officers attended and received their commiſſions; after which ſome freſh orders were ſent to the Commiſſioners of the different dock-yards.

Several Spaniſh men of war, with a number of tranſports, ſailed laſt month, from different ports in Spain, for the Coaſt of Guinea, in order to join the French Squadron already there, after wich junction it is ſaid ſome important blow is intended to be ſtruck.

The maſter of a veſſel juſt arrived in the river ſays, that an Engliſh frigate of 32 guns, which was ſtationed off Cadiz, to watch the motions of the Spaniards at that Port, was chaſed a day and night by three Spaniſh men of war, but at length got clear off, with the loſs of her foretopmaſt, which they ſhot away.

Several clean ſhips are ordered to reinforce the Britiſh ſquadron on the Coaſt of Africa, where they are to remain a twelvemonth.

We are aſſured, from good authority, that the Duke of Cumberland had yeſterday an audience of his Majeſty.

None of the late orders ſent to Portſmouth and Plymouth for entering men, and getting a fleet ready with all expedition, have been yet countermanded; ſo that it is imagined war will be heard of in a very ſhort time, eſpecially if we conſider that little or nothing has been received from the Powers whom we ſuſpect, to render our preparations unneceſſary.

By a Dutch ſhip, juſt arrived from the Eaſt Indies, we have an authentic account, that the French are making very great hoſtile preparations, and that the Iſlands of Mauritius and Bourbon have been new garriſoned from Europe.

We are informed that the fleet, under the command of Commodore Shuldam, for the protection of the Newfoundland Fiſhery, is to be augmented to ſeven ſail, beſides ſloops and ſmall craft.

By a veſſel from the Mediterranean, which touched at Barcelona in her way home, we have advice, that ſeveral Merchant ſhips are detained in that Port by the impreſſing of their hands to ſerve on board the Spaniſh men of war fitting out there.

May 24. They write from Gibraltar, that the commencement of hoſtilities between the Spaniards and Moors, at Oran, is looked on in a very political light, all the Mooriſh troops, both horſe and foot, being encamped along the Barbary Coaſt, from Larach to Tetuan.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 18.

"Prince Gallitzin, the Ruſſian Miniſter here, has received the following advices: That Field Marſhal Count de Romanzow having detatched Colonel Prince Gallitzin, and another Colonel each with a ſmall body of troops, to paſs the Danube, and reconnoitre, theſe Officers paſſed that river at different places, and each attacked and put to flight a Turkiſh detachment, ſeveral of whom were killed, and more taken priſoners: That Count Romanzow has quitted Jaſſy, and fixed his head quarters at Buchareſt, where he is making the neceſſary preparations to paſs the Danube with his whole army, ſo that we may expect ſoon to receive ſome important news from thence.

"According to our accounts from Warſaw, affairs there bear the moſt pleaſing aſpect; it is thought the reſult of the Dyet will prove ſatisfactory to all parties, and that the tranquility of Poland will be reſtored."

In the courſe of the laſt fortnight upwards of twenty General Officers have ſet out to join their regiments in Ireland, among whom are the Lords Ligonier, Percy, and Ferrers.

This morning arrived a mail from New-York, which was brought by the Harriot packet, Captain Lee, after a paſſage of forty days, which is reckoned a very long one.

May 25. A ſpeedy reconciliation is likely to take place between the Royal Brothers; for on Sunday laſt his Grace of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, attended with other Perſonages, were both at Glouceſter and Cumberland houſes, to take depoſitions upon oath reſpecting the legality and validity of their marriages.

It is reported, that the government of a certain Weſt-India iſland, given to the brother of a late ſpirited Northern Envoy, and which is very lucrative, is charged with 5000l. a year to be paid to a Northern Queen.

Letters arrived yeſterday from Canton, in China, bring advice of a moſt dreadful hurricane, or tornado, that happened in that river in the month of July laſt, by which all the ſhipping were totally loſt, except the London, a ſhip belonging to the Honourable the Eaſt-India Company. This loſs is computed at many millions ſterling, beſides the lives of one hundred thouſand inhabitants, which were ſacrificed on this dreadful occaſion.

They write from Breſt, that orders are conſtantly arriving there from Paris, and great preparations are ſtill making in the dock-yards.

GLOUCESTER, May 24.

Extract of a Letter from London, May 22.

"Laſt night came on in the Houſe of Commons, the important queſtion, moved againſt Lord Clive. General Burgoyne's motion was to this purpoſe, "That Robert Lord Clive had, in the year "1757, by the influence of his military and civil ſtation, got "poſſeſſion of above twenty lacks of rupees, from the governing "powers in Bengal, which this Houſe look upon to be illegally "obtained, and productive of bad precedents to the other ſervants "of the Eaſt-India Company and the Crown." The matter was debated with great warmth and ſpirit from 8 o'clock in the evening until 6 this morning, in the courſe of which Lord Clive had many excellent defenders, as well among thoſe who had been with him in India, as the firſt and moſt independant Members of the Houſe; in which number Sir George Saville ſtood firſt. Colonel Barre was the moſt virulent of his attackers; but his invectives were all deprived of their ſting in a moſt eloquent and pleaſing manner by Mr. Burke. Lord Clive himſelf left the Houſe about 3 o'clock; and at his quitting his ſeat, he told the Houſe, he left himſelf in their hands; he hoped they would be tender of his honour; that as to his property, it was to be diſpoſed of as they thought fit. The applauſe of the Members as he went out, gave a pleaſing omen of the ſucceſs of the debate, which about 5 o'clock, was reduced to two queſtions, taken from General Burgoyne's motion; the Houſe divided on the firſt, and Lord North went out at the head of thoſe who voted againſt Lord Clive; 95 were on this ſide, and 155 againſt it. The ſecond motion was then made, "That the ſaid Robert Lord Clive, in ſo doing, abuſed the powers "with which he was intruſted, to the evil example of the ſer-"vants of the public." It paſſed in the negative without diviſion. After this the Solicitor General begged to make another motion, "That it is the ſenſe of the Houſe, that Robert Lord Clive has "rendered moſt important ſervices to the State;" which was carried almoſt unanimouſly without a diviſion. Thus his Lordſhip has compleated his trial, and ſtands in the poſſeſſion of his fortune and his fame, on the ſtrongeſt tenure in this country. Mr. Becher was examined for near three hours in the courſe of this debate, and came off with much honour."

BOSTON, July 15.

We hear that a ſpecial Court of Admiralty for the Trial of Piracies, Murders, &c. on the High Seas, is to be convened here on Wedneſday, the 28th of July Inſtant, for the Trial of Anſell Nickerſon, a Priſoner in Goal in this Town.

Extract of a letter from London, May 15.

"It is very much ſuſpected in town, that the buſtle about war is not yet over. By what I can learn, the Spaniards have refuſed to give up their armament, and inſiſt on maintaining the preparation of their fleet; if it is true, it will be neceſſary for us to ſend ſhips to the Mediterranean, which our Miniſtry had planned, and countermanded rather too precipitately; and I fear a little time will prove matters not ſo well ſettled as we had flattered ourſelves they were."

SALEM, July 13.

We hear that the Schooner --------, belonging to this Place, and late commanded by Captain John Maſury, is arrived in the Weſt-Indies, from the Coaſt of Africa; and that the Captain and three Men were dead; but that the Mate and one Hand, the only two of the Crew left, performed the arduous Taſk of navigating the Veſſel from the River Gambia to Dominica in 19 Days, having at the ſame time 25 Slaves under their Care.

NEW-YORK, July 22.

On Friday laſt was apprehended at his houſe at Hanover, in Morris county, the well known *Samul Ford*, who had been long ſuſpected of counterfeiting the paper currency of New-Jerſey, with which he was accuſtomed to travel into Pennſylvania, Maryland, and other provinces, and has for ſeveral years paſſed the ſame, to a very large amount, as the lawful emiſſion of the Jerſey Treaſury. He went to Ireland ſix years, and to England eighteen months ago, ſome time after the laſt emiſſion of the New-York currency, no doubt with views of procuring dies, ſtamps, paper and prints, to imitate the true bills in the moſt plauſible manner, and to carry

on this pernicious practice of plundering the public. He broke goal on Saturday night, being aided in his escape by one John King, a veteran in villainy, and a confederate with him in this species of it.

By Captain Charles Sprainger, in 14 days from St. Vincents, we learn, that peace and harmony seemed firmly established at that place, where there was a free communication between the English inhabitants and the Carraibs, who continually brought in their fish and other articles, to sell and exchange for such Goods as they wanted of the English---the weather had been seasonable, and their crops were likely to be good.

PHILADELPHIA, *July* 28.

On Tuesday, the 20th Instant, a *Commencement* was held in the College of this City, before a very crouded and splendid Assembly of the Inhabitants, of all Denominations. The Commencement was opened with *Prayer* by the *Provost*.

The Exercises were as follow,

1. A Latin Salutatory Oration, delivered with great Propriety, by Mr. WILLIAM HYRNE.

2. The Audience were then entertained with an English Oration, on the Pleasures and Advantages of Agriculture and a Country Life, by Mr. JOSHUA SENEY.

3. A Latin Syllogistic Dispute---*Utrum Æternitas Pœnarum contradicat Divinis Attributis?*-----The Affirmative Side of the Question was contended for, with much Spirit and Acuteness, by Messieurs MATTHEW DUNCAN, JOSHUA SENEY, and EDWARD DUFF, as Opponents; and the other Side was maintained by Mr. JOSEPH HARRISON, as Respondent, who in this, as well as in the Delivery of his English Oration, shewed himself an able Speaker.

4. To the Syllogystic Dispute succeeded a Piece, on the Extravagance of the present Modes of Dress, by Mr. DUFF.

5. Another on the Character of a *Macaroni*, by Mr. HARRISON.

6. An humorous Piece, on the extravagant Pretensions of *Empirics* to extraordinary Cures, by Mr. DAVID RAMSAY.

7. The Valedictory Oration, by Mr. DUNCAN, in which the Advantages of a liberal Education were well stated and described.

8. The Charge to the Graduates in Arts was given by the PROVOST, and the Charge to the Graduates in Physic by Dr. RUSH, the Professor in Chymistry. The VICE-PROVOST concluded with Prayer.

Just before the *Valedictory Oration*, the following Gentlemen were admitted to Degrees, viz.

To the Degree of Bachelor of Arts. EDWARD DUFF, MATTHEW DUNCAN, JOSEPH HARRISON, WILLIAM ALEXANDER HYRNE, and JOSHUA SENEY.

To the Degree of Master of Arts. FRANCIS ALISON, junior, THOMAS HALL, HENRY LATIMER, and Rev. WILLIAM THOM. The Rev. Mr. WILLIAM ROGERS, Minister of the Baptist Congregation in this City, and Master of Arts in Rhode-Island College, was also admitted to the Degree of Master of Arts in this College.

To the Degree of Bachelor of Physic. Mr. DAVID RAMSAY, and Mr. THOMAS BIDDLE.

Several Gentlemen of the Town were pleased to entertain the Audience with some excellent Pieces of Psalmody and *Church Music*, accompanied by the Organ, and the Band belonging to the 18th or Royal Irish Regiment, which the Commander of that Regiment, with his usual Politeness, was pleased to lend on that Occasion.

The Brig Good Intent, Captain Simmons, from Maryland for London, having sprung a Leak, is put into New-York, after being 12 Days at Sea.

Captain Place, arrived at New-York from Jamaica, on the 24th ult. in Lat. 18:47, Long. 65, spoke with Captain Cooper, in a Ship, from this Port for Jamaica, out 20 Days, all well.

Captain Candell, from Lisbon, on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 28:57, Long. 45:56, spoke the Brig Liberty, Captain Prince, from New-York for Cayenne, out 5 Weeks, all well; and on the 17th, in Lat. 36:21, Long. 74:59, he spoke a Schooner, from Virginia for Antigua, out 36 Hours.

Captain Patterson, from Jamaica, on the 8th Instant, in Lat. 24:33, Long. 79, spoke a Schooner, Captain Brown, from Montego-Bay for Rhode-Island, 18 Days out; and on the 20th, in Lat. 38:25, Long. 73:40, he spoke a Sloop, from Boston for Carolina.

Arrived from this Port. Captain Garrigues, at Lisbon; Captain Shields, at Jamaica; and Captain Bunner, in Georgia.

☞ The Drawing of the WILMINGTON LOTTERY, which was postponed on Account of the Harvest, will begin at Wilmington on Monday next, the 2d Day of August. A few Tickets may yet be had, by applying to any of the Gentlemen, named in the former Advertisements.

*** A special Meeting of the *American Philosophical Society* is appointed to be held at their *Hall*, on Friday Evening next, at 7 o'Clock, on Business of Importance.

To the Printers of the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

GENTLEMEN,

As every good Action, proceeding from a genteel and manly Behaviour, or from a kind humane Disposition, gives me a particular Pleasure, I beg Leave to relate a Fact which happened this Week in this City;-----your publishing it, with the following Observations, will oblige at least one, if not more, of your Customers.

Philadelphia, July 23, 1773.

AS a small Party of those Soldiers who lately arrived from New-York, were passing through one of the principal Streets, with their Instruments of Music playing, and Drum beating, a Gentlewoman was very desirous that the Noise should cease for a Time, on Account of her Neighbour lying ill in the next House; she therefore called a Lad, Brother of the Person who was sick, and desired him to request the Soldiers to desist, until they should arrive at the Corner of the next Street, and to tell them the Reason of his Request.---The Lad complied;---the Soldiers, as if commanded by a superior Officer, desisted, as it were, in a Moment; and altho' the Wishes of a numerous Attendance of Boys were full for their continuing the Music, they passed along the Street as quietly, as if the most solemn Occasion required their Compliance.

Such was the Conduct of these Strangers; but different, very different, was that of a Number of Youths, on a like Occasion, in a certain City on this Continent. The Fact was this; in one of their nocturnal Frolics, after parading the Streets, they stopped at a certain Place, and with their Instruments of Music, together with a Drum, they disturbed the Neighbourhood: A Gentleman, having a Daughter exceeding ill, begged they would desist from the Noise; his Wife also intreated them to do so, and told them the Occasion, in a Manner well adapted to have affected any Persons of good Breeding, even if they had but little Sensibility of those Feelings that are expressed by the Term Humanity: They proceeded nevertheless; but omitting all other Particulars respecting their Behaviour, I shall just say, they gave great Pain and Uneasiness to the Family, and added much to that Distress, which was already great enough to bear, without any Aggravation, to the tender Parents of a beloved and affectionate Child.

Shocking it is, yet true as it is shocking, that in this City, tho' renown'd for many excellent Institutions, there is (comparatively speaking) as much Profanity and vicious Conduct among the Youth, as, perhaps, in any City, equally known, in all the English Dominions:-----Do we not see Lads, that are just capable of speaking their Mother Tongue, belching out their Oaths and Imprecations, as soon as they have left their Master's Eye? Do not some do it in the most public and fearless Manner, as they pass the Streets? Do not such disgrace their Tutors, when you ask them where they are educated, and under whose Tuition?---And is there not a Remedy?---I believe there is; if those Gentlemen who are intrusted with the Care of Children, would continue to use their utmost Endeavours to shew them the Horror of such a Conduct, and its fatal Tendency, I am perswaded their tender Minds would be affected: If, further, every reputable Citizen would individually endeavour to discourage so vile a Practice, by shewing their Detestation to it, and advising and reproving Lads in a proper Manner, I believe the good Consequences would soon be manifest.---- This I know, that when I have seen a Number of Boys collected together and at play, I have addressed them to this Effect;---Come Boys, I have no Objection to your diverting yourselves, or the Mode of your Diversion, but I cannot bear to hear such Words,--- play on and welcome, but do not offend the Neighbourhood with your vile Expressions; they seemed to receive the Advice kindly, and agreed to avoid offending in the Way I mentioned. Such, I doubt not, would be the good Effect, in many Instances, and I wish the Practice of cautioning in this Manner was much more general.---I am not for restricting Boys from any innocent Amusements;---far from it;---when the River was frozen over the last Winter, how was I pleased to see the numerous Youngsters on the Ice, shewing their Dexterity and Agility on their Skates; I meerly felt their Pleasures, and, for a Time, could almost have wished myself a Boy, that I might again enjoy such Exercises. But when I see a Number of Lads, expressing themselves in the most outrageous and dreadful Manner, as if they had no Knowledge of any Language without the Use of Oaths, how do I shudder at the Sight, and wish for a Reformation.

I shall just add further, that as I have touched a little on a serious, and I think important Subject, I shall conclude with a most hearty Wish, that all those, who are further advanced in Life, whose Conduct has been too much unguarded, would consider the pernicious and shocking Tendency of a bad Example, be careful to avoid the Profanation of that sacred Name which distinguishes the Father of the Universe, and be convinced, that a virtuous Life is the most honourable, the most attended with Peace of Mind, the most happy, even in our present State, and finally, will procure greater Satisfaction than every earthly Acquisition.

AMOR VIRTUTIS.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Sloop Potowmack, G. Rowe, from Maryland. Ship Liberty, G. Crump, S. Carolina. Schooner Speedwell, J. Russel, and Sloop Betsey, E. Chappel, N. London. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Boston. Sloop Royal George, R. Alberson, N. York. Schooner Ranger, J. Heggerty, Salem, N. E. Brig Nancy and Molly, R. Bethell, Mississippi. Schooner Peggy, J. Keogh, Hispaniola. Schooner Polly, R. Zuill, St. Eustatia. Brig Addison, T. Candell, Lisbon. Schooner Kingston, R. Patterson, from Jamaica.

OUTWARDS: Brig Three Friends, W. Brown, for Grenades. Schooner Molly and Fanny, J. Hunn, Montserrat. Schooner Thames, J. Powers, St. Kitts. Ship Minerva, F. Fearis, Lisbon. Brig Addison, T. Candell, Newfoundland. Brig Barbados Packet, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Sloop Molly, E. Rodgers, Boston. Brig Nancy, T. Armstrong, for Liverpool.

CLEARED. Sloop Henry, J. Todd, and Brig Ranger, W. Newbold, to Antigua. Schooner King Tamony, J. Allen, and Sloop Polly, J. Davidson, Jamaica. Schooner Alexandria Packet, J. Scott, Sloop York, J. Buck, and Sloop Lydia, S. Cawley, Virginia. Sloop Susanna, R. Bell, N. Providence. Ship Nancy and Sukey, J. Robinson, Lisbon. Brig Nancy, J. Taylor, St. Kitts. Sloop Speedwell, J. Russell, and Sloop Betsey, E. Chappell, N. London. Sloop Hawke, B. Hinson, Barbados. Brig Polly, G. Hurst, Madeira. Brig Widow's Son, T. Dixon, N. England. Brig Trial, G. Cabot, Salem, N. E. Ship Britannia, J. Souder, and Brig Jenny, J. Campbell, Cork. Brig Thomas, G. Baxter, Dublin. Sloop Rachel, J. Goddard, to N. Carolina.

TO-MORROW, at One o' Clock,

At FOOTMAN and JEYES's Vendue-store, the Corner of Vine and Second-streets, will begin the Sale of a General Assortment of

MERCHANDIZE;

Among which are,

A GREAT Variety of Cyprus, spotted, sprigged, spider, Paris and patent net Gauzes; Catgut, flowered and plain Lawns.-----And a fresh Assortment of Calicoes, Irish Linens, Checks; Figs, in Phrails, choice English Walnuts, &c. &c. Also a large Assortment of Coffin Furniture, Household Furniture, and Wearing Apparel. ¶ 1*W*.

A PUBLIC VENDUE, next FRIDAY, by WILLIAM SITGREAVES.

N. B. GOODS are received for said Vendue, at his Store, in Market-street, between Second and Third-streets.

A PARCEL OF EXCELLENT *LISBON* WINE,

Just imported, in Quarter Casks, to be SOLD by *JOSEPH WHARTON, junior*, Near the DRAWBRIDGE, in FRONT-STREET.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be exposed to sale, on Friday, the sixth day of August next, at one o' clock in the afternoon, and positively to be struck off precisely at five o' clock, to the highest bidder, for cash only, at the house of Asaph Wilson, at the Sign of the Post Boy, in Oxford township, a certain messuage or tenement, and plantation or tract of land, situate in Oxford township, containing about 203 acres, be the same more or less; bounded by lands of Isaac Leech, John Worrall, John Atkins, Josiah Harper, and by Frankford creek; late the estate of Joseph and Israel Jenkins, seized and taken in execution by JUDAH FOULKE, Sheriff.

TO BE SOLD,

The following tracts of land, in the county of Bedford, partly belonging to the subscriber, and partly to other gentlemen for whom he is impowered to bargain, viz.

SUNDRY plantations on the waters of Wills's creek, joining the Maryland line, and near Thomlinson's mill. Sundry plantations on the waters of Dunning's creek, and south-west branch of the Frankstown branch of Juniata, from 4 to 10 miles distant from the town of Bedford: Likewise sundry plantations on Crooked creek, and Standing stone creek, from 2 to 5 miles distant from the town of Huntingdon, commonly called Standing stone on Juniata. All the lands are excellent in quality, with a sufficient proportion of plough land and meadow. Those on Crooked creek and Standing stone creek, are some of the most valuable lands that are to be purchased within the county, and the river Juniata is navigable up to them, for boats that carry from 7 to 10 Tons.-----The terms of payment will be made easy to the purchasers, and such of the lands as may not be sold, will be lett for a term of years on improvement leases. The subscriber proposes to be at Piddlehausen or Strasburg near Lancaster, on the 17th of August, at Lancaster on the 18th, at Bedford the 23d, and at Huntingdon, commonly called Standing stone, on the first Monday in September, in order to treat with purchasers, and proceed to shew the Lands to such as may be willing to contract with him. ¶ WILLIAM SMITH.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, last night, from the subscriber, living in Tredyffrin township, Chester county, an Irish servant man, named CORNELIUS CALAHAN, *about 5 feet 6 inches high, short black hair, stoop shouldered; had on, when he went away, a light coloured cloth jacket, with an under ditto of the same colour, one ditto of striped linen, two pair of yarn stockings, the one blue and the other brown, two new coarse shirts, of homespun linen, buckskin breeches, two pair of trowsers, the one striped linen, the other pair of white homespun, a new felt hat, and half worn shoes, with brass buckles. Whoever apprehends said servant, and secures him in any goal within the province, shall have* FIVE POUNDS; *if taken* 100 *miles from home, or out of the province, the above reward, with reasonable charges, paid by*

July 26, 1773. ¶ ABEL REES.

N. B. Said servant has got two receipts from the Captain, but neither in his name, which it is thought he will endeavour to pass by.

FOUND, by *JOSEPH CLARK*, on the Road leading to Seventh-street, A PARCEL, of considerable Value. Whoever can prove their Property, and pay for advertising, shall have it returned immediately. Please to enquire for the above Parcel, at the FILATURE, in Seventh-street. *July* 24, 1773. ¶

A NEGROE WENCH,

YOUNG, hearty, sober and honest, to be SOLD for want of Employ, would suit a private Family, Inn, or Tavern, being used to attend on Company. For further Particulars, apply to the PRINTERS hereof. ¶

Philadelphia, Seventh Month 28, 1773.

FIFTEEN SHILLINGS REWARD.

STRAYED from the Commons of this city, about seven weeks ago, a large brown COW, marked on both her horns *A. P.* and pieces cut out of her ears, like the letter V. Whoever has found the said cow, and will bring her to me, living in Arch-street, a few doors above Fourth-street, shall have the above reward. SAMUEL PARKER.

NOW in the Goal of Gloucester County, a certain HUGH M'MANAN, about 5 Feet 5 Inches high, black Hair, black Beard, red Jacket, striped Holland Trowsers, and says he is a Servant to William Beaks, of Cæcil County, Maryland. His Master is desired to come, pay Cost, and take him away, in three Weeks from this 28th Day of July, 1773.

Whitpain Township, Philadelphia County, July 26, 1773.

THE Creditors of LAWRENCE REMICH, late of Whitpain aforesaid, are once more desired to bring in their accounts, properly proved, to the subscribers, on the 20th or 21st days of August next; and all persons indebted to the said LAWRENCE REMICH, are once more desired to discharge their respective debts by the same time, otherwise they will be sued, without any further notice. CHRISTIANA REMICH, ANDREW KNOX, and SAMUEL DEHAVEN, Administrat. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A MILL SEAT, about 18 miles from Baltimore-town, on the main Falls of Patapsco, in a fine wheat country, through which land the main road passes to Frederick county, Great and Little-Pipe-Creek, and to Marsh-Creek and Conegocheague settlements; it is likewise within 3 miles of Germantown, through which place the waggons pass from York and Cumberland counties to Baltimore. By the best judges the dam and race can be made for Seventy Pounds currency, there being on the spot great plenty of stone, timber, and a never-failing stream of water; a quantity of good land may be had adjoining, not exceeding 100 to 150 acres, as may best suit the purchaser. Every encouragement will be given to any person or persons that can come properly recommended.

To be sold likewise, Thirty-six ACRES of LAND, contiguous to and joining the pasture lots, in Baltimore-town, either in lots of one acre, or more, as may best suit the purchaser; it is very well situated for pastures, gardens, or other improvements, and may be either leased or sold out.

Also a TRACT of LAND, in Baltimore county, called Mary's Victory, containing about 590 acres, 30 miles from Baltimore-town, on the main road to Frederick-town, Winchester, and the Back settlements; there is a great deal of valuable meadow ground, through which runs a fine stream of water. For terms of sale, apply to

July 20, 1773. 4w. JOHN STEVENSON.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, in Second-street, next door above the English Church, in the night of the 20th instant (July) a bound servant man, named GEORGE MOONE, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, fair complexion, black hair, thick legged and stout built, his hands and fingers full of warts, between 21 and 22 years of age, a good scholar, came from Kingston, upon Hull, in the county of Yorkshire, England, and is by trade a Tin-man; had on and took with him a new iron grey cloth coat and jacket, with buttons of the same colour, dark jean breeches, two pair of trowsers, one of which he left at he went away, three jackets, two with sleeves, one scarlet serge striped ditto, the stripes of which run across, and one knit ditto, without sleeves, much worn, all with buttons of the same colour of the jackets, five shirts, two white and three checked, all about half worn, two pair of worsted stockings, two pair of good shoes, one romal silk handkerchief, one black Barcelona ditto, two hats, one a beaver, half worn, without a button, the other a good country-made felt hat, with a button; he also had a green apron. It is likely he may change his name. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him, so that his master may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOSEPH FEINAUER. ¶

All masters of vessels are forbid to take him off, at their peril.

RUN away, on the 19th of July, 1773, from the subscriber, living near Elk-Ridge Church, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, a convict servant man, named JOHN HICKINS, *about 5 feet 8 inches high, has black hair, and a very dark skin, his left eye is very remarkable, being contracted, occasioned by a wound he received; had on, and took with him, an osenbrigs shirt and trowsers, a pair of blue and a pair of white breeches, a country cloth jacket, a blue German serge ditto, without sleeves, the right-hand pocket of it smells of mercurial ointment, and is greasy, a pair of old shoes, with common metal buckles, a good felt hat, and a yellow flowered silk handkerchief; it is probable he has forged a pass, and altered his name, as he has been in the country upwards of six years. Whoever takes up and brings home the said servant, shall receive, if within ten miles from home,* FORTY SHILLINGS; *if more,* THREE POUNDS; *and if out of the province, or fifty miles off,* SIX POUNDS; *and half those sums, if only secured in goal, paid by*

¶ 6 w. EPHRAIM HOWARD.

TO BE SOLD,

A DOUBLE-GEARED MERCHANT-MILL, on Difficult Run, a little below the Great Falls of Patowmack, and about 20 Miles from Alexandria, in Virginia, and about 10 Miles above the Landing-place, at the Little Falls. The Mill has been built near 4 Years, and on the best Stream in the Neighbourhood. Those who may incline to purchase are desired to apply to the Subscribers, at or near Alexandria. ¶ BRYAN FAIRFAX, WILLIAM RAMSAY.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

RUN AWAY, last night, from Bush-town, in Baltimore county, Maryland, two convict servant men, one named WILLIAM PITT, about 47 years of age, pitted with the small-pox, about six feet high; had on, and took with him, a brown half worn surtout coat, two white shirts, an osenbrigs frock, with buttons on the shoulder, a pair of trowsers, yarn stockings, small old felt hat, half boots, with iron plates round the heels, and a pair of old shoes, with nails in the heels, a pair of greasy leather breeches; he wears his own short grey curled hair, and speaks on the West country dialect; he says he is a Tallow-chandler and Horse-jockey. The other named EDWARD WILLIAMS, a Cooper by trade, about 40 years of age, is a down-looking stout fellow, of a dark complexion, the fore part of his head shaved, and the back part short brown hair, and speaks much on the West country dialect; had on a new felt hat, a white shirt, a white fustian frock, lined with white flannel, a brown cloth jacket, dirty coarse trowsers, yarn stockings, and half worn shoes. Whoever takes up the above servants, and secures them in any goal, or brings them to the subscribers, shall receive, if 10 miles and under 40 miles from home, FORTY SHILLINGS, besides what the law allows, and if a greater distance, the above reward, paid by

WILLIAM YOUNG, junior, RICHARD RUFF.

N. B. They have not been above four weeks in the country.

July 12, 1773. ¶

A CASK OF SWEET OIL,

To be SOLD by

JOSIAH HEWES, in Chestnut-street.

JULY 21, 1773.

SEVERAL SUMS of MONEY, ready to be LENT, on *approved* real Security, either in this Province or in the Jerseys.

Borrowers may at all Times be supplied, by giving a few Weeks Notice, to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public. ¶

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, at the houſe of Chriſtopher Witman, Inn-keeper, in Reading, on Tueſday, the 10th day of Auguſt next, at nine o' clock A. M. the following TRACTS of LAND, ſituate in Cumru townſhip, in the county of Berks, viz. One tract, containing 150 Acres, with Allowance, commonly called the Sinking Spring, whereon are erected a handſome two ſtory ſtone dwelling-houſe, barns and ſtables, and a large quantity of meadow cleared, and in good order. One other tract, containing 70 acres. One other tract, containing 95½ acres. One other tract, containing 44 acres and 44 perches, or thereabouts. One other tract, containing 42 acres, be the ſame more or leſs. One other tract, containing 33 acres. And one other tract, containing 33 acres. Late the eſtate of Jonas Seely, Eſq; ſeized and taken in execution by

Reading, July 17, 1773. ‖ GEORGE NAGEL, Sheriff.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A PERSON, juſt arrived from Germany, whoſe buſineſs is a Refiner and Melting-Maſter, in ſilver, gold, copper, and lead ore, who has worked in ſeveral of thoſe mines in that Empire, particularly in the Elector of Saxony's dominions. Any gentleman in poſſeſſion of a mine, in which the veins may at any time be loſt, may depend on his finding them again in a ſhort time; he will readily make a trial on any gentleman's eſtate, where mines are or may be found, of what the ore conſiſts, and value it accordingly, perſuading himſelf he will be found a compleat maſter thereof. Any gold or ſilverſmith, who has gold or ſilver ſweepings, or other metals, that cannot be readily diſpenſed with, may in him depend on a purchaſer, who will give them the utmoſt value for ſuch ſweepings.

Pleaſe to enquire for CHEPMAN ASHERS, at George Stone's, Taylor, in Vine-ſtreet, oppoſite Mr. Iſaac Coates, near Second-ſtreet. ¶

IF the Brother of JOHN MAGEE, late deceaſed (who came from Pennſylvania about ſeven Years ago, and lived there near about Middletown and Neſhaminy, as he informed me) will apply to the Subſcriber, living in Greenwich Townſhip, Glouceſter County, and Province of Weſt New-Jerſey, he may receive a ſmall Legacy, in Caſh and Wearing Apparel, left by his ſaid deceaſed Brother. ¶

Seventh Month 20, 1773. SARAH WEATHERLEY.

RUN away from Captain William Chevers, of the ſhip Needham, lying at New-Caſtle, a ſervant girl, named CATHERINE M'DERMOND, about fifteen years of age, has curled hair; had on, when ſhe went away, a brown ſtuff gown; it is ſuppoſed ſhe will change her cloaths; ſhe is Daughter-in-law to one Whiteſides, that is married to ſaid ſervant's mother, who is gone lower down into Virginia, to her huſband; both mother and daughter came in with Captain Chevers about the 12th of July inſtant, and it is ſuppoſed ſhe is gone to Virginia along with her mother. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings her to New-Caſtle, or ſecures her, ſo as her maſter may have her again, ſhall have Fifty Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by WILLIAM CHEVERS, or by Mr. DANIEL M'LONEN, in New-Caſtle. ¶

TO BE SOLD,

A NEGROE LAD, about 12 or 13 Years of Age, who is very handy, and has had the Small-pox and Meaſles. For Terms, enquire of the PRINTERS. ¶

WHEREAS I, CONRAD MEYER, of the townſhip of Heidelberg, in the county of Lancaſter, in the province of Pennſylvania, did, on the 22d day of April, in the year of our Lord 1772, execute three Promiſſory Notes; the one of them, for the ſum of £ 6:6:8, payable to EBERHART GAYSWAYD, or his order, on the ſaid 22d day of April 1772, with intereſt; and the others, each, for the like ſum of £ 6:6:8, payable to the ſaid EBERHART GAYSWAYD, or order, on the 22d day of April, in each ſuoceeding year, with intereſt. Theſe are to forewarn all perſons from taking an aſſignment of ſaid Notes, or either of them, as I have not received a valuable conſideration, and am therefore determined not to pay them, until compelled by law.

Heidelberg, May 29, 1773. CONRAD MEYER. ¶

ONE NINTH OF A DOLLAR Reward.

RUN away, the tenth day of this inſtant July, from the ſubſcriber, living in Cheltenham townſhip, Philadelphia county, an apprentice lad, named ISAAC COLEY, by trade a Tanner, and underſtands ſomething of the Currying, about 20 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, with dark hair, thin viſage and long red noſe, very much addicted to ſwearing and blackguarding, and a great lover of ſtrong drink; had on, when he went away, a cloth coloured coat, ſtriped cotton and linen veſt, ticking trowſers, white ſhirt, caſtor hat, black grain ſhoes, and intends to change his name. Whoever takes up ſaid apprentice, and brings him to his maſter, ſhall have the above reward, paid by RICHARD MARTIN. ¶

July 13, 1773.

THREE POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living in Cumru townſhip, Berks county, near Reading, a Negroe man, named JOE, aged 35 years, a thick well ſet fellow; he took with him a whitiſh great coat, a red pluſh waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, a pair of leather breeches, a brown waiſtcoat, without ſleeves, three pair of trowſers, one of which is ſtriped linen, two ſhirts, good ſhoes, and a half worn felt hat. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid Negroe in any common goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by VALENTINE ECKERT. ¶

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Reading town, Berks county, Pennſylvania, on the 4th day of July, 1773, *a certain indented Iriſh ſervant woman, named* ELIZABETH WHITE, *about 25 years of age, fair complexion, ſandy hair, cut before, about 5 feet high, is very talkative, fond of ſnuff and ſpiritous liquors; had on, when ſhe went away, two ſtriped lincey petticoats off one piece, homeſpun ſhift, and a ſilk handkerchief; ſhe may change her apparel, as it is ſuppoſed ſhe has money with her; ſhe was ſeen going towards Philadelphia, and has a brother, in or near the city of New-York, named Lee, to which place it is likely ſhe may go. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures her in any goal, ſo that her maſter may have her again, ſhall receive* FIFTEEN SHILLINGS *reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* MICHAEL BRIGHT. ¶

Eaſton, Northampton County, July 14, 1773.

WHEREAS CATHERINE *my wife has, for a long time paſt, behaved in a very unbecoming manner, and privately carried away, in the night time, a good deal of my houſhold goods, and other things, and has done her utmoſt to ruin me; as I intend in a ſhort time to remove from theſe parts, and being apprehenſive ſhe might run me in debt, or borrow on my account, I do hereby forewarn all perſons not to have any dealings with her, or take any thing of her, as they will anſwer me at law, and that I will not pay any debts of her contracting, or anſwer for any thing that ſhe borrows, after the date hereof.* JOHN WAGLE. ¶

WHEREAS MARY ANTHONY, otherwiſe COFFEE, wife of PHILIP ANTHONY, of Drumore townſhip, in Lancaſter county, yeoman, hath eloped from her ſaid huſband (without any provocation given her) and refuſeth to cohabit or live with him, but threatens to run him in debt; and as her ſaid huſband has found her in idle and bad company, I do hereby caution all perſons from crediting her on my account, as I will not pay any debt ſhe ſhall contract from the day of the date hereof. As witneſs my hand, this 20th of July, 1773.

¶ PHILIP ANTHONY.

Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, Cheſter county, June 29, 1773.

WHEREAS *a certain* Henry Willſon, *late of Ireland, now in and about Donegal townſhip, in Lancaſter county, brought into Weſt-Fallowfield townſhip, in the county of Cheſter, a certain* Jeremiah Clemins, *late of Ireland, an aged perſon, as a ſervant, with his wife, and the Overſeers of the Poor of ſaid townſhip hath and doth forewarn the ſaid* Clemins *and wife, out of the ſame to depart; and I became bound with the ſaid* Clemins, *unto the ſaid* Henry Willſon, *for the ſum of Eighteen Pounds Thirteen Shillings, in a bond, dated about the firſt of November laſt, and payable again the firſt day of Auguſt next, I being a poor man, and not of ability to pay the ſame, I delivered ſome time ago the ſaid* Clemins *unto the ſaid* Willſon, *and he refuſes to take him; therefore I forewarn any perſon and perſons from taking an aſſignment on the ſaid bond, I being very much impoſed upon in giving the ſame, and diſpute the payment thereof.* CHARLES M'LAUGHLIN. ¶

FOR CHARLES-TOWN (SOUTH-CAROLINA)

The BRIGANTINE
CHARLES-TOWN PACKET,
SAMUEL WRIGHT,
MASTER,

HAS good accommodotions for paſſengers, and will ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having great part of her cargoe ready to go on board. For freight or paſſage, apply to URIAH WOOLMAN, WILLIAM SYKES, or ſaid maſter on board, at Thomas Clifford's wharff.

N. B. Juſt arrived in ſaid veſſel, and to be ſold, good new RICE, Forty Barrels of TURPENTINE, and a few Tons of Lignum Vitæ. Enquire as above.

FOR CORK, OR NEWRY,

THE ſhip BESTEY, DAVID M'CUTCHON, Maſter, has the greateſt part of her cargoe ready to go on board, and will ſail about the 20th inſtant. For freight or paſſage, apply to JOSEPH CARSON, in Market-ſtreet, or to the Captain on board, at Market-ſtreet wharff.

Juſt arrived in the ſaid ſhip, from Newry, a number of Redemptioners and SERVANTS, whoſe times are to be diſpoſed of by ſaid CARSON, on the north ſide of Market-ſtreet, the 7th door from the corner of Second-ſtreet, or by the Captain on board. §

FOR NEWFOUNDLAND,

THE SNOW
CHARLOTTE,
RICHARD CURTIS,
MASTER,

WILL be ready to take in Goods in a few Days. For Freight or Paſſage, apply to JOSHUA FISHER, and SONS, or ſaid Maſter.

The Times of a few likely Servants, and Redemptioners, juſt arrived in ſaid Veſſel, are to be diſpoſed of.

Morris-Town, July 17, 1773.

BROKE PRISON,

A CERTAIN *SAMUEL FORD*, accuſed of counterfeiting money, he is a tall well built fellow, about 5 feet 10 inches high; had on, when he went away, a nankeen jacket and breeches, a brown coat, plain homeſpun thread ſtockings, a pair of new ſhoes, and ſilver twiſted buckles, brown curled hair, red cheeks, and a remarkable dimple in his chin. Whoever takes up ſaid *Samuel Ford*, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that he may be had, ſhall receive the ſum of THIRTY POUNDS, and all reaſonable charges, of me THOMAS KINNEY, Sheriff, ¶ of the County of Morris.

Eaſt-Caln, Seventh Month 17, 1773.

WE, the Subſcribers, having the Goods, Chattels and Credits, of Nathan Cadwalader Cooper, of Uwchland, in Cheſter County, aſſigned to us, do hereby notify ſuch that have any juſt Demands againſt ſaid Nathan, that were contracted before the ſixth day of Firſt Month laſt, to bring in their Accounts to us, the Subſcribers, in Eaſt-Caln Townſhip, in ſaid County, at or before the 14th Day of next Month, in order that a Dividend may be made, that they may receive their Shares. Alſo all that are indebted to him, are deſired to pay the ſame immediately to us, to prevent further Trouble.

¶ JOSHUA WAY, THOMAS METEER.

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A PLANTATION of the LANDS of Major Harry Gordon, containing upwards of 200 acres of extraordinary good land, in the townſhip of Birmingham, in the county of Cheſter, being almoſt an iſland, ſurrounded with that well known ſtream, called Brandywine Creek, on which premiſes there is a ſeat for a griſt-mill, and now is erected a ſaw-mill and mill-houſe; alſo, at a diſtance from the ſame, a good dwelling-houſe and kitchen, with gardens and a draw well at the door, a large frame barn and ſtables, with poſt and rail yards for cattle; there is a conſiderable quantity of excellent meadow already made, and more to make; two good bearing orchards, of almoſt all kinds of fruit. The cleared fields are ſo well calculated as to have water in each; the whole in good repair; the goodneſs of its quality, as to producing grain and graſs, as alſo the burthen of timber on the uncultivated land, is needleſs to mention, the Brandywine lands being ſo well known throughout the province, and in the heart of a fine country, eight miles from the Borough of Wilmington, convenient to places of worſhip. For terms of ſale, which will be made eaſy, apply to JOSEPH MUSGRAVE, at Kennet ſquare, or the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, † HANNAH GORDON.

Head of Bohemia, July 5, 1773.

Will poſitively be SOLD, on Monday, the 9th day of Auguſt next, on the ſpot, by Vendue,

THE BOHEMIA MILLS, which are pleaſantly ſituated on the main branch of Bohemia river, in Cæcil county, Maryland, within a quarter of a mile from Bohemia landing, and ſix miles from Apoquinimink landing, in New-Caſtle county; the mill-houſe, dam, and all the other works, are now in good repair, and proper order for making ſuperfine flour; the boulting-cloths, hoiſting-works, rolling ſcreen, and fan, go by water; the ſtream of water upon which the mill is erected, has not been known to fail, and the ſituation is in the midſt of an excellent wheat country, beſides the advantage of purchaſing at a low rate, at Bohemia landing, where not leſs than fifty thouſand buſhels of the beſt wheat is landed in a year, there is alſo frequent demands for large quantities of flour at the mill, where the Philadelphia market price is generally paid; fifteen acres of excellent land, where are a dwelling-houſe, kitchen, ſtable, and good orchard, will be ſold with the mills. The conditions of the vendue will be made known on the day of ſale, by JOSEPH WILLIAMS.

N. B. On the premiſes there is a very good ſtand for a wet and dry-goods ſtore, where there now is one kept. ¶

TWO IRON SCREWS,
Four Inches Diameter, with Braſs Boxes, and Iron Followers, to be SOLD, *very cheap*, by
RICHARD WELLS, in Arch-ſtreet, two Doors above the Sign of the Leopard. *Tf.*

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on

Thurſday, the 5th day of Auguſt next, by the ſubſcriber, in the Borough of Lancaſter,

THE noted and well-accuſtomed TAVERN, in Queen-ſtreet, a few Doors from the Court-houſe, known by the Sign of the Boot and Crown, is built of brick and three ſtories high, with convenient lodging-rooms throughout, a good cellar under the whole houſe, and an arched cellar under the pavement, 30 feet by 16, with a never-failing ſtream of water running through the ſame; the lot is 64 feet 4½ inches in front, and in depth 245 feet, and ſubject to the old groundrent of 7s. 1d. per annum; the whole front is built upon, excepting a nine feet paſſage to the yard, with a good convenient kitchen adjoining ſaid houſe, a large brick ſtable, well finiſhed, with ſtalls ſufficient to contain 50 or 60 horſes, a large yard, and good ſhed, with feeding-trough, and a never-failing pump in ſaid yard, with a large garden in the back part of ſaid lot.

Likewiſe will be ſold, at public ſale, at the ſame time, a good ſquare log houſe, in Moſer-town, with a lot and a half, with a good pump in the ſame, lying on the great road ſouthwardly from the Court-houſe, joining to Chriſtian Zurn's; the houſe has been occupied in the tavern way ſeveral times, and is now.

Any perſon, inclining to purchaſe either of the premiſes, may view the ſame, before the day of ſale, and treat with the owner and ſubſcriber, living on ſaid premiſes.

July 12, 1773. HENRY HELM. ¶

THE PUBLIC are hereby notified, that BRIDGE-WATER LOTTERY will certainly commence drawing on the firſt Monday in Auguſt next, and to begin at ten o' clock of the ſame day, and all ſuch perſon and perſons who have been intruſted with tickets to ſell, are deſired to be as expeditious as poſſible in the ſale thereof, before that time; and ſuch as may remain unſold, are hereby required to be returned by that day. July 10, 1773. †

CHOICE SHAD,

IN Barrels, nicely cured, for Family Uſe, and a Quantity of excellent HERRINGS, for Exportation, to be ſold by
WILLIAM MILNER,
The third Door below Arch-ſtreet, in Water-ſtreet,
Where Rounds of Beef, cured in the beſt Manner, may be had on the ſhorteſt Notice. ‖ 6 *w.*

Eaſton, July 5, 1773.

BY *Virtue of a Writ of Venditioni Exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to public Sale, on Saturday, the* 31ſt *Inſtant, at Eaſton, in the County of Northampton, a certain large Stone Tenement, and two Lots of Ground, ſituate in Eaſton aforeſaid, whereon there is a good Stable, and a draw Water Well; late the Property of David Buhrringer; ſeized and taken in Execution by* ¶ PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.*

BY *Virtue of His Majeſty's Writ to me directed, will be ſold, at Eaſton, on Saturday, the* 31ſt *Inſtant, a certain Plantation and Tract of Land, ſituate in Mount-Bethel Townſhip; bounded by the Lands of Alexander Miller, junior, Widow Miller, and others, and containing about* 138 *Acres. Alſo at the ſame Time will be ſold, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate in the ſaid Townſhip; bounded by Lands of Alexander Galbreath, and others, and containing about* 40 *Acres; both ſaid Tracts, late the Property of John Dunn; ſeized and taken in Execution at the Suit of Cadwalader Morris, and others, and to be ſold by* PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.* ¶

BY *Virtue of His Majeſty's Writ to me directed, will be ſold, at Eaſton, on Saturday, the* 31ſt *Inſtant, a certain Tract of Land, ſituate in Mount-Bethel Townſhip; bounded by the Lands of Hugh M'Craken, George Beard, and Jonathan Neallſon, and containing about* 229 *Acres, more or leſs, for which there is a Proprietary Warrant; late the Property of John Dunn; ſeized and taken in Execution, and to be ſold by* PETER KACHLEIN, *Sheriff.* ¶

EIGHT DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, the 11th *inſtant, from the Subſcriber, at the Croſs Keys, in Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia, an Iriſh ſervant boy, named JOHN DOYLES, has a broad face, is pock-marked, has ſandy hair, limps a little, and is between 4 and 5 feet high; had on a white ticken coatee, white flannel waiſtcoat, greaſy leather breeches, a broad ſtriped check ſhirt, and brown thread ſtockings. He was bought of David Hoops, Eſquire. If taken and ſecured in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall be paid, if within* 15 *miles, Fifteen Shillings, if* 21 *miles, Three Dollars, if* 30 *miles, Four Dollars, if* 50 *miles, Six Dollars, and if* 60 *miles, the above reward, and all reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by*

July 20, 1773. WILLIAM DIBLEY.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.

Frederickſburg, Virginia, June 28, 1773.

THE ſubſcriber has for SALE the following tracts of LAND, in Fairfax county, one on Pohick Run, about 5 miles from the town of Colcheſter, and the ſame diſtance from Pohick warehouſe, containing 957 acres; the other on Four Mile Run, about 4 miles from Alexandria, containing 1225 acres; the ſoil of both is ſtiff and well ſuited to wheat, the laſt tract is very level, both have a ſufficiency of exceeding good meadow ground, and very valuable mill ſeats. It being very inconvenient for me to attend at ſuch a diſtance, the plats and title papers are left with Col. GEORGE MASON, of Gunſton, who is ſo obliging as to accept a power of ſetting the terms, with any perſon inclinable to purchaſe.

6 *W.* JAMES MERCER.

Baltimore, June 10, 1773.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, an Iriſh ſervant lad, named MEREDITH THOMAS, about 5 feet 6 inches high, and 20 years of age, or thereabouts; he is much pitted with the ſmall-pox; had on, when he went away, a blue napt coat and jacket, light coloured pluſh breeches, dark check ſhirt, woollen ſtockings, old ſhoes and hat: It is unknown what other things he may have taken with him: He came in the brigantine Boſcawen, Captain Marſhall, from Londonderry, to this place; it is ſuppoſed that he is on his way to Philadelphia, in company with a runaway fellow from Fell's-point, about his own ſize, who was taken up with this ſervant at Buſh-town, were there hand-cuffed together, and made their eſcape with their irons on; it is probable he may change part of his cloathing. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any goal, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by CHARLES YOUNG.

N. B. Said ſervant has a forged paſs, and, as he can write, he may forge one for his comrade. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to harbour, conceal, or carry him off.

Cæcil County, Maryland, June 14, 1773.

THIS is to certify, that whereas a certain ALEXANDER MICKLEROY, living in Eaſt-Nottingham, Cheſter county, had, in the beginning of laſt winter, the houſe he lived in, with almoſt all his goods, deſtroyed by fire. And whereas we, the ſubſcribers, did recommend him as an object of charity, and as far as we then knew of him, and from the recommendation of others, did repreſent him as a perſon of good behaviour, and, with many others, readily contributed to his relief; but as divers things have lately been diſcovered, which have obliged us greatly to alter our opinion of him, and to demand the certificate we gave him, which he has refuſed to return, and as he has made uſe of our recommendation in divers places, and is likely to continue ſo to do, we think our characters require, that we ſhould mention the matter in this public manner, to prevent any further impoſitions. JAMES FINLEY, ROBERT ROWLAND, THOMAS SHARP, DAVID MACKY. ¶

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